

BASE PROSPECTUS

ATLAS COPCO AB

(incorporated with limited liability in the Kingdom of Sweden)

ATLAS COPCO FINANCE DAC

(incorporated with limited liability in Ireland)

U.S.\$3,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Note Programme
unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed
in the case of Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance DAC by

ATLAS COPCO AB

(incorporated with limited liability in the Kingdom of Sweden)

Under this U.S.\$3,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme (the “**Programme**”), Atlas Copco AB (“**Atlas Copco**”) and Atlas Copco Finance DAC (“**Atlas Copco Finance**” and, together with Atlas Copco, the “**Issuers**” and each an “**Issuer**”) may from time to time issue notes (the “**Notes**”) denominated in any currency agreed between the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealers (as defined below). References in this Base Prospectus to the “**relevant Issuer**” shall, in relation to any issue or proposed issue of Notes, be references to whichever of Atlas Copco or Atlas Copco Finance is specified as the Issuer of such Notes in the relevant final terms document specific to such Tranche (the “**Final Terms**”).

The payments of all amounts due in respect of the Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance (the “**Guaranteed Notes**”) will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Atlas Copco (in such capacity, the “**Guarantor**”) under the terms of a Deed of Guarantee dated 18 July 2019 (as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Deed of Guarantee**”). If the relevant Issuer is Atlas Copco, references herein to Guarantor and Guarantee, and related expressions, are not applicable.

Notes may only be issued under the Programme that have a denomination of at least EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency).

The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the Dealers specified under “*Overview of the Programme*” and any additional Dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time by the relevant Issuer (each a “**Dealer**” and together the “**Dealers**”), which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis. References in this Base Prospectus to the relevant Dealer shall, in the case of an issue of Notes being (or intended to be) subscribed by more than one Dealer, be to all Dealers agreeing to subscribe such Notes.

Investing in Notes issued under the Programme involves certain risks. The principal risk factors that may affect the ability of the relevant Issuer to fulfil its obligations under the Notes or the Guarantor to fulfil its obligations under the Deed of Guarantee (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) are discussed under “*Risk Factors*” beginning on page 5.

This Base Prospectus has been approved as a base prospectus by the Central Bank of Ireland, as competent authority under Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (the “**EU Prospectus Regulation**”). The Central Bank of Ireland only approves this Base Prospectus as meeting the standards of completeness, comprehensibility and consistency imposed by the EU Prospectus Regulation. Approval by the Central Bank of Ireland should not be considered as an endorsement of the Issuers or the Guarantor or of the quality of the Notes. Investors should make their own assessment as to the suitability of investing in the Notes.

Such approval relates only to the Notes which are to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange plc trading as Euronext Dublin (“**Euronext Dublin**”) or on another regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**EU MiFID II**”) and/or which are to be offered to the public in any Member State of the European Economic Area (the “**EEA**”) in circumstances that require the publication of a prospectus.

Application has been made to Euronext Dublin for Notes issued under the Programme during the period of 12 months from the date of this Base Prospectus to be admitted to its official list (the “**Official List**”) and trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin. References in this Base Prospectus to the Notes being “**listed**” (and all related references) shall mean that, unless otherwise specified in the applicable Final Terms, the Notes have been admitted to the Official List and trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin.

This Base Prospectus (as supplemented as at the relevant time, if applicable) is valid for 12 months from its date in relation to Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market in the EEA. The obligation to supplement this Base Prospectus in the event of a significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy does not apply when this Base Prospectus is no longer valid.

The requirement to publish a prospectus under the EU Prospectus Regulation only applies to Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market in the EEA and/or offered to the public in the EEA other than in circumstances where an exemption is available under Article 1(4) and/or 3(2) of the EU Prospectus Regulation.

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and certain other information which is applicable to each Tranche (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”) of Notes will be set out in a final terms document (the “**Final Terms**”) which will be delivered to the Central Bank of Ireland and, where listed, Euronext Dublin. Copies of Final Terms in relation to Notes to be listed on Euronext Dublin will also be published on the website of Euronext Dublin.

The Programme provides that Notes may be listed or admitted to trading, as the case may be, on such other or further stock exchanges or markets as may be agreed between the relevant Issuer, the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) and the relevant Dealer. The relevant Issuer may also issue unlisted Notes and/or Notes not admitted to trading on any market.

S&P Global Ratings Europe Limited (“**S&P**”) and Fitch Ratings Ltd. (“**Fitch**”) have each issued credit ratings of Atlas Copco and the Programme. S&P is established in the European Economic Area (“**EEA**”) and registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the “**EU CRA Regulation**”). As such, S&P is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by the European Securities and Markets Authority (“**ESMA**”) on its website (at <http://www.esma.europa.eu/page/Listregistered-and-certified-CRAs>) in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation. S&P is not established in the United Kingdom in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“**EUWA**”) the (“**UK CRA Regulation**”). Accordingly the ratings issued by S&P have been endorsed by S&P Global Ratings UK Limited in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation and have not been withdrawn. As such, the ratings issued by S&P may be used for regulatory purposes in the United Kingdom in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation. Fitch is established in the United Kingdom and is registered in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation. Fitch is not established in the EEA and has not applied for registration under the EU CRA Regulation. The ratings issued by Fitch have been endorsed by Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation. Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited is established in the EEA and registered under the EU CRA Regulation. As such Fitch Ratings Ireland Limited is included in the list of credit rating agencies published by ESMA on its website.

Tranches (each, a “**Tranche**”) of Notes may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the Programme and the applicable rating(s) will be specified in the relevant Final Terms.. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Notes and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation.

Amounts payable on Floating Rate Notes will be calculated by reference to EURIBOR or STIBOR as specified in the relevant Final Terms. As at the date of this Base Prospectus, the administrator of EURIBOR is included in ESMA’s register of administrators under Article 36 of the Regulation (EU) No. 2016/1011 (the “**EU Benchmarks Regulation**”) and the administrator of STIBOR is not included in ESMA’s register of administrators under the EU Benchmarks Regulation. As far as the Issuers are aware, the transitional provisions in Article 51 of the EU Benchmarks Regulation apply, such that Swedish Financial Benchmark Facility (as administrator of STIBOR) is not currently required to obtain authorisation/registration (or, if located outside the European Union (the “**EU**”), recognition, endorsement or equivalence).

Arranger

Citigroup

Dealers

Bank of China

Citigroup

Deutsche Bank

Nordea

BNP PARIBAS

Danske Bank

Handelsbanken Capital Markets

SEB

The date of this Base Prospectus is 23 July 2021.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Base Prospectus comprises a base prospectus in respect of all Notes issued under the Programme for the purposes of Article 8 of the EU Prospectus Regulation. When used in this Base Prospectus, “**EU Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

Each Issuer and the Guarantor accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Base Prospectus and declare that the information contained in this Base Prospectus is, to the best of their knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

Each Tranche (as defined herein) of Notes will be issued on the terms set out herein under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*” (the “**Conditions**”) as completed by the Final Terms specific to such Tranche or as supplemented by a separate prospectus specific to such Tranche (the “**Drawdown Prospectus**”) as described under “*Final Terms and Drawdown Prospectuses*” below. In the case of a Tranche of Notes which is the subject of a Drawdown Prospectus, each reference in this Base Prospectus to information being specified or identified in the relevant Final Terms shall be read and construed as a reference to such information being specified or identified in the relevant Drawdown Prospectus unless the context requires otherwise. This Base Prospectus must be read and construed together with any amendments or supplements hereto and with any information incorporated by reference herein and, in relation to any Tranche of Notes which is the subject of Final Terms, must be read and construed together with the relevant Final Terms.

Each of Atlas Copco and, in respect of information relating to Atlas Copco Finance only, Atlas Copco Finance, has confirmed to the Dealers named under “*Subscription and Sale*” below that this Base Prospectus contains all information which is (in the context of the Programme, the issue and offering of the Notes) material; that such information is true and accurate in all material respects and is not misleading in any material respect; that any opinions, predictions or intentions expressed herein are honestly held or made and are not misleading in any material respect; that this Base Prospectus does not omit to state any material fact necessary to make such information, opinions, predictions or intentions (in the context of the Programme, the issue and offering of the Notes) not misleading in any material respect; and that all proper enquiries have been made to verify the foregoing.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Base Prospectus or any other document entered into in relation to the Programme or any information supplied by the Issuers, the Guarantor or such other information as is in the public domain and, if given or made, such information or representation should not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuers, the Guarantor or any Dealer.

Other than in relation to the documents which are deemed to be incorporated by reference (see “*Information Incorporated by Reference*”), the information on the websites to which this Base Prospectus refers does not form part of this Base Prospectus and has not been scrutinised or approved by the Central Bank of Ireland.

Neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates have independently verified the information contained herein or authorised the whole or any part of this Base Prospectus and none of them makes any representation or warranty or to the fullest extent permitted by law accepts any responsibility as to the content, accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this Base Prospectus or any other statement, made or purported to be made by the Arranger or the Dealers or on its behalf in connection with the Issuers, the Guarantor or the issue and offering of the Notes. The Arranger and each Dealer accordingly disclaims all and any liability whether arising in tort or contract or otherwise (save as referred to above) which it might otherwise have in respect of this Base Prospectus or any such statement. Neither the delivery of this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Note shall, in any circumstances, create any implication that the information contained in this Base Prospectus is true subsequent to the date hereof or the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that there has been no adverse change, or any event reasonably likely to involve any adverse change, in the prospects or financial or trading position of the Issuers and/or the Guarantor since the date thereof or, if later, the date upon which this Base Prospectus has been most recently amended or supplemented or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct at any time subsequent to the date on which it is supplied or, if different, the date indicated in the document containing the same.

The distribution of this Base Prospectus and any Final Terms and the offering, sale and delivery of the Notes in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. Persons into whose possession this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms comes are required by the Issuers, the Guarantor and the Dealers to inform themselves about and to observe any such restrictions. For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Notes and on the distribution of this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms and other offering material relating to the Notes, see “*Subscription and Sale*”. In particular, Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (as amended) (the “**Securities Act**”) or with any securities regulatory authority of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons as defined in Regulation S. Notes in bearer form are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or

delivered within the United States or its possessions or to United States persons (as defined in the U.S. Internal Revenue code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and the U.S. Treasury regulations thereunder.

NEITHER THE PROGRAMME NOR THE NOTES HAVE BEEN APPROVED OR DISAPPROVED BY THE U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION. ANY STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION IN THE UNITED STATES OR ANY OTHER U.S. REGULATORY AUTHORITY, NOR HAS ANY OF THE FOREGOING AUTHORITIES PASSED UPON OR ENDORSED THE MERITS OF ANY OFFERING OF NOTES OR THE ACCURACY OR ADEQUACY OF THIS BASE PROSPECTUS. ANY REPRESENTATION TO THE CONTRARY IS A CRIMINAL OFFENCE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Neither this Base Prospectus nor any Final Terms constitutes an offer or an invitation to subscribe for or purchase any Notes and should not be considered as a recommendation by the Issuers, the Guarantor, the Dealers or any of them that any recipient of this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms should subscribe for or purchase any Notes. Each recipient of this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms shall be taken to have made its own investigation and appraisal of the condition (financial or otherwise) of the Issuers or the Guarantor.

The maximum aggregate principal amount of Notes outstanding at any one time under the Programme will not exceed U.S.\$3,000,000,000 (and for this purpose, any Notes denominated in another currency shall be converted into U.S. dollars at the date of the agreement to issue such Notes (calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Dealer Agreement)). The maximum aggregate principal amount of Notes which may be outstanding at any one time under the Programme may be increased from time to time, subject to compliance with the relevant provisions of the Dealer Agreement as defined under “*Subscription and Sale*”.

In this Base Prospectus, unless the contrary intention appears, a reference to a law or a provision of a law is a reference to that law or provision as extended, amended or re-enacted.

In this Base Prospectus, unless otherwise specified, references to a “**Member State**” are references to a Member State of the EEA, references to “**U.S.\$**”, “**U.S. dollars**” or “**dollars**” are to United States dollars, references to “**EUR**” or “**euro**” or “**€**” are to the single currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European Economic and Monetary Union, and as defined in Article 2 of Council Regulation (EC) No 974/98 of 3 May 1998 on the introduction of the euro, as amended, references to “**SEK**” or “**Kronor**” are to Swedish Kronor.

Certain figures included in this Base Prospectus have been subject to rounding adjustments; accordingly, figures shown for the same category presented in different tables may vary slightly and figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures which precede them.

Certain Financial Information: To supplement its financial statements presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”), Atlas Copco uses certain ratios and measures included in this Base Prospectus that would be considered Alternative Performance Measures (“**APMs**”). These APMs are not based on financial statements standards and should not be considered as a substitute for financial information presented in compliance with IFRS. Atlas Copco believes that these APMs provide meaningful supplemental information by excluding items that may not be indicative of the operating result, financial position or cash flows of Atlas Copco. APMs enhance comparability from period to period and are frequently used by analysts, investors and other parties. However, undue reliance should not be placed on the APMs presented in this Base Prospectus. Atlas Copco has chosen to present APMs in accordance with the guidance by ESMA under “*Description of Atlas Copco – Key Financial Data*” as well as in separate appendices. See “*Information incorporated by reference*”.

This Base Prospectus has been prepared on the basis that any offer of Notes in any Member State will be made pursuant to an exemption under the EU Prospectus Regulation from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Member State of Notes which are the subject of an offering contemplated in this Base Prospectus as completed by Final Terms in relation to the offer of those Notes may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the EU Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the EU Prospectus Regulation, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither the Issuers, the Guarantor nor any Dealer have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for the relevant Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, the Dealer or Dealers (if any) named as the Stabilisation Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilisation Manager(s)) in the relevant Final Terms may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, stabilisation may not necessarily occur. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may cease at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any

stabilisation action or over-allotment shall be conducted by the relevant Stabilisation Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of the Stabilisation Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors. Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor should:

- (i) have sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the relevant Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the relevant Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus or any applicable supplement;
- (ii) have access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its own particular financial situation, an investment in the relevant Notes and the impact such investment will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) have sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the relevant Notes, including Notes with principal or interest payable in one or more currencies, or where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the currency in which such investor's financial activities are principally denominated;
- (iv) thoroughly understand the terms of the relevant Notes and be familiar with the behaviour of any relevant indices and financial markets; and
- (v) be able to evaluate (either alone or with the help of a financial adviser) possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Some Notes are complex financial instruments and such instruments may be purchased as a way to reduce risk or enhance yield by an understood, measured, appropriate addition of risk to the investors' overall portfolios. A potential investor should not invest in Notes which are complex financial instruments unless it has the expertise (either alone or with the assistance of a financial adviser) to evaluate how the Notes will perform under changing conditions, the resulting effect on the value of such Notes and the impact this investment will have on the potential investor's overall investment portfolio.

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (1) Notes are legal investments for it, (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

IMPORTANT – EEA RETAIL INVESTORS – If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes includes a legend entitled “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors”, the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the EEA. For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (the “**Insurance Distribution Directive**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the EU Prospectus Regulation. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “**EU PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the EU PRIIPs Regulation.

IMPORTANT – UK RETAIL INVESTORS – If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes includes a legend entitled “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors”, the Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (“**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act (the “**FSMA**”), and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.

EU MiFID II Product Governance / Target Market – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “EU MiFID II product governance” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to EU MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the Product Governance rules under EU Delegated Directive 2017/593 (the “**EU MiFID Product Governance Rules**”), any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the EU MiFID Product Governance Rules.

UK MiFIR product governance / target market – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “UK MiFIR Product Governance” which will outline the target market assessment in respect of the Notes and which channels for distribution of the Notes are appropriate. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.

A determination will be made in relation to each issue about whether, for the purpose of the UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules, any Dealer subscribing for any Notes is a manufacturer in respect of such Notes, but otherwise neither the Arranger nor the Dealers nor any of their respective affiliates will be a manufacturer for the purpose of the UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules.

Any investment in the Guaranteed Notes does not have the status of a bank deposit and is not within the scope of the deposit protection scheme operated by the Central Bank of Ireland. Atlas Copco Finance is not and will not be regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland as a result of issuing any Series of Guaranteed Notes.

Where Atlas Copco Finance wishes to issue Guaranteed Notes with a maturity of less than one year, it shall do so in full compliance with the notice issued by the Central Bank of Ireland of exemptions granted under Section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act, 1971 (as amended) of Ireland.

PRODUCT CLASSIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 309B OF THE SECURITIES AND FUTURES ACT (CHAPTER 289 OF SINGAPORE) – The Final Terms in respect of any Notes may include a legend entitled “Singapore Securities and Futures Act Product Classification” which will state the product classification of the Notes pursuant to section 309B(1) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289 of Singapore) (the “**SFA**”).

The relevant Issuer will make a determination in relation to each issue under the Programme of the classification of the Notes being offered for purposes of section 309B(1)(a). Any such legend included on the relevant Final Terms will constitute notice to each of the “relevant persons” for purposes of section 309B(1)(c) of the SFA.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Base Prospectus contains certain forward-looking statements. The words “anticipate”, “believe”, “expect”, “plan”, “intend”, “aims”, “estimate”, “will”, “would”, “may”, “could” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. All statements other than statements of historical fact included in this Base Prospectus, including, without limitation, those regarding the financial position, business strategy, management plans and objectives for future operations of Atlas Copco and Atlas Copco Finance are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding Atlas Copco’s and Atlas Copco Finance’s present and future business strategies and the environment in which it expects to operate in the future. Any forward-looking statements made by or on behalf of Atlas Copco and/or Atlas Copco Finance speak only as at the date they are made. Atlas Copco and Atlas Copco Finance do not undertake to update forward-looking statements to reflect any changes in their expectations with regard thereto or any changes in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

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OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

This overview must be read as an introduction to this Base Prospectus and any decision to invest in the Notes should be based on a consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole, including any information incorporated by reference.

Words and expressions defined in the “Conditions” below or elsewhere in this Base Prospectus have the same meanings in this overview.

