

Committed to sustainable productivity

Q1 2017 results April 26, 2017

Atlas Copco

Q1 in brief

- Strong order growth in all business areas
 - Record order levels for both equipment and service
 - Double-digit growth in all regions
 - Particularly strong quarter for vacuum and mining
- Solid operating profit
 - Up 37%, positively affected by volume and currency



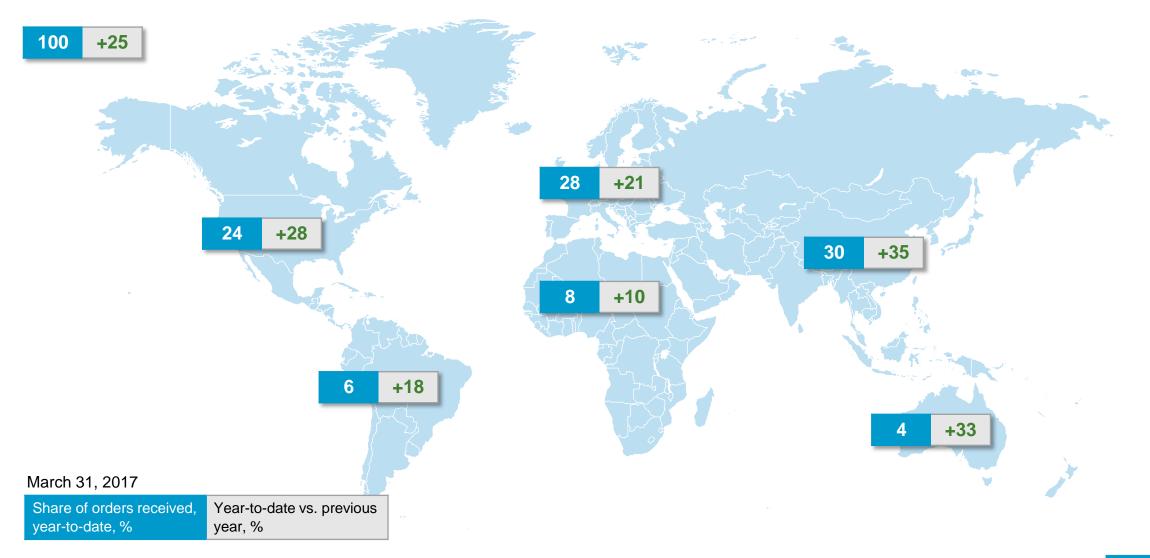
Q1 figures in summary – continuing operations

- Orders received were MSEK 31 710, organic growth of 18%
- Revenues were MSEK 28 027, organic growth of 11%
- Operating profit up 37% to MSEK 5 711
- Adjusted operating profit was MSEK 5 878 (4 157), margin at 21.0% (18.5)
 - Items affecting comparability of MSEK -167 (+13)
 - Reported operating profit of MSEK 5 711 (4 170), margin at 20.4% (18.6)
- Profit for the period was MSEK 3 989 (2 897)
- Basic earnings per share were SEK 3.28 (2.38)
- Operating cash flow* was MSEK 3 510 (3 127)

* Including discontinued operations



Orders received – local currency

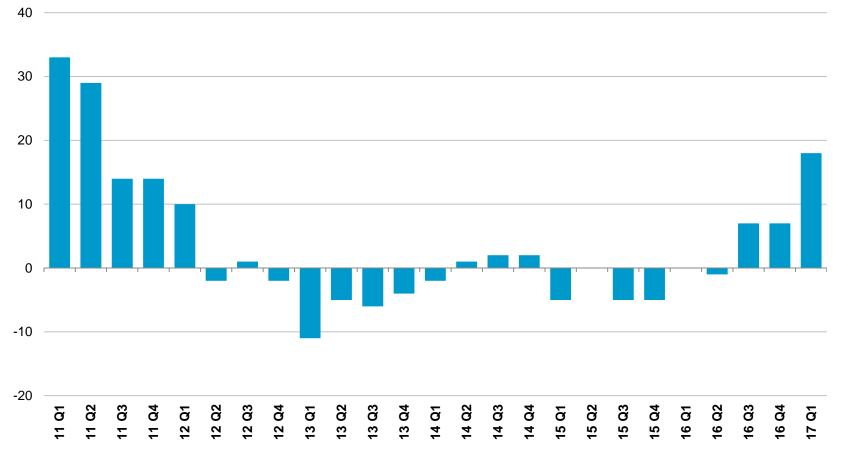


April 26, 2017 Atlas Copco - Q1 results 2017



Order growth per quarter

Organic growth



Organic growth, % (volume and price)

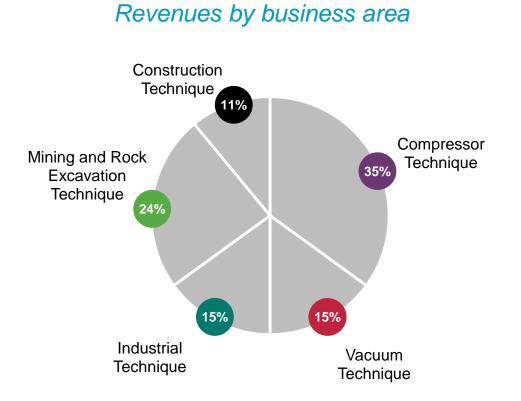


Sales bridge

	January - March		
	Orders		
MSEK	received	Revenues	
2016	23 950	22 453	
Structural change, %	+7	+7	
Currency, %	+7	+7	
Price, %	+0	+0	
Volume, %	+18	+11	
Total, %	+32	+25	
2017	31 710	28 027	



Atlas Copco Group



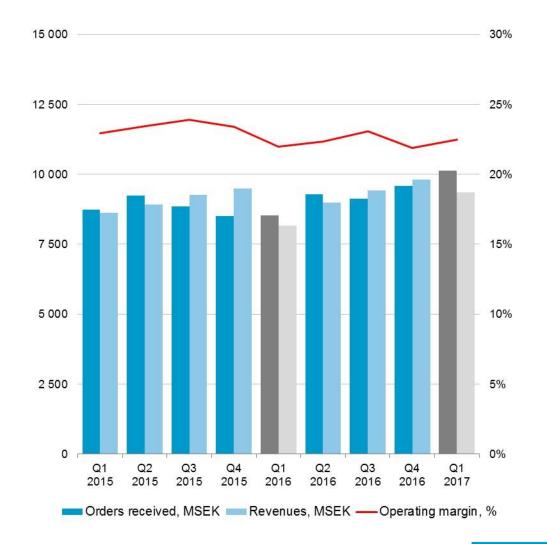


12 months ending March 2017

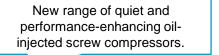


Compressor Technique

- Robust organic growth
 - Steady growth for service
 - Double-digit growth for small-sized compressors
 - Increased order intake in all regions
- Operating margin at 22.5% (22.0)





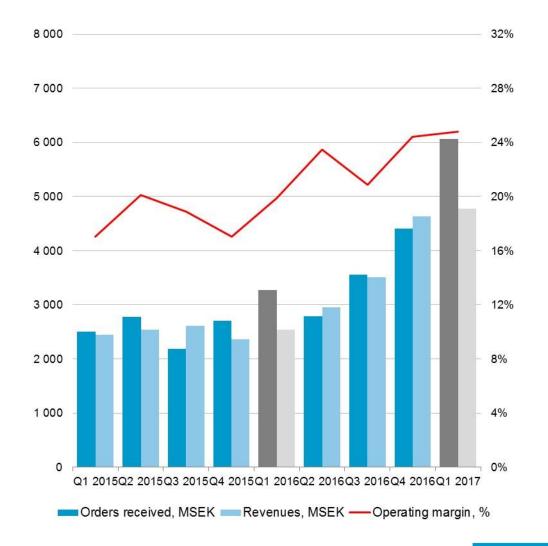


April 26, 2017 Atlas Copco - Q1 results 2017



Vacuum Technique

- Record orders, revenues and profit
 - Continued strong growth in semiconductor
 - Strong growth for industrial and high vacuum
- Leybold integration on track
- Operating margin at 24.8% (19.9)





Vacuum pump for laboratories and research facilities, offering energy savings and reduced noise level.