Issuers:	Atlas Copco. Atlas Copco Finance.
Legal Entity Identifiers:	Atlas Copco: 213800T8PC8Q4FYJZR07. Atlas Copco Finance: 549300ZF2VKZ1G5T2U85.
Guarantor:	Atlas Copco.
Arranger:	Citigroup Global Markets Limited.
Dealers:	Bank of China Limited, London Branch, BNP Paribas, Citigroup Global Markets Europe AG, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Danske Bank A/S, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Nordea Bank Abp, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) and Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) and any other Dealer appointed from time to time by the Issuers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Tranche of Notes.
Fiscal Agent:	Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch.
Final Terms or Drawdown Prospectus:	Notes issued under the Programme may be issued either (1) pursuant to this Base Prospectus and associated Final Terms or (2) pursuant to a Drawdown Prospectus. The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Tranche of Notes will be the Conditions as completed by the relevant Final Terms or, as the case may be, as supplemented by the relevant Drawdown Prospectus.
Listing and Trading:	Application has been made for Notes issued under the Programme to be listed on Euronext Dublin. Notes may be listed or admitted to trading, as the case may be, on other or further stock exchanges or markets agreed between the relevant Issuer, the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) and the relevant Dealer in relation to the Series. Notes which are neither listed nor admitted to trading on any market may also be issued.
Clearing Systems:	Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or, in relation to any Tranche of Notes, any other clearing system as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.
Initial Programme Amount:	Up to U.S.\$3,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) aggregate principal amount of Notes outstanding at any one time.
Issuance in Series:	Notes will be issued in Series. Each Series may comprise one or more Tranches issued on different issue dates. The Notes of each Series will all be subject to identical terms, except that the issue date and the amount of the first payment of interest may be different in respect of different Tranches. The Notes of each Tranche will all be subject to identical terms in all respects save that a Tranche may comprise Notes of different denominations.
Forms of Notes:	Notes may only be issued in bearer form. Each Tranche of Notes will initially be in the form of either a Temporary Global Note or a Permanent Global Note, in each case as specified in the relevant Final Terms. Each Global Bearer Note which is not intended to be issued in a new global note form (a “CGN”), as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the relevant issue date with a depository or a common depository for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system and each Global Bearer Note which is intended to be issued in new global note form (a “New Global Note” or “NGN”), as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the relevant issue date with a

common safekeeper for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg. Each Temporary Global Note will be exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note or, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, for Definitive Notes. If the TEFRA D Rules are specified in the relevant Final Terms as applicable, certification as to non-U.S. beneficial ownership will be a condition precedent to any exchange of an interest in a Temporary Global Note or receipt of any payment of interest in respect of a Temporary Global Note. Each Permanent Global Note will be exchangeable for Definitive Notes in accordance with its terms. Definitive Notes will, if interest-bearing, have Coupons attached and, if appropriate, a Talon for further Coupons.

Currencies: Notes may be denominated in U.S. dollars, euro or Kronor or in any other currency or currencies, subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements.

Status of the Notes: Notes will be issued on an unsubordinated basis.

Status of the Guarantee: Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance will be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor.

The obligations of the Guarantor under the Deed of Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5(a) (*Negative Pledge*)) unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) rank *pari passu* and rateably without any preference among such obligations of the Guarantor in respect of the Guaranteed Notes of the same issue and at least *pari passu* with all other unsubordinated and unsecured indebtedness of the Guarantor, present or future.

Substitution: The terms of the Notes permit the substitution of the relevant Issuer, without the consent of Noteholders, for a subsidiary of Atlas Copco as principal debtor in respect of any Series of Notes issued under the Programme, subject to satisfaction of the conditions as described in “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes—Substitution*”.

Issue Price: Notes may be issued at any price, as specified in the relevant Final Terms. The price and amount of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the relevant Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) at the time of issue in accordance with prevailing market conditions.

Maturities: Any maturity subject, in relation to specific currencies, to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements.

Where Notes have a maturity of less than one year and either (a) the issue proceeds are received by the relevant Issuer in the United Kingdom or (b) the activity of issuing the Notes is carried on from an establishment maintained by the relevant Issuer in the United Kingdom, such Notes must: (i) have a minimum redemption value of GBP 100,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies) and be issued only to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses; or (ii) be issued in other circumstances which do not constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the relevant Issuer.

Where Atlas Copco Finance wishes to issue Notes with a maturity of less than one year, it shall ensure that it is in full compliance with the conditions set out in Notice BSD C01/02 issued by the Central Bank of Ireland dated 12 November 2002 and in accordance with an exemption granted under section 8(2) of the Central Bank Act, 1971 (as amended) of Ireland and the Notes must be issued and transferable in minimum amounts of EUR 125,000 or the foreign currency equivalent.

Redemption: Notes may be redeemable at par or at such other Redemption Amount (detailed in a formula or otherwise) as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms.

Optional Redemption:	Notes may be redeemed before their stated maturity at the option of the relevant Issuer (either in whole or in part) and/or the Noteholders to the extent (if at all) specified in the relevant Final Terms.
Tax Redemption:	Except as described in “ <i>Optional Redemption</i> ” above, early redemption will only be permitted for tax reasons as described in Condition 9(b) (<i>Redemption and Purchase—Redemption for tax reasons</i>).
Interest:	Notes may be interest bearing or non-interest bearing. Interest (if any) may accrue at a fixed rate or a floating rate and the method of calculating interest may vary between the issue date and the maturity date of the relevant Series.
Benchmark Event:	If a Benchmark Event occurs, such that any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) cannot be determined by reference to the original benchmark specified in the relevant Final Terms, then such Rate of Interest may be substituted (subject to certain conditions) with a Successor Rate or Alternative Rate (with consequent amendment to the terms of such Series of Notes and the application of an Adjustment Spread (which could be positive, negative or zero) as described in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes.
Denominations:	No Notes may be issued under the Programme which (a) have a minimum denomination of less than EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in another currency), or (b) carry the right to acquire shares (or transferable securities equivalent to shares) issued by the relevant Issuer or by any entity to whose group the relevant Issuer belongs. Subject thereto, Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms, subject to compliance with all applicable legal and/or regulatory and/or central bank requirements. Notes may be issued under the Programme in minimum Specified Denominations and one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount.
Negative Pledge:	The Notes will have the benefit of a negative pledge as described in Condition 5(a) (<i>Certain Covenants—Negative Pledge</i>).
Cross Default:	The Notes will have the benefit of a cross default as described in Condition 12 (<i>Events of Default</i>).
Taxation:	All payments in respect of Notes will be made free and clear of withholding taxes of the Kingdom of Sweden and Ireland unless the withholding is required by law. In that event, the relevant Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor will (subject as provided in Condition 11 (<i>Taxation</i>)) pay such additional amounts as will result in the Noteholders receiving such amounts as they would have received in respect of such Notes had no such withholding been required.
Governing Law:	English law.
Ratings:	S&P has assigned the Atlas Copco a long-term rating of “A+” and a short-term rating of “A”. Fitch has assigned Atlas Copco a long-term issuer default rating of “A+” and a short-term rating of “F1”. S&P has assigned a long-term issue credit rating of “A+” to the Programme. Fitch has assigned a rating of “A+” to the Programme. Tranches of Notes may be rated or unrated. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will not necessarily be the same as the ratings assigned to the Programme and, the applicable rating(s) will be specified in the relevant Final Terms. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold Notes and may be subject to revision, suspension or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating organisation.
Enforcement of Notes in Global Form:	In the case of Global Notes, individual investors’ rights against the relevant Issuer will be governed by a Deed of Covenant dated 23 July 2021 a copy of which will be available for inspection at the specified office of the Fiscal Agent.

Selling Restrictions: For a description of certain restrictions on offers, sales and deliveries of Notes and on the distribution of offering material in the United States of America, the United Kingdom, the Kingdom of Sweden, Belgium, Ireland and Singapore, see “*Subscription and Sale*”.

RISK FACTORS

Any investment in the Notes is subject to a number of risks. Prior to investing in Notes issued under the Programme or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) under the Deed of Guarantee, prospective investors should carefully consider risk factors associated with any investment in the Notes, the business of the relevant Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor and the industry in which they operate together with all other information contained in this Base Prospectus, including, in particular the risk factors described below. Words and expressions defined in the “Terms and Conditions of the Notes” below or elsewhere in this Base Prospectus have the same meanings in this section.

The following is not an exhaustive list or explanation of all risks which investors may face when making an investment in any Notes and should be used as guidance only. Additional risks and uncertainties relating to the relevant Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor that are not currently known, or that they currently deem immaterial, may individually or cumulatively also have a material adverse effect on the business, prospects, results of operations and/or financial position of the relevant Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor and, if any such risk should occur, the price of the Notes may decline and investors could lose all or part of their investment.

The risk factors presented herein have been divided into five categories based on their nature. These categories are:

- risks related to Atlas Copco’s business and industry;
- risks related to Atlas Copco’s financing;
- legal, regulatory and compliance risks;
- risks related to the Notes;
- risks related to Irish law.

Within each category, the risk factor estimated to be the most material on the basis of an overall evaluation of the criteria set out in the EU Prospectus Regulation is presented first. However, the order in which the risk factors are presented after the first risk factor in each category is not intended to reflect either the relative probability or the potential effect of their materialisation. The order of the categories does not represent any evaluation of the materiality of the risk factors within that category, when compared to risk factors in another category.

Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Base Prospectus, including any document incorporated by reference herein, and reach their own views, based upon their own judgement and upon advice from such financial, legal and tax advisers as they have deemed necessary, prior to making any investment decision.

Investors should consider carefully whether an investment in the Notes issued under the Programme or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) under the Deed of Guarantee is suitable for them in light of the information in this Base Prospectus and their personal circumstances.

Risks Related to Atlas Copco’s Business and Industry

The Group’s products are used in industries, which are either cyclical or affected by general economic conditions.

The demand for the Group’s products and services is affected by changes in customers’ investment plans and production levels. Customers’ investment plans could change materially in the case of a widespread financial crisis and economic downturn, or in the case of an economic downturn in a particular industry, country or region. Financial crises or economic downturns may also have an effect on customers’ ability to finance their investments. Economic conditions may be affected by various events that are beyond the Group’s control, such as natural disasters and epidemics (e.g., the outbreak of the coronavirus disease (“COVID-19”)). As COVID-19 has developed into a global pandemic, the COVID-19 pandemic itself, the related containment measures and the economic downturn or global power struggles continue to cause high uncertainty to global trade, geopolitics or trajectories of economies. The COVID-19 pandemic adversely affected the demand for most of the Group’s products and continued to have a dampening effect on the business climate throughout 2020. The future development of the COVID-19 situation remains uncertain and depends on the spread of the virus, the emergence of new strains and the response of the local authorities and the global community, including in respect of the efficacy of vaccines and the success of vaccination programmes. The global COVID-19 pandemic may further amplify the uncertainties the Group faces. Increased uncertainties may relate, for example, to the economic, political or legal development in the countries or regions the Group’s customers or the Group operates in, and the actions, preferences or behaviour of the Group’s competitors, customers, suppliers, employees or other stakeholders.

Changes in the political situation in a region or country or political decisions affecting an industry or country could also materially affect investments in equipment. Reduced replacement needs of existing production capacity, new competing technologies, competitive pressures and other economic factors in its customer industries could also have a material adverse effect on the Group’s business, results of operations and financial condition. Although the Group believes that its sales are

well diversified adverse developments involving global or regional political, economic and financial factors discussed herein could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

If the Group fails to develop, launch and market new products, respond to technological development or compete effectively, its business and revenues may suffer.

The Group's long-term growth and profitability are dependent on its ability to develop and successfully launch and market new products. The Group's revenues and market share may suffer if it is unable to successfully introduce new products in a timely fashion or if new or enhanced products or services are introduced by its competitors that its customers find more advanced and/or better suited to their needs. While the Group continuously invests in research and development to develop products in line with customer demand and expectations, if it is not able to keep pace with product development and technological advances, including shifts in technology in the markets in which it operates, or to meet customer demands, this could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The markets for the Group's products are competitive in terms of pricing, product design and service quality, the timing of development and introduction of new products, customer service and financing terms. The Group faces competition from significant competitors and to a lesser extent from small regional companies. If the Group does not compete successfully in all of its business areas and does not anticipate and respond to changes in market demands, including for new products, it will not be able to compete successfully in its markets, which could have a material adverse effect on its business, results of operations and financial condition. One of the challenges in this respect is to continuously develop innovative, sustainable products that consume less resources, such as energy, water, steel and human effort, over the entire life cycle of the product. Product development efforts also reflect national and regional legislation, including in the United States and the EU, on issues, such as emissions, noise, vibrations and recycling. There may even be an increased risk of competition in emerging markets where low-cost products are not affected to the same extent by similar regulation.

The planning and implementation of the Group's business operations seeks to take into account market opportunities and opportunities to acquire new businesses. The Group's long-term development is affected by business development risks that are related to unanticipated changes in market situations and the introduction of new products. Any failure in the Group's business development could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in prices of certain raw materials and components in its production and it relies on third party suppliers.

The Group is exposed to component and raw material prices, some of which are volatile and subject to fluctuations arising from changes in supply and demand, economic conditions, labour costs, competition, market speculation, government regulation and trade policies. The Group is, for example, dependent on steel, copper, electronic components, machining and drivetrain for its manufacturing and the Group's financial performance is, therefore, influenced by fluctuations in prices of said components and materials. The Group may have a limited ability to control the timing and amount of changes to prices that it pays for components and raw materials and the Group may be unable to increase its prices in sufficient time to absorb increasing prices. A delay or failure in the Group's ability to pass on price increases to its customers could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group's products consist of components and raw materials from several different suppliers. To be able to manufacture, sell and deliver its products, the Group is dependent on deliveries from its suppliers in accordance with agreed requirements, such as quantity, quality and time of delivery. Using a large number of suppliers gives rise, for example, to the risk that products contain components that are not sustainably produced (e.g., the use of hazardous substances or electronic components containing conflict minerals). Suppliers' incorrect deliveries or failure to fulfil agreed deliveries could cause delays or failures in the Group's deliveries, which, in turn, may cause reduced sales and a decline in customer confidence. Further, the Group has several long-lasting relationships with suppliers. If a supplier is unable or unwilling to continue to make deliveries to the Group, its products do not meet the Group's requirements with respect to quality, price or other standards, or should a supplier terminate its operations, the Group may not be able to identify and develop a suitable relationship with a new supplier who can satisfy the Group's standards in terms of quality and price and the Group's need to access products and supplies in a timely and efficient manner. In addition, supply interruptions could arise from shortages of raw materials, labour disputes (involving the Group's employees or consultants as well as the employees or consultants of the Group's partners), weather conditions affecting products or shipments, transportation disruptions or other factors beyond the Group's control. In addition, a steep ramp up of customer demand may affect the Group's suppliers' ability to meet the increased demand, in particular if the Group fails to provide its suppliers with sufficient information and the right conditions in order to manage swift changes in volumes. The loss of, or a substantial decrease in the availability of, products from the Group's suppliers, the loss of key suppliers, or a failure by suppliers to continue to supply the Group with components and raw materials, in sufficient quantities, in a timely manner or on commercially reasonable terms could put pressure on the Group's operating margins and could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

If the Group's manufacturing and production facilities are damaged, destroyed or closed for any reason, its ability to distribute its products will be significantly affected.

The Group has a global manufacturing strategy based on manufacturing core components complemented with sourcing of other components from suppliers. The core component manufacturing is concentrated into a few locations and if these facilities are destroyed or closed for any reason, or the equipment in the facilities is significantly damaged, or there are severe interruptions or lack of capacity in these locations, the Group is likely to face setbacks in its ability to manufacture and distribute its products. Materialisation of any of these risks could also have an adverse effect on the quality of the Group's products. Such circumstances, to the extent it is unable to find an alternative manufacturing and production facility or repair the damaged facilities or damaged equipment in a timely and cost-efficient manner, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group is dependent on the efficiency of its distribution centres and its customer centres' sales and service organisation.

The Group distributes its products and services directly to the end customers, but also through distributors and rental companies. The bulk of the physical distribution of products passes through distribution centres owned by Atlas Copco. Should the distribution centres not be efficient or be subject to disruptions, it could adversely affect, among others, customer satisfaction and have a material adverse effect on the Group's revenues and results of operations. In addition, damages and losses that happen during the course of distribution can be costly.

The customer centres in each market are typically responsible for contacts with the end customers as well as the delivery of service to them. Should the customer centres' sales and service organisation not be able to successfully sell products and perform service, or be subject to disruptions, it could have an adverse effect on the Group's revenues and results of operations. Furthermore, some sales are made indirectly through distributors and rental companies, and disruptions or failures by distributors or rental companies to successfully sell products and perform service could have an adverse effect on the Group's revenues and results of operations.

Any difficulties the Group encounters relating to the integration of recent or future acquisitions or divestments could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group expects its growth to be primarily organic. From time to time, the Group evaluates acquisitions in the core areas of its business to complement its existing technology and product portfolio, to gain access to new markets, for strategic reasons, and to create synergies. Consequently, it has acquired several new businesses every year and it intends to continue to acquire businesses that it believes fit its long-term strategy. The process of coordinating and integrating acquired businesses with the Group's own business, and making them operate as one business within the Group, has required and will continue to require managerial and financial resources. In addition, the integration process could also cause the interruption to, or a loss of momentum in, the activities of its business, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's operations.

The management of integration of the businesses, systems and culture of any acquired business requires, among other things, the continued development of its financial and management controls, including the integration of information systems and structure, the integration of product offerings and customer base and the training of new personnel, any of which could disrupt and place a strain on the Group's management resources as well as require significant expenditure. Any significant diversion of the Group's executive management's attention and other resources or any major difficulties encountered in the integration of an acquired business could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. Acquisitions may also result in the Group having to record goodwill on its balance sheet. See "*—Impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets impairments could adversely affect the Group*".

In agreeing to acquire new businesses, the Group makes certain assumptions and determinations on, among other things, future sales and need for capital expenditures, based on its investigation of the respective businesses and other information then available. While the Group believes it is well positioned to assess the opportunities and risks associated with these acquisitions, the Group cannot provide assurance that its assumptions and determinations will prove to be correct and liabilities, contingencies or losses, if realised, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group may also divest existing businesses or parts thereof. Carrying out corporate divestments involves risks relating to the successful implementation of a divestment. There can be no assurance that the Group will be able to divest assets in a profitable way, or that such divestments will be possible on acceptable terms, or at all, and any failure thereof could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group's operating results depend on its good reputation.

The Group's reputation is a valuable asset which can be affected in part through the operation or actions of the Group and in part through the actions of external stakeholders. If, for example, the Group's products do not deliver the brand promise,

this could cause reputational issues, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations. In addition, there is potential for reputational risk from non-compliance to product labelling standards or if there are cases of false advertising. The Group's reputation may also be affected by a number of factors outside the Group's control, such as changes in customer preferences and customer perception.

In addition, the Group's customers may be involved in questionable practices or exposed to problems concerning environmental and human rights issues, which may taint the reputation of the Group. Risks to the Group's reputation may also arise from the relationship with suppliers not complying with internationally accepted ethical, social, and environmental standards. There can be no assurance that the Group's customers will abide by internationally accepted standards and practices in all cases. Unsatisfied employees may also potentially damage the Atlas Copco brand. Any damage to the Group's brand could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group is exposed to risks related to climate change and other environmental risks.

The primary drivers for external environmental risk are from physical changes in climate and natural resources, changes in regulations, taxes and resource prices. The effects of climate change presents enormous challenges to society as a whole. The Group assesses climate-related risks and opportunities with an actual and potential impact on the Group's business and strategy. Market, regulatory and physical risks related to climate change are part of the risks identified and assessed. Market shifts toward a low-carbon economy may impact the viability of certain sectors and products. Climate and energy policy in the coming decades will gradually be sharpened and there are risks related to, for example, increased energy prices and taxes, and regulations related to carbon dioxide or other greenhouse-gas emissions. See "*—Changes in environmental laws and regulations could adversely affect the Group*". Physical risks from climate change include rising of sea levels, water scarcity, changes in weather conditions, such as an increase in changes in precipitation and extreme weather events, any of which could disrupt the Group's operations.

In addition, the Groups manufacturing and production facilities could damage the environment. The Group is exposed to risks relating to, for example, pollution, contamination on land through handling of hazardous waste and other similar environmental risks. Climate change and other environmental risks could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group's insurance policies may provide insufficient protection.

The Group's insurance programmes cover, *inter alia*, property and business interruptions insurance, product liability insurance, cargo insurance, financial lines insurance, business travel insurance and specialty risk insurance, to the extent and for amounts considered to be in line with industry practice. However, the Group is not fully insured against all possible risks and insurance coverage for all types of risks may not be available, at a reasonable cost or at all. Hence, if an accident were to occur causing damage in excess of the applicable insurance limits or not covered by insurance, this could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Group may not be able to attract and retain key personnel or skilled employees.

The success of the Group's business and its growth strategy depend in large part on the ability to attract and retain key management and operating personnel. The Group's future growth and ultimately its success depends on its ability to hire and retain qualified personnel with the level of expertise, knowledge of its products or industry necessary to conduct its operations. Given that the Group constantly needs to introduce new or enhanced products, it is important that it is able to attract people with sufficient expertise in its product areas, particularly its research and development organisations. See "*—If the Group fails to develop, launch and market new products, respond to technological development or compete effectively, its business and revenues may suffer*" above.

The Group continuously monitors its need to employ people or outsource certain parts of its non-core manufacturing in order to make sure it can fulfil its customers' orders. If the Group fails to monitor its need for additional employees or if it fails to continue to attract and retain highly qualified management and other skilled employees on acceptable terms it may not be able to sustain or further develop parts of its business. In addition, accidents or incidents at the workplace due to the lack of the application of proper safety measures, or other events that cause dissatisfaction among employees, could adversely affect productivity and the Group's reputation as an employer.

Work stoppages or strikes could adversely affect the Group's business.

Many of the Group's employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements. The Group cannot provide any assurance that it will not encounter strikes or other disturbances occasioned by its unionised labour force, or that, upon the expiration of existing agreements, it will be able to reach new collective bargaining agreements on satisfactory terms or without work stoppages, strikes or similar industrial actions. Unsatisfactory terms of any bargaining agreements could cause the Group's labour costs to increase, which would affect its profit margins negatively. In addition, it is required to consult and seek the advice of its employee works' council in respect of a broad range of matters, which could delay or prevent the completion

of certain corporate transactions. The Group cannot provide any assurance that it will not experience lengthier consultations or even strikes, work stoppages or other industrial actions in the future. Any industrial action could disrupt its operations, possibly for a significant period of time, and result in increased wages and benefits or otherwise have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group could experience a failure in or breach of its IT systems and the Group may encounter problems relating to storage and processing of personal data.

The Group relies on IT systems in its day-to-day operations. The Group's IT systems may be damaged or interrupted by increases in usage, human error, natural hazards or disasters or similarly disruptive events. Any disruptions or faults to the Group's IT systems could directly affect production and lead to significant costs and disruptions that could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. Errors in financials systems of the Group can also adversely affect the Group's financial reporting. In addition, cyber threats and other security threats could exploit possible weaknesses in the Group's IT systems and security controls, which could result in leakage of sensitive information, theft of intellectual property, production outage or damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group is also exposed to the risk that the customer data, including personal data, which it processes could be wrongfully accessed, distributed or used, whether by employees or third parties, or otherwise lost, disclosed or processed in breach of data protection laws and regulations. If the Group or any of the third-party service providers on which it relies fails to process, store or protect such customer data in a secure and lawful manner, or if any such theft or loss of personal data were otherwise to occur, the Group could face liability, including substantial fines, under data protection laws and regulations. This could also result in damage to the Group's brand and reputation as well as the loss of existing or new business, any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

Risks Related to Atlas Copco's Financing

Should the current credit market conditions deteriorate, the Group could encounter difficulty in repaying its debts and financing its operations and effectively managing its credit and counterparty risk.

The Group's ability to finance its operations depends on a number of factors, such as the availability of cash flows from operations and access to additional debt and equity financing, and there can be no assurance that such funds will be available. In addition, adverse developments in the credit markets, as well as other future adverse developments, such as a deterioration of the overall financial markets and a worsening of general economic conditions, may adversely affect the Group's ability to borrow additional funds as well as the cost and other terms of funding. Increases in market interest rates would increase the Group's net interest cost. The failure to obtain sufficient funding for operations or the increased costs or unfavourable terms of financing could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. Further, difficulties the Group may encounter in financing its capital investments may prevent the realisation of its strategic plans and could result in the Group having to forego opportunities that may arise in the future. This could, in turn, have an adverse effect on the Group's competitive position.

The Group is also exposed to credit risk. The Group's products and services are sold to customers in industries that typically experience fluctuations in demand based on economic or political conditions, and other factors beyond the Group's control. See also "*—The Group's products are used in industries, which are either cyclical or affected by general economic conditions*". The Group may experience a loss of revenue if a significant number of customers are unable to pay amounts due to the Group on a timely basis, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Group is also exposed to credit risk on financial transactions as the Group could incur losses as a result of non-payment by counterparties to the Group's investments, bank deposits or derivative transactions. Although stringent credit policies are applied, there can be no assurance that these measures will be successful in preventing the realisation of credit and counterparty risk that could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition or results of operations.

The Group is exposed to risk of currency fluctuation.

The Group sells its products in over 180 countries, and, consequently, it records both cost and revenues in a variety of foreign currencies. The Group incurs foreign currency transaction risk because its operating costs are primarily in euro, as well as other currencies such as Swedish krona and the British pound, while a significant portion of its sales are denominated in other currencies, principally the U.S. dollar. For example, a strengthening in the EUR currency rate against all other currencies with +5 per cent. would have a negative impact on the cash flow and profit before tax of SEK 602 million, and a weakening would have a positive impact of SEK 602 million. The Group's business areas seek to respond to exchange rate movements that affect their operating environments. The Group decides from time to time if parts of any transaction exposure should be hedged. However, there has historically been limited hedging and there can be no assurance that any hedging measures will shield the Group from significant currency risk exposure and consequent risks. Accordingly, there is a risk that significant movements in currency exchange rates will have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group also incurs foreign currency translation risk to the extent that its subsidiaries' assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses are recorded in currencies other than the Swedish krona. The main currency, besides the Swedish krona, in which the Group has assets is the euro. The Group's practice is to reduce foreign currency translation risks through loans in currencies where the Group has assets. In order to prepare consolidated financial statements, the Group must translate those assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses into their respective reporting currencies at then-applicable exchange rates. Consequently, increases and decreases in the value of the Swedish krona versus other currencies will affect the amount of these items in their financial statements, even if their value has not changed in their original currency. These translations could significantly affect the Group's other comprehensive income and book value of equity.

Impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets impairments could adversely affect the Group.

The valuation of goodwill and other intangible assets on the Group's consolidated balance sheet is, to a significant degree, based on the Group's management's projections of future cash flows using internal business plans and forecasts. The Group tests for impairment of goodwill as of 30 September each year and whenever there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount (*i.e.*, the greater of the fair value less costs to sell and the value in use). Impairments of goodwill or other intangible assets, including as a result of changes in assumptions used to test impairment, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's results of operations and financial condition. Acquisitions may also result in the Group having to record goodwill on its balance sheet. Annual impairment tests are made also on acquired goodwill. If the carrying values are not deemed justified in such tests, it can result in a write-down, adversely affecting the Group's results of operations and financial condition.

Legal, Regulatory and Compliance Risks

The Group's governance, internal controls and compliance processes could fail to prevent regulatory penalties, reputational harm and fraud, both at operating subsidiaries and joint ventures.

The Group operates in a global environment, and its activities straddle multiple jurisdictions and complex regulatory frameworks at a time of increased enforcement activity and enforcement initiatives worldwide in areas such as competition law, anti-corruption and trade sanctions. The Group's governance and compliance processes attempt to, but may not prevent, breaches of law or governance standards at the Group. The Group also faces the risk of corruption, fraud or other illegal acts by its employees as well as violations at subsidiaries and other companies in which the Group has an interest, particularly if the Group has only a minority stake and does not control accounting and conduct or other rules and protocols for the conduct of business. The Group's failure to comply with applicable laws and other standards could subject it to fines, loss of operating licenses and reputational harm. Effective internal controls are necessary for the Group to provide reliable financial reports and effectively prevent and detect fraud. If the Group cannot provide reliable financial reports or prevent fraud, it could have a material adverse effect on Atlas Copco's and the Group's financial results. Additionally, at the operational level, individual employees may not comply with the Group's policies and guidelines and as a result may cause the Group to incur compliance costs and incur reputational damage. Inadequate internal controls could also cause reporting errors that could result in management drawing wrong conclusions and investors and other third parties to lose confidence in the Group's reported financial information, which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. Furthermore, estimations often form a large portion of the Group's reported sustainability data, and, thus, by its nature, the reported information may not be representative of the Group's impact.

Changes in environmental laws and regulations could adversely affect the Group.

Like most industrial companies, the Group affects the environment in its production processes, through the use of natural resources, and the generation of emissions and wastes, in the distribution of, as well as in the use and final disposal of its products. Compliance with environmental requirements is a significant factor in its operations, and substantial resources are required to maintain compliance with applicable environmental laws and regulations and to manage environmental risks. The Group is subject to a variety of environmental laws and regulations, in particular in relation to air emissions, waste management and the protection of natural resources. These laws and regulations, the violations of which can lead to substantial fines, injunctions or criminal penalties, have generally become stricter in recent years and may in the future become more stringent and the cost of complying with future changes may be substantial. In addition, the Group could also become subject to liabilities and claims relating to personal injury (including exposure to substances used in its production), property damage or damage to natural resources.

The Group may become subject to further legislation and regulation regarding climate change, and compliance with any new rules could be difficult or costly to comply with. Concerned parties, such as legislators and regulators, shareholders and non-governmental organisations, as well as companies in many business sectors, are considering ways to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, including increasing energy and fuel taxes. Various governmental and local regulatory and legislative bodies have proposed legislative and regulatory measures relating to climate change, regulating greenhouse gas emissions and energy policies. If such legislation is enacted, the Group could incur increased energy, environmental and

other costs and capital expenditures to comply with the limitations imposed by any enacted legislation and/or regulatory measures. Furthermore, the Group could face increased costs related to defending and resolving legal claims and other litigation related to climate change and the alleged impact of its operations on climate change.

Although the Group believes that it is in material compliance with applicable environmental laws, substantial environmental costs and liabilities are inherent in industrial operations and there can be no assurances that substantial costs and liabilities will not be incurred in the future or that the adoption of increasingly strict environmental laws, regulations and enforcement policies will not result in increased costs and liabilities in the future. Any such costs and/or liabilities could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition.

The Group is subject to health and safety laws and regulations, and failure to comply with health and safety laws, regulations and standards could have a material adverse effect on the Group.

The Group is subject to a broad range of health and safety laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Health and safety laws and regulations are becoming increasingly stringent and the protection standards to which the Group must adhere are becoming more rigorous. The cost of complying with, and the liabilities and the potential sanctions imposed pursuant to breaches of, applicable health and safety laws and regulations could be significant on a Group level. Non-compliance could result in civil and criminal sanctions, loss or suspension of permits, temporary or permanent closure of operations, lawsuits and other claims by third parties (including liability for personal injury and property damage). Increased compliance costs, or a failure to adhere to increasingly demanding health and safety standards, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

Accidents and other incidents at the Group's manufacturing and production facilities that could lead to personal injuries or damage to property due to lack of proper safety measures could have a material adverse effect on the Group's reputation and business. Any failure to maintain high levels of safety management could also result in sickness causing disturbances in the Group's production.

If the Group is unable to protect its intellectual property, the value of its technology and products could be adversely affected.

The Group's intellectual property is important to its business. In particular, the Group's portfolio of brand names is an integral part of its strategy. While the Group has sought to protect its trademarks by registration in each of the countries in which it has deemed it to be commercially reasonable, there can be no assurances that the Group's actions are or will be sufficient to protect its intellectual property. The Group cannot give any assurance that its competitors do not seek to utilise its trademarks and logos when they market their products thereby infringing or challenging its intellectual property rights. In addition, existing laws of some countries in which it conducts business may offer only limited protection of its intellectual property rights, if at all. If the Group's intellectual property and in particular its registered trademarks cannot be protected, for whatever reason, the Group's business could be materially and adversely affected.

The Group may be exposed to product liability and warranty claims.

The manufacture and sale of products to be used in the various industries in which the Group operates poses the potential for warranty claims and product liability. While the Group tests its products and raw materials to ensure that they meet the relevant specifications and regulations, it may be subject to product and warranty liability claims. While the Group believes that testing of the Group's products is adequate and that the Group's products comply with all relevant safety regulations, the Group cannot provide assurance that product liability or warranty liability will not arise despite the measures the Group takes to ensure that its products are safe and meet applicable safety specifications and regulations.

In addition, the Group also relies on its customers and other third parties to use its products according to the products' design. Although it is unlikely that the Group would be held liable for damages resulting from improper use by a third party, its brand name and image could be harmed from such occurrence.

The Group may be required to pay additional taxes as a result of tax audits and tax reassessments.

Due to the international nature of its business, the Group is subject to the tax laws and regulations in the jurisdictions where the Group operates. One example is transfer pricing rules. Pursuant to such rules, related enterprises must conduct any inter-company transactions on an arm's length basis and must provide sufficient documentation thereof, subject to the applicable rules of the relevant jurisdiction. Tax authorities may challenge the Group's compliance with applicable transfer pricing rules. In addition, the Group faces the risk of increased taxes due to the implementation of new tax rules or regulations. The Group is also regularly subject to local tax investigations initiated by local tax authorities and faces the risk that tax authorities or other regulators have different interpretations of tax legislation than the Group.

The Group is subject to competition and antitrust laws and inspections.

The Group is active in a large number of jurisdictions and its operations are subject to a wide range of competition and antitrust laws, rules and regulations. In general, these laws are designed to preserve free and open competition in the marketplace in order to enhance competitiveness and economic efficiency. There is a risk that the Group's employees, in violation of the Group's policies and instructions, engage in discussions, transactions or in any other way interact with competitors or customers in breach of applicable competition and antitrust laws, any of which actions could cause the Group to incur civil or criminal liability, reputational damage and could result in loss of customer confidence. The Group may become subject to inspections, investigations and/or proceedings by national and supranational competition and antitrust authorities for alleged infringements of competition or antitrust laws. Fines and damages claims for competition and antitrust infringements can be significant and, if successfully levied or successfully claimed, could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, financial condition and results of operations.

The Group is subject to regulatory and additional risks associated with international operations.

The Group sells its products in over 180 countries, with the majority of its products originating from countries in Western Europe. Changes in regulatory requirements, tariffs and other trade barriers, trade sanctions, price or exchange controls or other governmental policies in the countries in which it conducts business may result in risks, such as (i) effective legal redress in the courts of such jurisdictions, whether in respect of a breach of law or regulation or in an ownership dispute, being more difficult to obtain, (ii) a higher degree of discretion on the part of governmental authorities, (iii) the lack of judicial or administrative guidance on interpreting applicable rules and regulations, (iv) inconsistencies or conflicts between and within various laws, regulations and decrees, or (v) relative inexperience of the judiciary and courts in such matters. Also, the protection of intellectual property rights may be less developed and less strictly enforced in these countries. There can be no assurance that the Group's licenses, license applications or other legal arrangements or the effectiveness of the enforcement thereof will not be adversely affected by the actions of government authorities or others. In addition, the uncertainty of the legal environment in certain regions could limit the Group's ability to enforce its rights under contracts or otherwise.

The Group also has extensive operations in emerging markets, including China, India, Russia and other former CIS countries, South America, Africa and the Middle East. Its business operations in these countries may be subject to various political, economic and social conditions and risks, which include nationalisation of assets, social, political or economic instability, volatility in currency exchange rates and in gross domestic product or restrictions on repatriation of profits and transfers of cash any of which could have a material adverse effect on the Group's business, results of operations and financial condition. Operations in emerging markets may present risks that are not encountered in countries with well-established economic and political systems, including economic instability, which could make it difficult for the Group to anticipate future business conditions in these markets. The Group also operates in countries with high risk of human rights abuse, including child labour, forced or compulsory labour, poor working conditions, limitations on the freedom of association and discrimination. Human rights related issues could have a material effect on the Group's business and reputation.

Risks Related to the Notes

Risks Related to the Structure of a Particular Issue of Notes.

A wide range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of certain of those features:

Notes subject to optional redemption by the relevant Issuer.

An optional redemption feature is likely to limit the market value of Notes. During any period when the relevant Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of such Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes bear interest at a rate that the relevant Issuer may elect to convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Such a feature to convert the interest basis, and any conversion of the interest basis may affect the secondary market and the market value of such Notes as the change of interest basis may result in a lower interest rate for Noteholders. Where the Notes convert from a fixed rate to a floating rate, the spread on the

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes.

Where the Notes convert from a floating rate to a fixed rate, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing rates on those Notes and could affect the market value of an investment in the relevant Notes.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium.

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount or premium to their nominal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than prices for conventional interest bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of the securities, the greater the price volatility as compared to conventional interest bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Zero Coupon Notes.

Zero Coupon Notes do not pay current interest but are issued at a discount from their nominal value. Instead of periodic interest payments, the difference between the redemption price and the issue price constitutes interest income until maturity and reflects the market interest rate. A holder of zero coupon notes is exposed to the risk that the price of such notes falls as a result of changes in the market interest rate. Prices of zero coupon notes are more volatile than prices of Fixed Rate Notes and are likely to respond to a greater degree to market interest rate changes than interest bearing notes with a similar maturity.

The regulation and reform of “benchmarks” may adversely affect the value of Notes linked to or referencing such “benchmarks”.

Interest rates and indices which are deemed to be “benchmarks”, (including EURIBOR and STIBOR) are the subject of national and international regulatory guidance and proposals for reform. Some of these reforms are already effective whilst others are still to be implemented. These reforms may cause such benchmarks to perform differently than in the past, to disappear entirely, or have other consequences which cannot be predicted. Any such consequence could have a material adverse effect on any Notes linked to or referencing such a “benchmark”.

The EU Benchmarks Regulation applies, subject to certain transitional provisions, to the provision of benchmarks, the contribution of input data to a benchmark and the use of a benchmark within the EU. It will, among other things, (i) require benchmark administrators to be authorised or registered (or, if non-EU-based, to be subject to an equivalent regime or otherwise recognised or endorsed) and (ii) prevent certain uses by EU supervised entities of “benchmarks” of administrators that are not authorised or registered (or, if non-EU based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed). Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK Benchmarks Regulation**”) among other things, applies to the provision of benchmarks and the use of a benchmark in the UK. Similarly, it prohibits the use in the UK by UK supervised entities of benchmarks of administrators that are not authorised by the FCA or registered on the FCA register (or, if non-UK based, not deemed equivalent or recognised or endorsed).

The EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation, as applicable, could have a material impact on any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark”, in particular, if the methodology or other terms of the “benchmark” are changed in order to comply with the requirements of the EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation, as applicable. Such changes could, among other things, have the effect of reducing, increasing or otherwise affecting the volatility of the published rate or level of the “benchmark”.

More broadly, any of the international or national reforms, or the general increased regulatory scrutiny of “benchmarks”, could increase the costs and risks of administering or otherwise participating in the setting of a “benchmark” and complying with any such regulations or requirements. Such factors may have the following effects on certain “benchmarks”: (i) discourage market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to the “benchmark”; (ii) trigger changes in the rules or methodologies used in the “benchmark” or (iii) lead to the disappearance of the “benchmark”. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark”.

The euro risk free-rate working group for the euro area has published a set of guiding principles and high level recommendations for fallback provisions in, amongst other things, new euro denominated cash products (including bonds) referencing EURIBOR. The guiding principles indicate, amongst other things, that continuing to reference EURIBOR in relevant contracts (without robust fallback provisions) may increase the risk to the euro area financial system. On 25 November 2020, the euro risk-free rate working group published consultations on EURIBOR fallback trigger events and fallback rates. The final recommendations are expected to be published during the second quarter of 2021.

Such factors may have (without limitation) the following effects on certain benchmarks: (i) discouraging market participants from continuing to administer or contribute to a benchmark; (ii) triggering changes in the rules or

methodologies used in the benchmark and/or (iii) leading to the disappearance of the benchmark. Any of the above changes or any other consequential changes as a result of international or national reforms or other initiatives or investigations, could have a material adverse effect on the value of and return on any Notes linked to, referencing, or otherwise dependent (in whole or in part) upon, a benchmark.

The Terms and Conditions of Notes provide for certain fallback arrangements in the event that an Original Reference Rate and/or any page on which an Original Reference Rate may be published (or any other successor service) becomes unavailable or a Benchmark Event (as defined in the Terms and Conditions) otherwise occurs. Such fallback arrangements include the possibility that the Rate of Interest could be set by reference to a Successor Rate or an Alternative Rate (both as defined in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes), with the application of an Adjustment Spread and may include amendments to the Terms and Conditions of the Notes to ensure the proper operation of the successor or replacement benchmark, all as determined by the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner). An Adjustment Spread could be positive, negative or zero and would be applied with a view to reducing or eliminating, to the fullest extent reasonably practicable in the circumstances, any economic prejudice or benefit (as applicable) to investors arising out of the replacement of an Original Reference Rate. However, the applicable Adjustment Spread may not be effective to reduce or eliminate economic prejudice to investors. The use of a Successor Rate or Alternative Rate (with the application of an Adjustment Spread) will still result in any Notes linked to or referencing an Original Reference Rate performing differently (which may include payment of a lower Rate of Interest) than they would if the Original Reference Rate were to continue to apply in its current form.

If, following the occurrence of a Benchmark Event, no Successor Rate or Alternative Rate or (in either case) an applicable Adjustment Spread is determined prior to the relevant Interest Determination Date, the ultimate fallback for the purposes of calculation of the Rate of Interest for a particular Interest Period may result in the Rate of Interest for the last preceding Interest Period being used. This may result in the effective application of a fixed rate for Floating Rate Notes based on the rate which was last observed on the Relevant Screen Page. Due to the uncertainty concerning the availability of Successor Rates and Alternative Rates, the involvement of an Independent Adviser and the potential for further regulatory developments, there is a risk that the relevant fallback provisions may not operate as intended at the relevant time.

Investors should consult their own independent advisers and make their own assessment about the potential risks imposed by the EU Benchmarks Regulation and/or the UK Benchmarks Regulation, as applicable, or any of the international or national reforms and the possible application of the benchmark replacement provisions of Notes in making any investment decision with respect to any Notes linked to or referencing a “benchmark”.

Risks Related to Notes Generally.

Set out below is a brief description of certain risks relating to the Notes generally.

The claims of holders of the Notes are structurally subordinated.

The Group’s operations are principally conducted through subsidiaries. Accordingly, Atlas Copco is, and will be, dependent on its subsidiaries’ operations to service its payment obligations in respect of the Notes and the Deed of Guarantee (in the case of Guaranteed Notes). Moreover, Atlas Copco Finance is a special-purpose financing vehicle that was formed for the purpose of raising debt for the Group. Atlas Copco Finance conducts no business or revenue-generating operations of its own. Atlas Copco Finance has no subsidiaries and will rely on payments (including principal and interest) from Atlas Copco and other subsidiaries in the Group to whom it has on-lent the proceeds of any debt securities issued by it in order to make payments on any Notes issued by it. This is known as structural subordination, *i.e.*, any claims in respect of the Notes issued by Atlas Copco or the Deed of Guarantee will be structurally subordinated to the claims of all holders of debt securities and other creditors, including trade creditors, of Atlas Copco’s subsidiaries, and structurally and/or effectively subordinated to the extent of the value of collateral to all Atlas Copco’s and its subsidiaries’ secured creditors. The Notes issued by Atlas Copco will not be guaranteed by any of Atlas Copco’s subsidiaries or any other company or person. In the event of an insolvency, bankruptcy, liquidation, reorganisation, dissolution or winding up of the business of any of Atlas Copco’s subsidiaries, unsecured creditors of such subsidiaries, secured creditors and obligations that may be preferred by provisions of law that are mandatory and of general application will generally have the right to be paid in full before any distribution is made to Atlas Copco. This structural subordination results from the group structure, and is different from contractual subordination. The Notes are not contractually subordinated, see Condition 4 (*Status of the Notes and the Guarantee*).

Modification, waivers and substitution.

The Conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings (including by way of conference call or by use of a videoconference platform) of Noteholders to consider and vote upon matters affecting their interests generally, or to pass resolutions in writing or through the use of electronic consents. These provisions stipulate defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting or, as the case may be, did not sign the written resolution or give their consent electronically, and including those Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The Conditions also provide that the Notes and the Conditions may be amended without the consent of Noteholders in order to correct a manifest error and that the parties to the Agency Agreement may agree to modify any provision thereof, provided that the relevant Issuer shall not agree, without the consent of the Noteholders, to any such modification unless it is of a formal, minor or technical nature, it is made to correct a manifest error or is, in the opinion of such parties, not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

Change of law.

The Conditions are based on English law in effect as at the date of issue of the relevant Notes. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English law or administrative practice or Swedish law or administrative practice, as the case may be, after the date of issue of the relevant Notes.

Because the Global Notes are held by or on behalf of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, investors will have to rely on their procedures for transfers, payments and communications with the relevant Issuer.

Notes issued under the Programme may be represented by one or more Global Notes. Such Global Notes will be deposited with a common depositary or, as the case may be, common safekeeper for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. Except in the circumstances described in the relevant Global Note, investors will not be entitled to receive Definitive Notes. Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will maintain records of the beneficial interests in the Global Notes. While the Notes are represented by one or more Global Notes, investors will be able to trade their beneficial interests only through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

While the Notes are represented by one or more Global Notes the relevant Issuer will discharge its payment obligations under the Notes by making payments to the common depositary or common safekeeper, if applicable, for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg for distribution to their account holders. A holder of a beneficial interest in a Global Note must rely on the procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg to receive payments under the relevant Notes. The relevant Issuer has no responsibility or liability for the records relating to, or payments made in respect of, beneficial interest in the Global Notes.

Holders of beneficial interests in the Global Notes will not have a direct right to vote in respect of the relevant Notes. Instead, such holders will be permitted to act only to the extent that they are enabled by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg to appoint appropriate proxies.

Notes where denominations involve integral multiples.

In relation to any issue of Notes which have denominations consisting of a minimum Specified Denomination plus one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount, it is possible that such Notes may be traded in amounts that are not integral multiples of such minimum Specified Denomination. In such a case a holder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds an amount which is less than the minimum Specified Denomination in their account with the relevant clearing system at the relevant time may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that its holding amounts to a Specified Denomination.

If definitive Notes are issued, holders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum Specified Denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Risks Related to the Market Generally.

Set out below is a brief description of certain market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk.

The secondary market generally.

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls.

The relevant Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes and the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) will make any payments under the Deed of Guarantee in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the "**Investor's**

Currency) other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's

Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease: (1) the Investor's Currency equivalent yield on the Notes; (2) the Investor's Currency equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes; and (3) the Investor's Currency equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risks.

Investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that subsequent changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks.

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Notes. In general, European regulated investors are restricted under the EU CRA Regulation from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes in the EEA, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EEA and registered under the EU CRA Regulation. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by third country non-EEA credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EEA-registered credit rating agency or the relevant third country rating agency is certified in accordance with the EU CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended, subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances). The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to the structure, the market, other additional risk factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.

Investors regulated in the UK are subject to similar restrictions under the UK CRA Regulation. As such, UK regulated investors are required to use for UK regulatory purposes ratings issued by a credit rating agency established in the UK and registered under the UK CRA Regulation. In the case of ratings issued by third country non-UK credit rating agencies, third country credit ratings can either be: (a) endorsed by a UK registered credit rating agency; or (b) issued by a third country credit rating agency that is certified in accordance with the UK CRA Regulation. Note this is subject, in each case, to (a) the relevant UK registration, certification or endorsement, as the case may be, not having been withdrawn or suspended, and (b) transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances. In the case of third country ratings, for a certain limited period of time, transitional relief accommodates continued use for regulatory purposes in the UK, of existing pre- 2021 ratings, provided the relevant conditions are satisfied.

If the status of the rating agency rating the Notes changes for the purposes of the EU CRA Regulation or the UK CRA Regulation, relevant regulated investors may no longer be able to use the rating for regulatory purposes in the EEA or the UK, as applicable, and the Notes may have a different regulatory treatment, which may impact the value of the Notes and their liquidity in the secondary market.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments.

The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent: (1) Notes are legal investments for it; (2) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing; and (3) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk based capital or similar rules.

Risks Related to Irish Law

Centre of main interests.

Atlas Copco Finance has its registered office in Ireland. Under Regulation (EU) No. 2015/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2015 on insolvency proceedings (recast) (the Recast EU Insolvency Regulation), Atlas Copco Finance's centre of main interest ("COMI") is presumed to be the place of its registered office (*i.e.*, Ireland) in the absence of proof to the contrary and provided that Atlas Copco Finance did not move its registered office within the three (3) months prior to a request to open insolvency proceedings.

As Atlas Copco Finance's COMI is presumed to be Ireland, any main insolvency proceedings in respect of Atlas Copco Finance would fall within the jurisdiction of the courts of Ireland. As to what might constitute "proof to the contrary" regarding the location of a company's COMI, the key decision is that in *Re Eurofood IFSC Ltd* ([2004] 4 IR 370 (Irish High Court); [2006] IESC 41 (Irish Supreme Court); [2006] Ch 508; ECJ Case C-341/04 (European Court of Justice)), given in respect of the equivalent provision in the previous EU Insolvency Regulation (Regulation (EC) No. 1346/2000). In that case, on a reference from the Irish Supreme Court, the European Court of Justice concluded that "factors which are both objective and ascertainable by third parties" would be needed to demonstrate that a company's actual situation is different from that which the location of its registered office is deemed to reflect. For instance, if a company with its registered office in Ireland does not carry on any business in Ireland, that could rebut the presumption that the company's COMI is in Ireland. However, if a company with its registered office in Ireland does carry on business in Ireland, the fact that its economic choices are controlled by a parent undertaking in another jurisdiction would not, of itself, be sufficient to rebut the presumption.

As Atlas Copco Finance has its registered office in Ireland, has a majority of Irish resident directors and it is registered for tax in Ireland Atlas Copco Finance does not believe that factors exist that would rebut the presumption that its COMI is located in Ireland, although this would ultimately be a matter for the relevant court to decide based on the circumstances existing at the time when it was asked to make that decision. If Atlas Copco Finance's COMI was found to be in another EU jurisdiction and not in Ireland, main insolvency proceedings would be opened in that jurisdiction instead. Upon an insolvency of Atlas Copco Finance, Noteholders would likely be required to seek to recover any amounts due under the Guaranteed Notes through an Irish law insolvency procedure.

Preferred creditors.

If Atlas Copco Finance becomes subject to insolvency proceedings and Atlas Copco Finance has obligations to creditors that are treated under Irish law as creditors that are senior relative to the Noteholders, the Noteholders may suffer losses as a result of their subordinated status during such insolvency proceedings. In particular, under Irish law, the claims of unsecured creditors of Atlas Copco Finance rank behind other creditors (including fees, costs and expenses of any examiner appointed, certain capital gains tax liabilities and claims of the Irish Revenue Commissioners for certain unpaid taxes) and, in the case of an insolvency of Atlas Copco Finance, this may have a material adverse effect on the ability of Noteholders to recover amounts due under the Guaranteed Notes.

Examinership.

Examinership is a court moratorium/protection procedure which is available under Irish company law to facilitate the survival of Irish companies in financial difficulties. Where a company, which has its COMI in Ireland is, or is likely to be, unable to pay its debts an examiner may be appointed on a petition to the relevant Irish court under Section 509 of the Companies Act 2014 of Ireland (as amended, the "**Irish Companies Act**"). Atlas Copco Finance, the directors of Atlas Copco Finance, a contingent, prospective or actual creditor of Atlas Copco Finance, or shareholders of Atlas Copco Finance, at the date of presentation of the petition, not less than one-tenth of the voting share capital of Atlas Copco Finance are each entitled to petition the court for the appointment of an examiner. The examiner, once appointed, has the power to halt, prevent or rectify acts or omissions, by or on behalf of the company after his appointment and, in certain circumstances a negative pledge given by the company prior to his appointment will not be binding on the company. Furthermore, where proposals for a scheme of arrangement are to be formulated, the company may, subject to the approval of the court, affirm or repudiate any contract under which some element of performance other than the payment remains to be rendered both by the company and the other contracting party or parties.

During the period of protection, the examiner will compile proposals for a compromise or scheme of arrangement to assist in the survival of the company or the whole or any part of its undertaking as a going concern. A scheme of arrangement may be approved by the relevant court of Ireland when a minimum of one class of creditors, whose interests are impaired under the proposals, has (i) voted in favour of the proposals, (ii) the relevant court of Ireland is satisfied that such proposals are fair and equitable in relation to any class of members or creditors who have not accepted the proposals and whose interests would be impaired by implementation of the scheme of arrangement and (iii) the proposals are not unfairly prejudicial to any interested party.

If an examiner were appointed while any amounts due by Atlas Copco Finance under the Guaranteed Notes were unpaid, the primary risks to the holders of Guaranteed Notes would be as follows:

- (i) the Fiscal Agent, acting on behalf of Noteholders, would not be able to enforce rights against Atlas Copco Finance during the period of examinership;
- (ii) a scheme of arrangement may be approved involving the writing down of the debt due by Atlas Copco Finance to the Noteholders irrespective of the Noteholders' views;
- (iii) in the event that a scheme of arrangement is not approved and Atlas Copco Finance subsequently goes into liquidation, both the examiner's and liquidator's remuneration and expenses (including certain borrowings

incurred by the examiner on behalf of Atlas Copco Finance and approved by the relevant court of Ireland) will take priority over the monies and liabilities which from time to time are or may become due, owing or payable by Atlas Copco Finance to the Noteholders under the Guaranteed Notes or the transaction documents in connection therewith;

- (iv) while a company is under the protection of the court, no action can be taken to enforce guarantees against persons who have guaranteed the debts of the company. Whether this prohibition under Irish law would be effective in the pursuit of a foreign guarantee is a matter of the governing law of the guarantee and/or the guarantor's residence; and
- (v) where a creditor receives notice of a meeting of creditors convened by the examiner to consider and vote on his proposals for a scheme of arrangement and that creditor's debt is guaranteed by a third party, then the creditor must, within very tight deadlines, offer the guarantor the opportunity to attend and vote at the meeting in place of the creditor. If this offer is not made in writing within the statutory time period, the creditor loses its right to pursue the guarantor pursuant to the guarantee.

INFORMATION INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following information shall be deemed to be incorporated in, and to form part of, this Base Prospectus:

1. the audited consolidated financial statements of Atlas Copco, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS (including the auditors' reports thereon) in respect of:
 - (a) the year ended 31 December 2019 set out on pages 13 to 38 and 44 to 48 and 51 to 128 of the 2019 annual report of Atlas Copco available at www.atlascopcogroup.com/content/dam/atlas-copco/corporate/documents/investors/financial-publications/english/20200306-annual-report-2019.pdf; and
 - (b) the year ended 31 December 2020 set out on pages 13 to 37, 44 to 48 and 51 to 125 of the 2020 annual report of Atlas Copco available at www.atlascopcogroup.com/content/dam/atlas-copco/corporate/documents/investors/financial-publications/english/20210311-annual-report-2020.pdf;
2. the audited financial statements of Atlas Copco Finance, which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards published by the Financial Reporting Council (Irish GAAP) (including the auditors' reports thereon) in respect of:
 - (a) the year ended 31 December 2019 set out on pages 12 to 31 of the 2019 Directors' report and audited financial statements of Atlas Copco Finance available at <https://ise-prod-nr-eu-west-1-data-integration.s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/202106/5820f8e3-acc6-4e2b-9c3b-3f7bf788d4fa.pdf>; and
 - (b) the year ended 31 December 2020 set out on pages 14 to 45 of the 2020 Directors' report and audited financial statements of Atlas Copco Finance available at <https://ise-prod-nr-eu-west-1-data-integration.s3-eu-west-1.amazonaws.com/202107/610a56b4-3f91-4074-9a94-dcd94fe30107.PDF>;
3. the reviewed consolidated financial statements of the Atlas Copco in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2021 set out on pages 9 to 19 of the interim report of Atlas Copco in respect of the six months ended 30 June 2021 available at https://www.atlascopcogroup.com/content/dam/corporate/cision/20210716_Second-quarter_report_2021.pdf;
4. the terms and conditions set out on pages 25 to 53 of the Base Prospectus relating to the Programme dated 7 May 2012 (the "**2012 Conditions**");
5. the terms and conditions set out on pages 18 to 39 of the Base Prospectus relating to the Programme dated 19 August 2016 (the "**2016 Conditions**");
6. the terms and conditions set out on pages 23 to 48 of the Base Prospectus relating to the Programme dated 18 July 2019 (the "**2019 Conditions**"); and
7. the two appendices "Q2 2021 Key Figures" available at www.atlascopcogroup.com/en/investor-relations/key-figures/key-financials.

Any non-incorporated parts of a document referred to herein are either deemed not relevant for an investor or are otherwise covered elsewhere in this Base Prospectus.

Following the publication of this Base Prospectus a supplement may be prepared by the Issuers and the Guarantor and approved by the Central Bank of Ireland in accordance with Article 23 of the EU Prospectus Regulation. Statements contained in any such supplement (or contained in any document incorporated by reference therein) shall, to the extent applicable (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise), be deemed to modify or supersede statements contained in this Base Prospectus or in a document which is incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this Base Prospectus.

The Issuers and the Guarantor will, in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or material inaccuracy relating to information included in this Base Prospectus which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Base Prospectus or publish a new Base Prospectus for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds of each issue of Notes will be used by the relevant Issuer for general corporate purposes, including repayment of debt. If, in respect of an issue, there is a particular identified use of proceeds, this will be stated in the relevant Final Terms.

FINAL TERMS AND DRAWDOWN PROSPECTUSES

In this section the expression “necessary information” means, in relation to any Tranche of Notes, the information necessary to enable investors to make an informed assessment of the assets and liabilities, financial position, profits and losses and prospects of the relevant Issuer, and, in relation to Guaranteed Notes, the Guarantor and of the rights attaching to the Notes and of its impact on the relevant Issuer or the Guarantor, as the case may be. In relation to the different types of Notes which may be issued under the Programme, the relevant Issuer and the Guarantor have endeavoured to include in this Base Prospectus all of the necessary information except for information relating to the Notes which is not known at the date of this Base Prospectus and which can only be determined at the time of an individual issue of a Tranche of Notes.

Any information relating to the Notes which is not included in this Base Prospectus and which is required in order to complete the necessary information in relation to a Tranche of Notes will be contained either in the relevant Final Terms or in a Drawdown Prospectus. Such information will be contained in the relevant Final Terms unless any of such information constitutes a significant new factor relating to the information contained in this Base Prospectus in which case such information, together with all of the other necessary information in relation to the relevant series of Notes, may be contained in a Drawdown Prospectus.

For a Tranche of Notes which is the subject of Final Terms, those Final Terms will, for the purposes of that Tranche only, supplement this Base Prospectus and must be read in conjunction with this Base Prospectus. The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Tranche of Notes which is the subject of Final Terms are the Conditions as completed by the relevant Final Terms.

The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Tranche of Notes which is the subject of a Drawdown Prospectus will be the Conditions as supplemented, amended and/or replaced to the extent described in the relevant Drawdown Prospectus. In the case of a Tranche of Notes which is the subject of a Drawdown Prospectus, each reference in this Base Prospectus to information being specified or identified in the relevant Final Terms shall be read and construed as a reference to such information being specified or identified in the relevant Drawdown Prospectus unless the context requires otherwise.

Each Drawdown Prospectus will be constituted by either (1) a single document containing the necessary information relating to the relevant Issuer and the relevant Notes and (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor and the Deed of Guarantee; or (2) by a registration document (the “**Registration Document**”) containing the necessary information relating to the relevant Issuer and (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor, a securities note (the “**Securities Note**”) containing the necessary information relating to the relevant Notes and (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Deed of Guarantee and, if necessary, a summary note. In addition, if the Drawdown Prospectus is constituted by a Registration Document and a Securities Note, any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to the information included in the Registration Document which arises or is noted between the date of the Registration Document and the date of the Securities Note which is capable of affecting the assessment of the relevant Notes will be included in the Securities Note.

FORMS OF THE NOTES

Each Tranche of Notes will initially be in the form of either a temporary global note (the “**Temporary Global Note**”), without interest coupons, or a permanent global note (the “**Permanent Global Note**”), without interest coupons, in each case as specified in the relevant Final Terms. Each Temporary Global Note or, as the case may be, Permanent Global Note (each a “**Global Note**”) which is not intended to be issued in NGN form, as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the issue date of the relevant Tranche of the Notes with a depository or a common depository for Euroclear Bank SA/NV (“**Euroclear**”) and/or Clearstream Banking S.A. (“**Clearstream, Luxembourg**”) and/or any other relevant clearing system and each Global Note which is intended to be issued in NGN form, as specified in the relevant Final Terms, will be deposited on or around the issue date of the relevant Tranche of the Notes with a common safekeeper for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg. Any reference in this section “*Forms of the Notes*” to Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or Euroclear shall, whenever the context permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system approved by the relevant Issuer and the Fiscal Agent.

On 13 June 2006 the European Central Bank (the “**ECB**”) announced that Notes in NGN form are in compliance with the “Standards for the use of EU securities settlement systems in ESCB credit operations” of the central banking system for the euro (the “**Eurosystem**”), provided that certain other criteria are fulfilled. At the same time the ECB also announced that arrangements for Notes in NGN form will be offered by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as of 30 June 2006 and that debt securities in global bearer form issued through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg after 31 December 2006 will only be eligible as collateral for Eurosystem operations if the NGN form is used.

The relevant Final Terms will also specify whether United States Treasury Regulation §1.163 5(c)(2)(i)(C) (the “**TEFRA C Rules**”) or United States Treasury Regulation §1.163 5(c)(2)(i)(D) (the “**TEFRA D Rules**”) are applicable in relation to the Notes or, if the Notes do not have a maturity of more than 365 days (including unilateral rights to rollover or extend), that neither the TEFRA C Rules nor the TEFRA D Rules are applicable.

Temporary Global Note Exchangeable for Permanent Global Note

If the relevant Final Terms specifies that TEFRA D rules are applicable and the form of Notes as being “Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note”, then the Notes will initially be in the form of a Temporary Global Note which will be exchangeable, in whole or in part, for interests in a Permanent Global Note, without interest coupons, not earlier than 40 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of the Notes upon certification as to non U.S. beneficial ownership. Notes will only be delivered outside the United States. No payments will be made under the Temporary Global Note unless exchange for interests in the Permanent Global Note is improperly withheld or refused. In addition, interest payments in respect of the Notes cannot be collected without such certification of non U.S. beneficial ownership.

Whenever any interest in the Temporary Global Note is to be exchanged for an interest in a Permanent Global Note, the relevant Issuer shall procure (in the case of first exchange) the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Permanent Global Note to the bearer of the Temporary Global Note or (in the case of any subsequent exchange) an increase in the principal amount of the Permanent Global Note in accordance with its terms against:

- (i) presentation and (in the case of final exchange) surrender of the Temporary Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent; and
- (ii) receipt by the Fiscal Agent of a certificate or certificates of non U.S. beneficial ownership,

within seven days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

The principal amount of the Permanent Global Note shall be equal to the aggregate of the principal amounts specified in the certificates of non U.S.-beneficial ownership; *provided, however, that* in no circumstances shall the principal amount of the Permanent Global Note exceed the initial principal amount of the Temporary Global Note.

The Permanent Global Note will be exchangeable in whole, but not in part, for Notes in definitive form (“**Definitive Notes**”) if the relevant Final Terms specifies “in the limited circumstances described in the Permanent Global Note”, then if Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of legal holidays) or announces an intention permanently to cease business or (b) any of the circumstances described in Condition 12 (*Events of Default*) occurs.

Whenever the Permanent Global Note is to be exchanged for Definitive Notes, the relevant Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Definitive Notes, duly authenticated and with Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Permanent Global Note to the bearer of the Permanent Global Note against the surrender of the Permanent Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

Temporary Global Note Exchangeable for Definitive Notes

If the relevant Final Terms specifies the form of Notes as being “Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes” and also specifies that the TEFRA C Rules are applicable or that neither the TEFRA C Rules or the TEFRA D Rules are applicable, then the Notes will initially be in the form of a Temporary Global Note which will be exchangeable, in whole but not in part, for Definitive Notes not earlier than 40 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of the Notes.

If the relevant Final Terms specifies the form of Notes as being “Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes” and also specifies that the TEFRA D Rules are applicable, then the Notes will initially be in the form of a Temporary Global Note which will be exchangeable, in whole or in part, for Definitive Notes not earlier than 40 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of the Notes upon certification as to non U.S. beneficial ownership. Interest payments in respect of the Notes cannot be collected without such certification of non U.S. beneficial ownership.

Whenever the Temporary Global Note is to be exchanged for Definitive Notes, the relevant Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Definitive Notes, duly authenticated and with Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Temporary Global Note to the bearer of the Temporary Global Note against the surrender of the Temporary Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

Permanent Global Note Exchangeable for Definitive Notes

If the relevant Final Terms specifies the form of Notes as being “Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes”, then the Notes will initially be in the form of a Permanent Global Note which will be exchangeable in whole, but not in part, for Definitive Notes if the relevant Final Terms specifies “in the limited circumstances described in the Permanent Global Note”, then if (a) Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or any other relevant clearing system is closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of legal holidays) or announces an intention permanently to cease business, (b) any of the circumstances described in Condition 12 (*Events of Default*) occurs, or (c) the relevant Issuer or (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the Guarantor has or will become subject to adverse tax consequences which would not be suffered were the Notes represented by the Permanent Global Note in definitive form.

Whenever the Permanent Global Note is to be exchanged for Definitive Notes, the relevant Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Definitive Notes, duly authenticated and with Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Permanent Global Note to the bearer of the Permanent Global Note against the surrender of the Permanent Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

Terms and Conditions Applicable to the Notes

The terms and conditions applicable to any Definitive Note will be endorsed on that Note and will consist of the terms and conditions set out under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*” and the provisions of the relevant Final Terms which supplement those terms and conditions.

The terms and conditions applicable to any Note in global form will differ from those terms and conditions which would apply to the Note were it in definitive form to the extent described under “*Summary of Provisions Relating to the Notes while in Global Form*”.

Legend Concerning United States Persons

In the case of any Tranche of Notes having a maturity of more than 364 days (including unilateral rights to rollover or extend), the Global Notes, the Definitive Notes and any Coupons and Talons appertaining thereto will bear a legend to the following effect:

“Any United States person (as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of the United States) who holds this obligation will be subject to limitations under the United States income tax laws, including the limitations provided in Sections 165(j) and 1287(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.”

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following is the text of the terms and conditions which, as completed by the relevant Final Terms, will be endorsed on each Note in definitive form issued under the Programme. The terms and conditions applicable to any Note in global form will differ from those terms and conditions which would apply to the Note were it in definitive form to the extent described under “Summary of Provisions Relating to the Notes while in Global Form” below.

1. Introduction

- (a) *Programme:* Atlas Copco AB (“**Atlas Copco**”) and Atlas Copco Finance DAC (“**Atlas Copco Finance**”) (each an “**Issuer**” and together the “**Issuers**”) have established a Euro Medium Term Note Programme (the “**Programme**”) for the issuance of up to U.S.\$3,000,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of notes (the “**Notes**”). The payments of all amounts due in respect of the Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance (the “**Guaranteed Notes**”) will be guaranteed by Atlas Copco (the “**Guarantor**”). If the Issuer is Atlas Copco, references herein to Guarantor and Guarantee, and related expressions, are not applicable.
- (b) *Final Terms:* Notes issued under the Programme are issued in series (each a “**Series**”) and each Series may comprise one or more tranches (each a “**Tranche**”) of Notes. Each Tranche is the subject of a final terms (the “**Final Terms**”) which supplements these terms and conditions (the “**Conditions**”). The terms and conditions applicable to any particular Tranche of Notes are these Conditions as completed by the relevant Final Terms. In the event of any inconsistency between these Conditions and the relevant Final Terms, the relevant Final Terms shall prevail.
- (c) *Agency Agreement:* The Notes are the subject of an issue and paying agency agreement dated 23 July 2021 (the “**Agency Agreement**”) between the Issuers, the Guarantor, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch as fiscal agent (the “**Fiscal Agent**”, which expression includes any successor fiscal agent appointed from time to time in connection with the Notes) and the paying agents named therein (together with the Fiscal Agent, the “**Paying Agents**”, which expression includes any successor or additional paying agents appointed from time to time in connection with the Notes).
- (d) *Deed of Guarantee:* The Guaranteed Notes are the subject of a deed of guarantee dated 18 July 2019 (such deed of guarantee as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Deed of Guarantee**”) entered into by the Guarantor.
- (e) The Issuers have, in relation to Notes issued under the Programme, executed a deed of covenant (as amended, supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the “**Deed of Covenant**”) dated 23 July 2021.
- (f) *The Notes:* All subsequent references in these Conditions to “Notes” are to the Notes which are the subject of the relevant Final Terms. Copies of the relevant Final Terms are available for viewing at the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent, the initial Specified Office of which is set out below.
- (g) *Summaries:* Certain provisions of these Conditions are summaries of the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Guarantee and are subject to their detailed provisions. The holders of the Notes (the “**Noteholders**”) and the holders of the related interest coupons, if any, (the “**Couponholders**” and the “**Coupons**”, respectively) are bound by, and are deemed to have notice of, all the provisions of the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Guarantee (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) applicable to them. Copies of the Agency Agreement and the Deed of Guarantee are available for inspection by Noteholders during normal business hours at the Specified Offices of each of the Paying Agents, the initial Specified Offices of which are set out below.

2. Interpretation

- (a) *Definitions:* In these Conditions the following expressions have the following meanings:
 - “**Accrual Yield**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;
 - “**Additional Business Centre(s)**” means the city or cities specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;
 - “**Additional Financial Centre(s)**” means the city or cities specified as such in the relevant Final Terms;
 - “**Applicable Maturity**” means (a) in relation to Screen Rate Determination, the period of time designated in the Reference Rate and, (b) in relation to ISDA Determination, the Designated Maturity;
 - “**Attributable Debt**” means, with respect to any Sale/Leaseback Transaction, the lesser of (a) the fair market value of the property or other assets subject to such transaction and (b) the present value (discounted at a rate per annum equal to the discount rate of a capital lease obligation with a like term in

accordance with IFRS) of the obligations of the lessee for net rental payments (excluding amounts on account of maintenance and repairs, insurance, taxes, assessments, water rates and similar charges and contingent rent(s) during the term of the lease;

“Business Day” means:

- (i) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in each (if any) Additional Business Centre; and
- (ii) in relation to any sum payable in a currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments generally in London, in the Principal Financial Centre of the relevant currency and in each (if any) Additional Business Centre;

“Business Day Convention”, in relation to any particular date, has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms and, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, may have different meanings in relation to different dates and, in this context, the following expressions shall have the following meanings:

“Following Business Day Convention” means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day;

“Modified Following Business Day Convention” or **“Modified Business Day Convention”** means that the relevant date shall be postponed to the first following day that is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month in which case that date will be the first preceding day that is a Business Day;

“Preceding Business Day Convention” means that the relevant date shall be brought forward to the first preceding day that is a Business Day;

“FRN Convention”, **“Floating Rate Convention”** or **“Eurodollar Convention”** means that each relevant date shall be the date which numerically corresponds to the preceding such date in the calendar month which is the number of months specified in the relevant Final Terms as the Specified Period after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred provided, however, that:

- (A) if there is no such numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which any such date should occur, then such date will be the last day which is a Business Day in that calendar month;
- (B) if any such date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then such date will be the first following day which is a Business Day unless that day falls in the next calendar month, in which case it will be the first preceding day which is a Business Day; and
- (C) if the preceding such date occurred on the last day in a calendar month which was a Business Day, then all subsequent such dates will be the last day which is a Business Day in the calendar month which is the specified number of months after the calendar month in which the preceding such date occurred; and

“No Adjustment” means that the relevant date shall not be adjusted in accordance with any Business Day Convention;

“Calculation Agent” means the Fiscal Agent or such other Person specified in the relevant Final Terms as the party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and Interest Amount(s) and/or such other amount(s) as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Calculation Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Clean-up Call Redemption Amount” means in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“Consolidated Net Tangible Assets” shall mean the aggregate amount of Atlas Copco’s consolidated total assets, after deducting therefrom: (a) all liabilities due within one year and (b) all formation expenses, intangible rights, goodwill on consolidation, trade names, trademarks, patents, and other like intangible assets, as shown on Atlas Copco’s audited consolidated balance sheet contained in its latest annual report to its shareholders;

“Coupon Sheet” means, in respect of a Note, a coupon sheet relating to the Note;

“Day Count Fraction” means, in respect of the calculation of an amount for any period of time (the **“Calculation Period”**), such day count fraction as may be specified in these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms and:

- (i) if **“Actual/Actual (ICMA)”** is so specified, means:
 - (a) where the Calculation Period is equal to or shorter than the Regular Period during which it falls, the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year; and
 - (b) where the Calculation Period is longer than one Regular Period, the sum of:
 - (A) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the Regular Period in which it begins divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year; and
 - (B) the actual number of days in such Calculation Period falling in the next Regular Period divided by the product of (1) the actual number of days in such Regular Period and (2) the number of Regular Periods in any year;
- (ii) if **“Actual/365”** or **“Actual/Actual (ISDA)”** is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of the Calculation Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (A) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (B) the actual number of days in that portion of the Calculation Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (iii) if **“Actual/365 (Fixed)”** is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 365;
- (iv) if **“Actual/360”** is so specified, means the actual number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360;
- (v) if **“30/360”** is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

Where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vi) if **“30E/360”** or **“Eurobond Basis”** is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{360}$$

Where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (vii) if “**30E/360 (ISDA)**” is so specified, the number of days in the Calculation Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + (D_2 - D_1)}{306}$$

Where:

“**Y₁**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**Y₂**” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₁**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Calculation Period falls;

“**M₂**” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period falls;

“**D₁**” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“**D₂**” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Calculation Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30,

provided, however, that in each such case the number of days in the Calculation Period is calculated from and including the first day of the Calculation Period to but excluding the last day of the Calculation Period;

“**Debt**” means any indebtedness of any Person for money borrowed, whether incurred, assumed or guaranteed, other than trade credit in the ordinary course of business;

“**Early Redemption Amount (Tax)**” means, in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Early Termination Amount**” means, in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms;

“**EURIBOR**” means, the interest rate benchmark known as the Euro zone interbank offered rate which is calculated and published by a designated distributor (currently Thomson Reuters) in accordance with the requirements from time to time of the European Banking Federation;

“**Exempted Debt**” means the sums, without duplication, of the following items to the extent such items are outstanding as of the date Exempted Debt is being determined; (i) Debt of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective Subsidiaries incurred after the date of initial issuance of the Notes and secured by Liens created, incurred, assumed or suffered to exist (other than any Permitted Security Interests) and (ii) Attributable Debt of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective Subsidiaries in respect of

Sale/Leaseback Transactions entered into after the initial issuance of the Notes (other than permitted Sale/Leaseback Transactions);

“**Extraordinary Resolution**” has the meaning given in the Agency Agreement;

“**Final Redemption Amount**” means, in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“**First Interest Payment Date**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Fixed Coupon Amount**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Guarantee**” means, in relation to any Indebtedness of any Person, any obligation of another Person to pay such Indebtedness including (without limitation):

- (i) any obligation to purchase such Indebtedness;
- (ii) any obligation to lend money, to purchase or subscribe shares or other securities or to purchase assets or services in order to provide funds for the payment of such Indebtedness;
- (iii) any indemnity against the consequences of a default in the payment of such Indebtedness; and
- (iv) any other agreement to be responsible for such Indebtedness;

“**Guarantee of the Notes**” means the guarantee of the Guaranteed Notes given by the Guarantor in the Deed of Guarantee;

“**Guaranteed Notes**” means Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance and guaranteed by Atlas Copco;

“**Indebtedness**” means any indebtedness of any Person for money borrowed or raised including (without limitation) any indebtedness for or in respect of:

- (i) amounts raised by acceptance under any acceptance credit facility;
- (ii) amounts raised under any note purchase facility;
- (iii) the amount of any liability in respect of leases or hire purchase contracts which would, in accordance with applicable law and generally accepted accounting principles, be treated as finance or capital leases;
- (iv) the amount of any liability in respect of any purchase price for assets or services the payment of which is deferred for a period in excess of 60 days; and
- (v) amounts raised under any other transaction (including, without limitation, any forward sale or purchase agreement) having the commercial effect of a borrowing;

“**Interest Amount**” means, in relation to a Note and an Interest Period, the amount of interest payable in respect of that Note for that Interest Period;

“**Interest Commencement Date**” means the Issue Date of the Notes or such other date as may be specified as the Interest Commencement Date in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Interest Determination Date**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Interest Payment Date**” means the First Interest Payment Date and any other date or dates specified as such in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms and, if a Business Day Convention is specified in the relevant Final Terms:

- (i) as the same may be adjusted in accordance with the relevant Business Day Convention; or
- (ii) if the Business Day Convention is the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention and an interval of a number of calendar months is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being the Specified Period, each of such dates as may occur in accordance with the FRN Convention, Floating Rate Convention or Eurodollar Convention at such Specified Period of calendar months following the Interest Commencement Date (in the case of the first Interest Payment Date) or the previous Interest Payment Date (in any other case);

“Interest Period” means each period beginning on (and including) the Interest Commencement Date or any Interest Payment Date and ending on (but excluding) the next Interest Payment Date;

“ISDA Definitions” means the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as amended and updated as at the date of issue of the first Tranche of the Notes of the relevant Series (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc.);

“Issue Date” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Lien” means, with respect to any Property, any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, assignment by way of security or subject to a proviso for redemption, hypothecation or security interest or any other agreement or arrangement having the effect of conferring security in respect of such Property. For the purposes of the Notes, the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective Subsidiaries shall be deemed to own, subject to a lien, any Property which it has acquired or holds subject to the interest of a vendor or lessor under any conditional sale agreement, capital lease or other title retention agreement relating to such Property;

“Margin” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Material Subsidiary” means at any relevant time a direct or indirect Subsidiary of Atlas Copco:

- (A) whose total assets or gross revenues (or, where the Subsidiary in question prepares consolidated financial statements, whose total consolidated assets or gross consolidated revenues, as the case may be) represents not less than 10 per cent. of the total consolidated assets or the gross consolidated revenues of Atlas Copco and its Subsidiaries, all as calculated by reference to the then latest audited financial statements (or consolidated accounts, as the case may be) of such Subsidiary and the then latest audited consolidated financial statements of Atlas Copco; or
- (B) to which is transferred all or substantially all of the assets and undertakings of a Subsidiary which immediately prior to such transfer is a Material Subsidiary;

“Maturity Date” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Maximum Redemption Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Minimum Redemption Amount” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Optional Redemption Amount (Call)” means, in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“Optional Redemption Amount (Put)” means, in respect of any Note, its principal amount or such other amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with, the relevant Final Terms;

“Optional Redemption Date (Call)” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Optional Redemption Date (Put)” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“Participating Member State” means a Member State of the European Union which adopts the euro as its lawful currency in accordance with the Treaty;

“Payment Business Day” means:

- (i) if the currency of payment is euro, any day which is:
 - (A) a day on which banks in the relevant place of presentation are open for presentation and payment of bearer debt securities and for dealings in foreign currencies; and
 - (B) in the case of payment by transfer to an account, a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre; or
- (ii) if the currency of payment is not euro, any day which is:
 - (A) a day on which banks in the relevant place of presentation are open for presentation and payment of bearer debt securities and for dealings in foreign currencies; and

- (B) in the case of payment by transfer to an account, a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment and in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre;

“Permitted Security Interests” means:

- (i) Liens on the Property of an entity existing at the time such Property was acquired by any of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective Subsidiaries (whether by merger, consolidation, purchase of assets or otherwise) or existing at the time the entity became a Subsidiary; provided, however; that that such Liens (i) are not created, incurred or assumed in connection with, or contemplation of, such Property being acquired by the Issuer, the Guarantor or such Subsidiary and (ii) do not extend to any other Property of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective Subsidiaries;
- (ii) Liens arising in relation to any Project Finance Debt;
- (iii) Liens to secure the purchase of, or created in connection with the financing of, all or any part of the purchase price or cost of the acquisition, purchase, construction, development, extension or improvement by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective Subsidiaries (in each case, whether alone or in association with others) of, or of any right or interest in or in respect of, any Property, or to secure any Debt incurred prior to, at the time of or within 12 months after the completion of such acquisition, purchase, construction, development, extension or improvement for the purpose of financing or refinancing all or any part of such purchase price or cost; provided that (i) the Lien relates only to (a) that Property (including without limitation any Property forming part of or connected with the same project or development), or products from that Property, or revenue or profit from that Property or such products or (b) any right or interest in or in respect of that Property, or products from that Property, or revenue or profit from that Property or such products and (ii) the Lien secures no more than the purchase price or other consideration (including, without limitation, royalties) paid for, or cost of acquisition, purchase, construction, development, extension or improvement, of that Property or any right or interest in or in respect of that Property, including any financing or refinancing costs associated with such purchase price or cost;
- (iv) Liens imposed or required by statute or operation of law (but not through any act or omission to act on the part of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective Subsidiaries); and
- (v) any extension, renewal, refunding or replacement (or successive extensions, renewals, refundings or replacements), as a whole or in part, of any Lien referred to in clauses (i) to (iv), inclusive, for amounts not exceeding the principal amount of indebtedness secured by such Lien so extended, renewed or replaced (plus improvements thereon or additions or accessions thereto as permitted in the foregoing clauses (i) through (iv));

“Person” means any individual, company, corporation, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, organisation, state or agency of a state or other entity, whether or not having separate legal personality;

“Principal Financial Centre” means, in relation to any currency, the principal financial centre for that currency *provided, however, that:*

- (i) in relation to euro, it means the principal financial centre of such Member State of the European Union as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Calculation Agent; and
- (ii) in relation to Australian dollars, it means either Sydney or Melbourne and, in relation to New Zealand dollars, it means either Wellington or Auckland; in each case as is selected (in the case of a payment) by the payee or (in the case of a calculation) by the Calculation Agent;

“Project Finance Debt” means any indebtedness incurred in relation to any asset solely for purposes of financing the whole or any part of the acquisition, creation, construction, improvement or development of such asset where the financial institutions to which such indebtedness is owed have recourse solely to the applicable project borrower (where such project borrower is formed solely or principally for the purpose of the relevant project) and/or to such asset (or any derivative asset thereof) or any other similar non-recourse indebtedness which is properly regarded as project finance debt;

“**Property**” of any Person means all types of real, personal, tangible, intangible or mixed property (including any related contractual rights) owned by such Person whether or not included in the most recent consolidated balance sheet of such Person under IFRS;

“**Put Option Notice**” means a notice which must be delivered to a Paying Agent by any Noteholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem a Note at the option of the Noteholder;

“**Put Option Receipt**” means a receipt issued by a Paying Agent to a depositing Noteholder upon deposit of a Note with such Paying Agent by any Noteholder wanting to exercise a right to redeem a Note at the option of the Noteholder;

“**Rate of Interest**” means the rate or rates (expressed as a percentage per annum) of interest payable in respect of the Notes specified in the relevant Final Terms or calculated or determined in accordance with the provisions of these Conditions and/or the relevant Final Terms;

“**Redemption Amount**” means, as appropriate, the Final Redemption Amount, the Early Redemption Amount (Tax), the Optional Redemption Amount (Call), the Optional Redemption Amount (Put), the Clean-up Call Redemption Amount, the Early Termination Amount or such other amount in the nature of a redemption amount as may be specified in, or determined in accordance with the provisions of, the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Banks**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms or, if none, four major banks selected by the Issuer in the market that is most closely connected with the Reference Rate;

“**Reference Price**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reference Rate**” means EURIBOR or STIBOR as specified in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Regular Period**” means:

- (i) in the case of Notes where interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including the Interest Commencement Date to but excluding the first Interest Payment Date and each successive period from and including one Interest Payment Date to but excluding the next Interest Payment Date;
- (ii) in the case of Notes where, apart from the first Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any Interest Payment Date falls; and
- (iii) in the case of Notes where, apart from one Interest Period other than the first Interest Period, interest is scheduled to be paid only by means of regular payments, each period from and including a Regular Date falling in any year to but excluding the next Regular Date, where “**Regular Date**” means the day and month (but not the year) on which any Interest Payment Date falls other than the Interest Payment Date falling at the end of the irregular Interest Period;

“**Relevant Date**” means, in relation to any payment, whichever is the later of (a) the date on which the payment in question first becomes due and (b) if the full amount payable has not been received in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment by the Fiscal Agent on or prior to such due date, the date on which (the full amount having been so received) notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders;

“**Relevant Financial Centre**” means (i) Brussels, where the Reference Rate is EURIBOR or (ii) Stockholm, where the Reference Rate is STIBOR;

“**Relevant Indebtedness**” means any Indebtedness which is in the form of or represented by any bond, note, debenture, debenture stock, loan stock, certificate or other instrument which is, or is capable of being, listed, quoted or traded on any stock exchange or in any securities market (including, without limitation, any over the counter market);

“**Relevant Screen Page**” means the page, section or other part of a particular information service (including, without limitation, Reuters) specified as the Relevant Screen Page in the relevant Final Terms, or such other page, section or other part as may replace it on that information service or such other information service, in each case, as may be nominated by the Person providing or sponsoring the information appearing there for the purpose of displaying rates or prices comparable to the Reference Rate;

“**Relevant Time**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Reserved Matter**” means any proposal to change any date fixed for payment of principal or interest in respect of the Notes, to reduce the amount of principal or interest payable on any date in respect of the Notes, to alter the method of calculating the amount of any payment in respect of the Notes or the date for any such payment, to change the currency of any payment under the Notes or to change the quorum requirements relating to meetings or the majority required to pass an Extraordinary Resolution;

“**Sale/Leaseback Transaction**” means any arrangement with any Person that provides for the leasing by the Issuer, the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) or any of their respective Subsidiaries, for an initial term of three years or more, of any Property or other asset, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, which is to be sold or transferred by the Issuer or the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) after the date of the initial issuance of the Notes to such Person for a sale price of U.S.\$40,000,000 (or the equivalent thereof or more);

“**Security Interest**” means any mortgage, charge, pledge, lien or other security interest including, without limitation, anything analogous to any of the foregoing under the laws of any jurisdiction;

“**Specified Currency**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Denomination(s)**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**Specified Office**” has the meaning given in the Agency Agreement;

“**Specified Period**” has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

“**STIBOR**” means the interest rate benchmark known as the Stockholm interbank offered rate which is calculated in accordance with the framework of the Stibor Committee appointed by Financial Benchmarks Sweden AB (or any other person or persons which take over the administration of that rate) based on interbank borrowing rates provided by contributor banks;

“**Subsidiary**” means, in relation to any Person (the “**first Person**”) at any particular time, any other Person (the “**second Person**”):

- (i) whose affairs and policies the first Person controls or has the power to control, whether by ownership of share capital, contract, the power to appoint or remove members of the governing body of the second Person or otherwise; or
- (ii) whose financial statements are, in accordance with applicable law and generally accepted accounting principles, consolidated with those of the first Person;

“**Talon**” means a talon for further Coupons;

“**TARGET 2**” means the Trans European Automated Real Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer payment system which utilises a single shared platform and which was launched on 19 November 2007;

“**TARGET Settlement Day**” means any day on which TARGET 2 is open for the settlement of payments in euro;

“**Treaty**” means the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, as amended; and

“**Zero Coupon Note**” means a Note specified as such in the relevant Final Terms.

(b) *Interpretation:* In these Conditions:

- (i) if the Notes are Zero Coupon Notes, references to Coupons and Couponholders are not applicable;
- (ii) if Talons are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being attached to the Notes at the time of issue, references to Coupons shall be deemed to include references to Talons;
- (iii) if Talons are not specified in the relevant Final Terms as being attached to the Notes at the time of issue, references to Talons are not applicable;
- (iv) any reference to principal shall be deemed to include the Redemption Amount, any additional amounts in respect of principal which may be payable under Condition 11 (*Taxation*), any

premium payable in respect of a Note and any other amount in the nature of principal payable pursuant to these Conditions;

- (v) any reference to interest shall be deemed to include any additional amounts in respect of interest which may be payable under Condition 11 (*Taxation*) and any other amount in the nature of interest payable pursuant to these Conditions;
- (vi) references to Notes being “outstanding” shall be construed in accordance with the Agency Agreement;
- (vii) if an expression is stated in Condition 2(a) to have the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms, but the relevant Final Terms gives no such meaning or specifies that such expression is “not applicable” then such expression is not applicable to the Notes;
- (viii) any reference to the Agency Agreement or the Deed of Guarantee shall be construed as a reference to the Agency Agreement or the Deed of Guarantee, as the case may be, as amended and/or supplemented up to and including the Issue Date of the Notes;
- (ix) references to “the Issuer” shall be to the Issuer identified as such in the relevant Final Terms and reference to “the Issuers” or “any of the Issuers” shall be to each Issuer (as defined in Condition 1(a)); and
- (x) if the Issuer is Atlas Copco, references herein to Guarantor and Deed of Guarantee, and related expressions, are not applicable.

3. **Form, Denomination and Title**

The Notes are in bearer form in the Specified Denomination(s) with Coupons and, if specified in the relevant Final Terms, Talons attached at the time of issue. In the case of a Series of Notes with more than one Specified Denomination, Notes of one Specified Denomination will not be exchangeable for Notes of another Specified Denomination. Notes are serially numbered and are issued with Coupons (and, where appropriate, a Talon) attached, save in the case of Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to interest (other than in relation to interest due after the Maturity Date), Coupons and Talons in those conditions are not applicable. Title to the Notes and the Coupons and Talons will pass by delivery. The “**holder**” means the holder of such Note and “**Noteholder**” and “**Couponholder**” shall be construed accordingly. The holder of any Note, Coupon or Talon shall (except as otherwise required by law) be treated as its absolute owner for all purposes (whether or not it is overdue and regardless of any notice of ownership, trust or any other interest therein, any writing thereon or any notice of any previous loss or theft thereof) and no Person shall be liable for so treating such holder. No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of any Note under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999.

4. **Status of the Notes and the Guarantee**

- (a) *Status of the Notes:* The Notes and the Coupons constitute direct, general, unconditional, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5(a) (*Negative Pledge*)) unsecured obligations of the Issuer which will at all times rank *pari passu* among themselves and at least *pari passu* with all other present and future unsecured obligations of the Issuer, save for such obligations as may be preferred by provisions of law that are both mandatory and of general application.
- (b) *Guarantee of the Guaranteed Notes:* The Guarantor has in the Deed of Guarantee unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed on an unsubordinated basis the due and punctual payment of all sums from time to time payable by the Issuer in respect of the Guaranteed Notes. The obligations of the Guarantor under the Deed of Guarantee constitute direct, unconditional, unsubordinated and (subject to the provisions of Condition 5(a) (*Negative Pledge*)) unsecured obligations of the Guarantor and (save for certain obligations required to be preferred by law) rank *pari passu* and rateably without any preference among such obligations of the Guarantor in respect of the Guaranteed Notes of the same issue and at least *pari passu* with all other unsubordinated and unsecured indebtedness of the Guarantor, present or future.

5. **Certain Covenants**

- (a) *Negative Pledge:* So long as any Note remains outstanding, neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor shall, and the Issuer and the Guarantor shall procure that none of their respective Subsidiaries will, create or permit to subsist any Security Interest, except for any Permitted Security Interests, upon the whole or any part of its present or future undertaking, assets or revenues (including uncalled capital) to secure any Relevant Indebtedness or Guarantee of Relevant Indebtedness without (a) at the same time or prior

thereto securing the Notes equally and rateably therewith or (b) providing such other security for the Notes as may be approved by an Extraordinary Resolution of Noteholders.

- (b) *Limitation Upon Sale/Leaseback Transactions:* So long as any of the Notes are outstanding, none of the Issuer, the Guarantor nor any of their respective Subsidiaries may enter into any Sale/Leaseback Transaction without equally and rateably securing the Notes, unless either (a) the Exempted Debt of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their respective Subsidiaries, after giving effect to such transaction, would not exceed 15 per cent. of the Consolidated Net Tangible Assets, or (b) the Issuer or the Guarantor, within 12 months after such Sale/Leaseback Transaction, applies to the retirement of Debt of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective Subsidiaries which is not subordinate to the Notes, an amount equal to the greater of (i) the net proceeds of the sale or transfer of the property or other assets which are the subject of such Sale/Leaseback Transaction and (ii) the fair market value of the property or other assets so leased (in each case as determined by the Issuer or the Guarantor). The foregoing restriction shall not apply to any transaction between the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and a Subsidiary of the Issuer or the Guarantor, pursuant to which such Subsidiary sells or transfer assets to the Issuer or the Guarantor.

6. Fixed Rate Note Provisions

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 6 (*Fixed Rate Note Provisions*) is applicable to the Notes only if the Fixed Rate Note Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Accrual of interest:* The Notes bear interest from the Interest Commencement Date at the Rate of Interest payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Payments*). Each Note will cease to bear interest from the due date for final redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which case it will continue to bear interest in accordance with this Condition 6 (*Fixed Rate Note Provisions*) (as well after as before judgment) until whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Noteholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Fiscal Agent has notified the Noteholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Notes up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).
- (c) *Fixed Coupon Amount:* The amount of interest payable in respect of each Note for any Interest Period shall be the relevant Fixed Coupon Amount and, if the Notes are in more than one Specified Denomination, shall be the relevant Fixed Coupon Amount in respect of the relevant Specified Denomination.
- (d) *Calculation of interest amount:* The amount of interest payable in respect of each Note for any period for which a Fixed Coupon Amount is not specified shall be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest to the Calculation Amount, multiplying the product by the relevant Day Count Fraction, rounding the resulting figure to the nearest sub unit of the Specified Currency (half a sub unit being rounded upwards) and multiplying such rounded figure by a fraction equal to the Specified Denomination of such Note divided by the Calculation Amount. For this purpose a “**sub-unit**” means, in the case of any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, in the case of euro, means one cent.

7. Floating Rate Note Provisions

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 7 (*Floating Rate Note Provisions*) is applicable to the Notes only if the Floating Rate Note Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Accrual of interest:* The Notes bear interest from the Interest Commencement Date at the Rate of Interest payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Payments*). Each Note will cease to bear interest from the due date for final redemption unless, upon due presentation, payment of the Redemption Amount is improperly withheld or refused, in which case it will continue to bear interest in accordance with this Condition 7 (*Floating Rate Note Provisions*) (as well after as before judgment) until whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Noteholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Fiscal Agent has notified the Noteholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Notes up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

- (c) *Screen Rate Determination*: If Screen Rate Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes for each Interest Period will be determined by the Calculation Agent on the following basis:
- (i) if the Reference Rate is a composite quotation or customarily supplied by one entity, the Calculation Agent will determine the Reference Rate which appears on the Relevant Screen Page as of the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date;
 - (ii) in any other case, the Calculation Agent will determine the arithmetic mean of the Reference Rates which appear on the Relevant Screen Page as of the Relevant Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date;
 - (iii) if, in the case of (i) above, such rate does not appear on that page or, in the case of (ii) above, fewer than two such rates appear on that page or if, in either case, the Relevant Screen Page is unavailable, the Reference Banks Agent shall:
 - (A) request the principal Relevant Financial Centre office of each of the Reference Banks to provide a quotation of the Reference Rate at approximately the Relevant Time on the Interest Determination Date to prime banks in the Relevant Financial Centre interbank market in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time; and
 - (B) determine the arithmetic mean of such quotations; and
 - (iv) if fewer than two such quotations are provided as requested, the Reference Banks Agent will determine the arithmetic mean of the rates (being the nearest to the Reference Rate, as determined by the Reference Banks Agent) quoted by major banks in the Principal Financial Centre of the Specified Currency, selected by the Reference Banks Agent, at approximately 11.00 a.m. (local time in the Principal Financial Centre of the Specified Currency) on the first day of the relevant Interest Period for loans in the Specified Currency to leading European banks for a period equal to the relevant Interest Period and in an amount that is representative for a single transaction in that market at that time,

and the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the sum of the Margin and the rate or (as the case may be) the arithmetic mean so determined; provided, however, that if the Reference Banks Agent is unable to determine a rate or (as the case may be) an arithmetic mean in accordance with the above provisions in relation to any Interest Period, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes during such Interest Period will be the sum of the Margin and the rate or (as the case may be) the arithmetic mean last determined in relation to the Notes in respect of a preceding Interest Period.

For the purposes of this Condition 7(c) (*Screen Rate Determination*):

“**Reference Banks Agent**” means an independent investment bank, commercial bank or stockbroker appointed by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor.

- (d) *ISDA Determination*: If ISDA Determination is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes for each Interest Period will be the sum of the Margin and the relevant ISDA Rate where “**ISDA Rate**” in relation to any Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) that would be determined by the Calculation Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Calculation Agent were acting as Calculation Agent for that interest rate swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the ISDA Definitions and under which:
- (i) the Floating Rate Option (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is as specified in the relevant Final Terms;
 - (ii) the Designated Maturity (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is a period specified in the relevant Final Terms; and
 - (iii) the relevant Reset Date (as defined in the ISDA Definitions) is as specified in the relevant Final Terms.
- (e) *Linear Interpolation*: If Linear Interpolation is specified in the relevant Final Terms as the manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined, the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes for each Interest Period shall be calculated by the Calculation Agent by straight-line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant Reference Rate (where Screen Rate Determination is

specified hereon as applicable) or the relevant Floating Rate Option (where ISDA Determination is specified hereon as applicable) and determined as follows:

- (i) one rate as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the length of the relevant Interest Period; and
- (ii) the other rate as if the Applicable Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Period;

provided, however, that if no rate is available for a period of time next shorter or, as the case may be, next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Period, then the Calculation Agent shall determine such rate at such time and by reference to such sources as it determines appropriate.

- (f) *Benchmark Event*: Notwithstanding the provisions above in this Condition 7, if the Issuer, in consultation with the party responsible for determining the Rate of Interest (being the Fiscal Agent, the Calculation Agent or such other party specified in the applicable Final Terms, as applicable), determines that a Benchmark Event occurs in relation to an Original Reference Rate at any time when the Conditions provide for any Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) to be determined by reference to such Original Reference Rate, then the following provisions shall apply:
 - (i) The Issuer shall use reasonable endeavours to appoint an Independent Adviser, as soon as reasonably practicable, to determine (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) a Successor Rate, failing which an Alternative Rate and in either case, an Adjustment Spread and any Benchmark Amendments (each as defined and as further described below) no later than five Business Days prior to the Interest Determination Date relating to the next succeeding Interest Period (the “**IA Determination Cut-off Date**”) for purposes of determining the Rate of Interest applicable to the Notes for such next succeeding Interest Period and for all future Interest Periods (subject to the subsequent operation of this Condition 7(f) during any other future Interest Period(s));
 - (ii) if the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner) determines that:
 - (A) there is a Successor Rate, then such Successor Rate (as adjusted by the applicable Adjustment Spread as provided in Condition 7(f)(iii)) shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the subsequent further operation of this Condition 7(f)); or
 - (B) there is no Successor Rate but that there is an Alternative Rate, then such Alternative Rate (as adjusted by the applicable Adjustment Spread as provided in Condition 7(f)(iii)) shall subsequently be used in place of the Original Reference Rate to determine the Rate of Interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for all future payments of interest on the Notes (subject to the further operation of this Condition 7(f));
 - (iii) if a Successor Rate or Alternative Rate is determined in accordance with Condition 7(f)(ii), the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) shall determine an Adjustment Spread (which may be expressed as a specified quantum or a formula or methodology for determining the applicable Adjustment Spread (and, for the avoidance of doubt, an Adjustment Spread may be positive, negative or zero)), which Adjustment Spread shall be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) for each subsequent determination of a relevant Rate of Interest (or a relevant component part thereof) by reference to such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate (as applicable), subject to the subsequent further operation and adjustment as provided in this Condition 7(f);
 - (iv) if any Successor Rate, Alternative Rate and (in either case) the applicable Adjustment Spread is determined in accordance with this Condition 7(f) and the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner) determines (i) that amendments to these Conditions are necessary to ensure the proper operation of such Successor Rate, Alternative Rate and/or (in either case) Adjustment Spread (such amendments, the “**Benchmark Amendments**”) and (ii) the terms of the Benchmark Amendments, then the Issuer shall, subject to giving notice thereof in accordance with Condition 7(f)(v), without any requirement for the

consent or approval of Noteholders or Couponholders, vary these Conditions to give effect to such Benchmark Amendments with effect from the date specified in such notice.

At the request of the Issuer, the Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents and the Calculation Agent shall (at the Issuer's expense and direction), without any requirement for the consent or approval of the Noteholders or Couponholders, be obliged to concur with the Issuer in effecting any Benchmark Amendments required to the Agency Agreement and these Conditions.

In connection with any such variation in accordance with this Condition 7(f), the Issuer shall comply with the rules of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on or by which the Notes are for the time being listed or admitted to trading; and

- (v) the Issuer shall promptly notify the party responsible for determining the Rate of Interest (being the Fiscal Agent, the Calculation Agent or such other party specified in the applicable Final Terms, as applicable), the Fiscal Agent, the Paying Agents and, in accordance with Condition 19 (Notices), the Noteholders of any Successor Rate, Alternative Rate, the applicable Adjustment Spread and the specific terms of any Benchmark Amendments determined under this Condition 7(f). Such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the effective date of the Benchmark Amendments, if any.

Without prejudice to the obligations of the Issuer under this Condition 7(f), the Original Reference Rate and the fallback provisions provided for in Condition 7(c) will continue to apply unless and until the party responsible for determining the Rate of Interest (being the Fiscal Agent, the Calculation Agent or such other party specified in the applicable Final Terms, as applicable) has been notified of the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be), the applicable Adjustment Spread and Benchmark Amendments (if applicable), in accordance with Condition 7(f)(v).

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 7(f), neither the Fiscal Agent nor the Calculation Agent is obliged to concur with the Issuer or the Independent Adviser in respect of any changes or amendments as contemplated under this Condition 7(f) which, in the sole opinion of the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable), would have the effect of (i) exposing the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) to any liability against which it has not been indemnified and/or secured and/or prefunded to its satisfaction or (ii) increasing the obligations or duties, or decreasing the rights or protections, of the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) in the Agency Agreement and/or these Conditions.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Condition 7(f), if in the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent's (as applicable) opinion there is any uncertainty between two or more alternative courses of action in making any determination or calculation under this Condition 5, the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) shall promptly notify the Issuer and/or the Independent Adviser thereof and the Issuer shall direct the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) in writing as to which alternative course of action to adopt. If the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) is not promptly provided with such direction, or is otherwise unable to make such calculation or determination for any reason, it shall notify the Issuer and/or the Independent Adviser (as the case may be) thereof and the Fiscal Agent or the Calculation Agent (as applicable) shall be under no obligation to make such calculation or determination and shall not incur any liability for not doing so.

For the avoidance of doubt, none of the Fiscal Agent, any Paying Agent and the Calculation Agent shall be obliged to monitor or inquire whether a Benchmark Event has occurred or have any liability in respect thereof.

For the purposes of this Condition 7(f):

“Adjustment Spread” means either a spread (which may be positive, negative or zero), or the formula or methodology for calculating a spread, in either case, which the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) determines is required to be applied to the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) to reduce or eliminate, to the fullest extent reasonably practicable in the circumstances, any economic prejudice or benefit (as the case may be) to Noteholders and Couponholders as a result of the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be) and is the spread, formula or methodology which:

- (i) in the case of a Successor Rate, is formally recommended, or formally provided as an option for parties to adopt, in relation to the replacement of the Original Reference Rate with the Successor Rate by any Relevant Nominating Body;

- (ii) (if no such recommendation or option has been made (or made available), or in the case of an Alternative Rate) the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) determines is recognised or acknowledged as being in customary usage in international debt capital markets transactions which reference the Original Reference Rate, where such rate has been replaced by the Successor Rate or the Alternative Rate (as the case may be); or
- (iii) (if no such customary market usage is recognised or acknowledged) the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) determines to be appropriate;

“Alternative Rate” means an alternative to the Original Reference Rate which the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner and after consultation with the Issuer) determines in accordance with Condition 7(f)(ii) has replaced the Original Reference Rate in customary market usage in the international debt capital markets for the purposes of determining rates of interest (or the relevant component part thereof) for the same interest period and in the same Specified Currency as the Notes or, if the Independent Adviser determines there is no such rate, such other rate as the Independent Adviser (acting in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner) determines is most comparable to the Original Reference Rate;

“Benchmark Amendments” has the meaning given to it in Condition 7(f)(iv);

“Benchmark Event” means:

- (i) the Original Reference Rate ceasing to be published for a period of at least 5 Business Days or ceasing to exist;
- (ii) the later of (i) the making of a public statement by the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that it will, on or before a specified date, cease publishing the Original Reference Rate permanently or indefinitely (in circumstances where no successor administrator has been appointed that will continue publication of the Original Reference Rate) and (ii) the date falling six months prior to the date specified in (i);
- (iii) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate has been permanently or indefinitely discontinued;
- (iv) the later of (i) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that the Original Reference Rate will, on or before a specified date, be permanently or indefinitely discontinued and (ii) the date falling six months prior to the date specified in (i);
- (v) the later of (i) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of the Original Reference Rate that means the Original Reference Rate will be prohibited from being used or that its use will be subject to restrictions or adverse consequences, in each case on or before a specified date and (ii) the date falling six months prior to the specified date referred to in (i);
- (vi) it has or will prior to the next Interest Determination Date become unlawful for any Paying Agent, the Fiscal Agent, the Calculation Agent, the Issuer or other party to calculate any payments due to be made to any Noteholder or Couponholder using the Original Reference Rate (including, without limitation, under the Benchmarks Regulation (EU) 2016/1011, if applicable); or
- (vii) the making of a public statement by the supervisor of the administrator of such Original Reference Rate announcing that such Original Reference Rate is no longer representative or may no longer be used;

“Independent Adviser” means an independent financial institution of international repute or other independent financial adviser experienced in the international capital markets, in each case appointed by the Issuer at its own expense. For the avoidance of doubt, an Independent Adviser appointed pursuant to this Condition 7(f) shall act in good faith as an expert and in a commercially reasonable manner and (in the absence of bad faith or fraud) shall have no liability whatsoever to the Issuer, the Paying Agents, the Noteholders or the Couponholders for any determination made by it pursuant to this Condition 7(f);

“Original Reference Rate” means the originally-specified Reference Rate used to determine the relevant Rate of Interest (or any component part thereof) in respect of any Interest Period(s) (provided that if, following one or more Benchmark Events, such originally-specified Reference Rate (or any Successor Rate or Alternative Rate which has replaced it) has been replaced by a (or a further) Successor Rate or Alternative Rate and a Benchmark Event subsequently occurs in respect of such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate, the term “Original Reference Rate”) shall include any such Successor Rate of Alternative Rate);

“Relevant Nominating Body” means, in respect of an Original Reference Rate:

- (i) the central bank, reserve bank, monetary authority or any similar institution for the currency to which the Original Reference Rate relates, or any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the Original Reference Rate; or
- (ii) any working group or committee sponsored by, chaired or co-chaired by or constituted at the request of (a) the central bank, reserve bank, monetary authority or any similar institution for the currency to which the Original Reference Rate relates, (b) any central bank or other supervisory authority which is responsible for supervising the administrator of the Original Reference Rate, (c) a group of the aforementioned central banks or other supervisory authorities or (d) the Financial Stability Board or any part thereof; and

“Successor Rate” means a successor to or replacement of the Original Reference Rate or, where a Successor Rate or an Alternative Rate has been determined pursuant to Condition 7(f)(ii), such Successor Rate or Alternative Rate, as applicable, which is formally recommended by any Relevant Nominating Body.

- (g) *Maximum or Minimum Rate of Interest:* If any Maximum Rate of Interest or Minimum Rate of Interest is specified in the relevant Final Terms, then the Rate of Interest shall in no event be greater than the maximum or be less than the minimum so specified.
- (h) *Calculation of Interest Amount:* The Calculation Agent will, as soon as practicable after the time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined in relation to each Interest Period, calculate the Interest Amount payable in respect of each Note for such Interest Period. The Interest Amount will be calculated by applying the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period to the Calculation Amount, multiplying the product by the relevant Day Count Fraction, rounding the resulting figure to the nearest sub unit of the Specified Currency (half a sub unit being rounded upwards) and multiplying such rounded figure by a fraction equal to the Specified Denomination of the relevant Note divided by the Calculation Amount. For this purpose **“sub-unit”** means, in the case of any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, in the case of euro, means one cent.
- (i) *Calculation of other amounts:* If the relevant Final Terms specifies that any other amount is to be calculated by the Calculation Agent, the Calculation Agent will, as soon as practicable after the time or times at which any such amount is to be determined, calculate the relevant amount. The relevant amount will be calculated by the Calculation Agent in the manner specified in the relevant Final Terms.
- (j) *Publication:* The Calculation Agent will cause each Rate of Interest and Interest Amount determined by it, together with the relevant Interest Payment Date, and any other amount(s) required to be determined by it together with any relevant payment date(s) to be notified to the Paying Agents and each competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system (if any) by which the Notes have then been admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation as soon as practicable after such determination but (in the case of each Rate of Interest, Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date) in any event not later than the first day of the relevant Interest Period. Notice thereof shall also promptly be given to the Noteholders. The Calculation Agent will be entitled to recalculate any Interest Amount (on the basis of the foregoing provisions) without notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the relevant Interest Period. If the Calculation Amount is less than the minimum Specified Denomination the Calculation Agent shall not be obliged to publish each Interest Amount but instead may publish only the Calculation Amount and the Interest Amount in respect of a Note having the minimum Specified Denomination.
- (k) *Notifications etc.:* All notifications, opinions, determinations, certificates, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of this Condition 7 (*Floating Rate Note Provisions*) by the Calculation Agent will (in the absence of manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Guarantor, the Paying Agents, the Noteholders and the Couponholders and (subject as aforesaid) no liability to any such Person will attach to the Calculation Agent in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions for such purposes.

8. Zero Coupon Note Provisions

- (a) *Application:* This Condition 8 (*Zero Coupon Note Provisions*) is applicable to the Notes only if the Zero Coupon Note Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable.
- (b) *Late payment on Zero Coupon Notes:* If the Redemption Amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note is improperly withheld or refused, the Redemption Amount shall thereafter be an amount equal to the sum of:
 - (i) the Reference Price; and
 - (ii) the product of the Accrual Yield (compounded annually) being applied to the Reference Price on the basis of the relevant Day Count Fraction from (and including) the Issue Date to (but excluding) whichever is the earlier of (i) the day on which all sums due in respect of such Note up to that day are received by or on behalf of the relevant Noteholder and (ii) the day which is seven days after the Fiscal Agent has notified the Noteholders that it has received all sums due in respect of the Notes up to such seventh day (except to the extent that there is any subsequent default in payment).

9. Redemption and Purchase

- (a) *Scheduled redemption:* Unless previously redeemed, or purchased and cancelled, the Notes will be redeemed at their Final Redemption Amount on the Maturity Date, subject as provided in Condition 10 (*Payments*).
- (b) *Redemption for tax reasons:* The Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, but not in part:
 - (i) at any time (if Floating Rate Note Provisions are not specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable); or
 - (ii) on any Interest Payment Date (if the Floating Rate Note Provisions are specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable),

on giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable), at their Early Redemption Amount (Tax), together with interest accrued (if any) to the date fixed for redemption, if:

- (a) the Issuer has or will become obliged to pay additional amounts as provided or referred to in Condition 11 (*Taxation*) or the Guarantor would, if a demand was made under the Guarantee of the Notes become obliged for reasons outside its control to pay such additional amounts, in each case as a result of any change in, or amendment to, the laws or regulations of the Kingdom of Sweden or Ireland or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax, or any change in the application or official interpretation of such laws or regulations (including a holding by a court of competent jurisdiction), which change or amendment becomes effective on or after the date of issue of the first Tranche of the Notes; and
- (b) such obligation cannot be avoided by the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor taking reasonable measures available to it, *provided, however, that* no such notice of redemption shall be given earlier than:
 - (1) where the Notes may be redeemed at any time, 90 days prior to the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, would be obliged to pay such additional amounts if a payment in respect of the Notes were then due; or
 - (2) where the Notes may be redeemed only on an Interest Payment Date, 60 days prior to the Interest Payment Date occurring immediately before the earliest date on which the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor, would be obliged to pay such additional amounts if a payment in respect of the Notes were then due.

Prior to the publication of any notice of redemption pursuant to this paragraph, the Issuer shall deliver or procure that there is delivered to the Fiscal Agent (A) a certificate signed by two directors of the Issuer, or as the case may be, two directors of the Guarantor stating that the Issuer is entitled to effect such redemption and setting forth a statement of facts showing that the conditions precedent to the right of the Issuer so to redeem have occurred and (B) an opinion of independent legal advisers of recognised standing to the effect that the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor has or will become obliged to

pay such additional amounts as a result of such change or amendment. Upon the expiry of any such notice as is referred to in this Condition 9(b), the Issuer shall be bound to redeem the Notes in accordance with this Condition 9(b).

- (c) *Redemption at the option of the Issuer:* If the Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole or, if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, in part on any Optional Redemption Date (Call) at the relevant Optional Redemption Amount (Call) on the Issuer's giving not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable and shall oblige the Issuer to redeem the Notes or, as the case may be, the Notes specified in such notice on the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Call) at the Optional Redemption Amount (Call) plus accrued interest (if any) to such date).
- (d) *Make Whole call at the option of the Issuer:* If the Make Whole Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, the Notes may be redeemed at the option of the Issuer in whole, or if so specified in the relevant Final Terms, in part at any time or from time to time, prior to their Maturity Date (the "**Make Whole Redemption Date**") at a redemption price equal to the greater of (i) 100 per cent. of their principal amount of the Notes so redeemed and (ii) the sum of the present values of the remaining scheduled payments of principal and interest thereon to the Maturity Date or, if Par Call Period is specified in the applicable Final Terms, to the Par Call Period Commencement Date, discounted at the Benchmark Rate, as defined herein, plus a Make Whole Redemption Margin (the "**Make Whole Redemption Amount**") on the Issuer giving not less than 10 nor more than 60 days' notice to the Noteholders (which notice shall be irrevocable (other than in the circumstances set out in the next sentence) and shall oblige the Issuer to redeem the Notes or, as the case may be, the Notes specified in such notice on the relevant Make Whole Redemption Date at the Make Whole Redemption Amount plus accrued interest (if any) to such date). Any such notice of redemption may, at the Issuer's discretion, be subject to one or more conditions precedent, in which case such notice shall state that, in the Issuer's discretion, the Make Whole Redemption Date may be delayed until such time as any or all such conditions shall be satisfied (or waived by the Issuer in its sole discretion), or such redemption may not occur and such notice may be rescinded in the event that any or all such conditions shall not have been satisfied (or waived by the Issuer in its sole discretion) by the Make Whole Redemption Date, or by the Make Whole Redemption Date so delayed.

For the purposes of this Condition 9(d) (*Make Whole call at the option of the Issuer*):

"**Benchmark Rate**" means, with respect to any date of redemption, the rate per annum equal to the annual or semi-annual yield (as the case may be) to maturity or interpolated yield to maturity (on the relevant day count basis) of the Reference Bond, assuming a price for the Reference Bond (expressed as a percentage of its nominal amount) equal to the Reference Bond Price for such date of redemption.

"**Comparable Bond**" means a government security or securities selected by the Determination Agent as having an actual or interpolated maturity comparable to the remaining term of the Notes and which is denominated in the same currency as the Notes.

"**Determination Agent**" means a financial adviser selected by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes).

"**Make Whole Redemption Margin**" has the meaning given in the relevant Final Terms;

"**Reference Bond**" shall be as set out in the relevant Final Terms or the Comparable Bond.

"**Reference Bond Price**" means, with respect to any date of redemption, (A) the arithmetic average of the Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations for such date of redemption or (B) if the Determination Agent obtains fewer than four such Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations, the arithmetic average of all such quotations.

"**Reference Date**" will be set out in the relevant notice of redemption.

"**Reference Government Bond Dealer**" means each of at least two banks selected by the Determination Agent, or their affiliates, which are (A) primary government securities dealers, and their respective successors, or (B) market makers in pricing corporate bond issues.

"**Reference Government Bond Dealer Quotations**" mean, with respect to each Reference Government Bond Dealer and any date for redemption, the arithmetic average, as determined by the Determination Agent, of the bid and offered prices for the Reference Bond (expressed in each case as a percentage of

its nominal amount) at the Quotation Time specified in the relevant Final Terms on the Reference Date quoted in writing to the Determination Agent by such Reference Government Bond Dealer.

- (e) *Partial redemption*: If the Notes are to be redeemed in part only on any date in accordance with Condition 9(c) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*), the Notes to be redeemed shall be selected by the drawing of lots in such place as the Fiscal Agent approves and in such manner as the Fiscal Agent considers appropriate, subject to compliance with applicable law, the rules of each competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system (if any) by which the Notes have then been admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation and the notice to Noteholders referred to in Condition 9(c) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*) shall specify the serial numbers of the Notes so to be redeemed. If any Maximum Redemption Amount or Minimum Redemption Amount is specified in the relevant Final Terms, then the Optional Redemption Amount (Call) shall in no event be greater than the maximum or be less than the minimum so specified.
- (f) *Redemption at the option of Noteholders*: If the Put Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, the Issuer shall, at the option of the holder of any Note redeem such Note on the Optional Redemption Date (Put) specified in the relevant Put Option Notice at the relevant Optional Redemption Amount (Put) together with interest (if any) accrued to such date. In order to exercise the option contained in this Condition 9(f), the holder of a Note must, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days before the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), deposit with any Paying Agent such Note together with all unmatured Coupons relating thereto and a duly completed Put Option Notice in the form obtainable from any Paying Agent. The Paying Agent with which a Note is so deposited shall deliver a duly completed Put Option Receipt to the depositing Noteholder. No Note, once deposited with a duly completed Put Option Notice in accordance with this Condition 9(f), may be withdrawn; provided, however, that if, prior to the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), any such Note becomes immediately due and payable or, upon due presentation of any such Note on the relevant Optional Redemption Date (Put), payment of the redemption moneys is improperly withheld or refused, the relevant Paying Agent shall mail notification thereof to the depositing Noteholder at such address as may have been given by such Noteholder in the relevant Put Option Notice and shall hold such Note at its Specified Office for collection by the depositing Noteholder against surrender of the relevant Put Option Receipt. For so long as any outstanding Note is held by a Paying Agent in accordance with this Condition 9(f), the depositor of such Note and not such Paying Agent shall be deemed to be the holder of such Note for all purposes.
- (g) *Clean-up Call Option*: If the Clean-up Call Option is specified in the relevant Final Terms as being applicable, in the event that Notes representing an aggregate amount equal to or exceeding 80 per cent. of the principal amount of the Notes have been purchased and cancelled or redeemed by the Issuer (other than as a result of the exercise by the Issuer of its redemption right under Condition 9(c) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*) or Condition 9(d) (*Make Whole call at the option of the Issuer*)) the Issuer may, on giving not less than 10 nor more than 60 days' irrevocable notice to the Noteholders (or such other notice period as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms), redeem on the date specified in such notice all, but not some only, of the remaining Notes in that Series at their Clean-up Call Redemption Amount (as specified in the relevant Final Terms) together with any interest accrued to but excluding the date set for redemption.
- (h) *Early redemption of Zero Coupon Notes*: Unless otherwise specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Redemption Amount payable on redemption of a Zero Coupon Note at any time before the Maturity Date shall be an amount equal to the sum of:
 - (i) the Reference Price; and
 - (ii) the product of the Accrual Yield (compounded annually) being applied to the Reference Price from (and including) the Issue Date to (but excluding) the date fixed for redemption or (as the case may be) the date upon which the Note becomes due and payable.

Where such calculation is to be made for a period which is not a whole number of years, the calculation in respect of the period of less than a full year shall be made on the basis of such Day Count Fraction as may be specified in the Final Terms for the purposes of this Condition 9(g) or, if none is so specified, a Day Count Fraction of 30E/360.

- (i) *No other redemption*: The Issuer shall not be entitled to redeem the Notes otherwise than as provided in paragraphs (a) to (g) above.

- (j) *Purchase*: The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective Subsidiaries may at any time purchase Notes in the open market or otherwise and at any price, provided that all unmatured Coupons are purchased therewith.
- (k) *Cancellation*: All Notes redeemed pursuant to paragraph (a) to (g) of this Condition 9 (*Redemption and Purchase*) will forthwith be cancelled (together with all unmatured Coupons (if any) attached thereto or surrendered therewith) and may not be reissued or resold. Notes purchased pursuant to paragraph (j) of this Condition 9 (*Redemption and Purchase*) may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation (and those cancelled may not be reissued or resold).

10. Payments

- (a) *Principal*: Payments of principal shall be made only against presentation and (provided that payment is made in full) surrender of Notes at the Specified Office of any Paying Agent outside the United States by cheque drawn in the currency in which the payment is due on, or by transfer to an account denominated in that currency (or, if that currency is euro, any other account to which euro may be credited or transferred) and maintained by the payee with, a bank in the Principal Financial Centre of that currency, which, except as provided below under (c) must be outside the United States (in the case of a sterling cheque, a town clearing branch of a bank in the City of London).
- (b) *Interest*: Payments of interest shall, subject to paragraph (h) below, be made only against presentation and (provided that payment is made in full) surrender of the appropriate Coupons at the Specified Office of any Paying Agent outside the United States in the manner described in paragraph (a) above.
- (c) *Payments in New York City*: Payments of principal or interest may be made at the Specified Office of a Paying Agent in New York City if (i) the Issuer has appointed Paying Agents outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents will be able to make payment of the full amount of the interest on the Notes in the currency in which the payment is due when due, (ii) payment of the full amount of such interest at the offices of all such Paying Agents is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions and (iii) payment is permitted by applicable United States law.
- (d) *Payments subject to fiscal laws*: All payments in respect of the Notes are subject in all cases to (i) any applicable fiscal or other laws and regulations in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 11 (*Taxation*) and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the “**Code**”) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto. No commissions or expenses shall be charged to the Noteholders or Couponholders in respect of such payments.
- (e) *Deductions for unmatured Coupons*: If the relevant Final Terms specifies that the Fixed Rate Note Provisions are applicable and a Note is presented without all unmatured Coupons relating thereto:
 - (i) if the aggregate amount of the missing Coupons is less than or equal to the amount of principal due for payment, a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the missing Coupons will be deducted from the amount of principal due for payment; *provided, however, that* if the gross amount available for payment is less than the amount of principal due for payment, the sum deducted will be that proportion of the aggregate amount of such missing Coupons which the gross amount actually available for payment bears to the amount of principal due for payment;
 - (ii) if the aggregate amount of the missing Coupons is greater than the amount of principal due for payment:
 - (A) so many of such missing Coupons shall become void (in inverse order of maturity) as will result in the aggregate amount of the remainder of such missing Coupons (the “**Relevant Coupons**”) being equal to the amount of principal due for payment; *provided, however, that* where this sub paragraph would otherwise require a fraction of a missing Coupon to become void, such missing Coupon shall become void in its entirety; and
 - (B) a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the Relevant Coupons (or, if less, the amount of principal due for payment) will be deducted from the amount of principal due for payment; *provided, however, that*, if the gross amount available for payment is less than the amount of principal due for payment, the sum deducted will be that proportion

of the aggregate amount of the Relevant Coupons (or, as the case may be, the amount of principal due for payment) which the gross amount actually available for payment bears to the amount of principal due for payment.

Each sum of principal so deducted shall be paid in the manner provided in paragraph (a) above against presentation and (provided that payment is made in full) surrender of the relevant missing Coupons.

- (f) *Unmatured Coupons void*: If the relevant Final Terms specifies that this Condition 10(f) is applicable or that the Floating Rate Note Provisions are applicable, on the due date for final redemption of any