April 26, 2017 Atlas Copco - Q1 results 2017

Industrial Technique

- Record order intake, up 16% organically
 - Continued growth for service
 - Strong demand from automotive and general industry
- Operating margin at 23.1% (21.6)



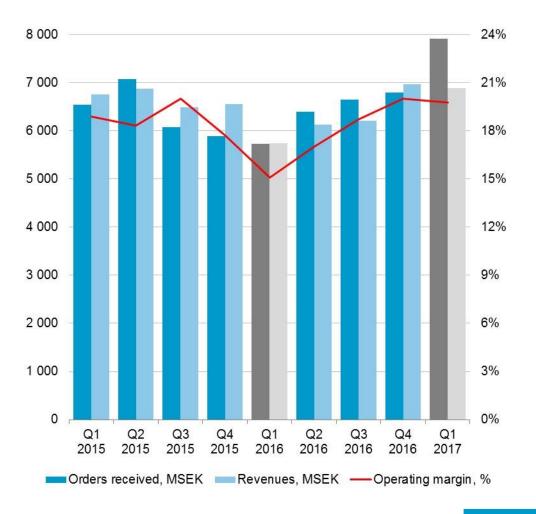




Mining and Rock Excavation Technique

- Organic order growth of 28%
 - Double-digit growth for service and consumables
 - Equipment orders almost doubled vs. Q1 2016
- Operating margin at 19.8% (15.1)

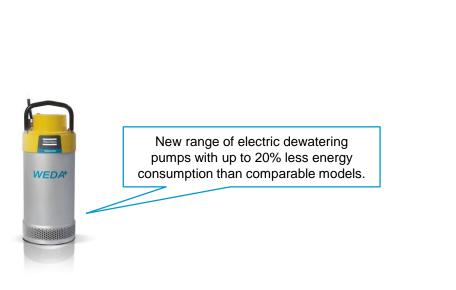


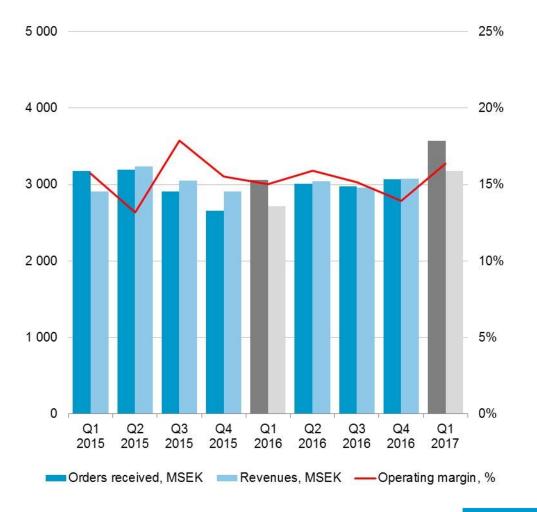




Construction Technique – continuing operations

- Orders up 10% organically
 - Primarily due to stronger equipment demand
 - Growth for specialty rental and service
- Operating margin at 16.4% (15.0)



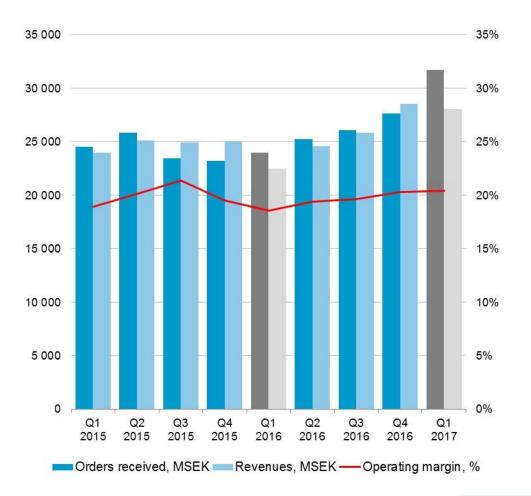




Group total

January – March 2017 vs. 2016

tinuing operations January - March			
MSEK	2017	2016	%
Orders received	31 710	23 950	32%
Revenues	28 027	22 453	25%
Operating profit	5 711	4 170	37%
 as a percentage of revenues 	20.4	18.6	
Profit before tax	5 496	3 989	38%
 as a percentage of revenues 	19.6	17.8	
Income tax expense	-1 507	-1 092	38%
Profit for the period from			
continuing operations	3 989	2 897	38%
Basic earnings per share, SEK	3.28	2.38	
Return on capital employed, %	28	28	





Profit bridge

January – March 2017 vs. 2016

		Volume, price,		One-time items	Share based	
MSEK	Q1 2017	mix and other	Currency	Acquisitions	LTI programs*	Q1 2016
Atlas Copco Group						
Revenues	28 027	2 434	1 490	1 650		22 453
Operating profit	5 711	966	570	185	-180	4 170
%	20.4%	39.7%				18.6%

*LTI = Long Term Incentive



Profit bridge – by business area

January – March 2017 vs. 2016

	Volume, price,			One-time items	
MSEK	Q1 2017	mix and other	Currency	Acquisitions	Q1 201
Compressor Technique					
Revenues	9 361	530	400	275	8 15
Operating profit	2 102	165	140	5	1 793
%	22.5%	31.1%			22.0%
Vacuum Technique					
Revenues	4 768	692	220	1 320	2 536
Operating profit	1 181	352	150	175	504
%	24.8%	50.9%			19.9%
Industrial Technique					
Revenues	4 031	414	175	25	3 41
Operating profit	933	146	50	0	73
%	23.1%	35.3%			21.6%
Mining and Rock Excavation	Technique				
Revenues	6 882	616	525	5	5 73
Operating profit	1 361	285	210	0	86
%	19.8%	46.3%			15.1%
Construction Technique					
Revenues	3 177	264	170	25	2 71
Operating profit	520	62	45	5	40
%	16.4%	23.5%			15.0%



Balance sheet

MSEK	Mar. 31	, 2017	Mar. 31	, 2016 *	Dec. 31	, 2016
Intangible assets	37 383	31%	33 522	32%	37 828	33%
Rental equipment	2 954	2%	2 960	3%	3 095	3%
Other property, plant and equipment	9 720	8%	8 932	8%	9 793	8%
Other non-current assets	3 817	3%	3 942	4%	4 175	4%
Inventories	17 769	15%	17 711	17%	16 912	15%
Receivables	30 139	25%	25 979	24%	27 685	24%
Current financial assets	1 645	1%	1 639	2%	2 455	2%
Cash and cash equivalents	15 191	13%	11 490	11%	11 458	10%
Assets classified as held for sale	2 800	2%	11	0%	2 491	2%
TOTAL ASSETS	121 418		106 186		115 892	
Total equity	56 593	47%	49 236	46%	53 177	46%
Interest-bearing liabilities	29 169	24%	25 644	24%	28 629	25%
Non-interest-bearing liabilities	34 681	29%	31 306	29%	33 275	29%
Liabilities directly associated with						
assets classified as held for sale	975	1%	-	-	811	1%
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	121 418		106 186		115 892	

*Including assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations



Cash flow – including discontinued operations

	January - March		
MSEK	2017	2016	
Operating cash surplus	7 161	5 278	
of which depreciation added back	1 158	1 035	
Net financial items	-823	9	
Taxes paid	-1 820	-1 390	
Pension funding	-109	-1	
Change in working capital	-525	113	
Increase in rental equipment, net	-145	-113	
Cash flows from operating activities	3 739	3 896	
Investments of property, plant & eq., net	-348	-263	
Other investments, net	-241	-329	
Cash flow from investments	-589	-592	
Adjustment, currency hedges of loans	360	-177	
Operating cash flow	3 510	3 127	
Company acquisitions/ divestments	-61	-607	



Near-term outlook

The overall demand for the Group is expected to improve somewhat.



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Cautionary Statement

"Some statements herein are forward-looking and the actual outcome could be materially different. In addition to the factors explicitly commented upon, the actual outcome could be materially and adversely affected by other factors such as the effect of economic conditions, exchange-rate and interest-rate movements, political risks, the impact of competing products and their pricing, product development, commercialization and technological difficulties, supply disturbances, and major customer credit losses."

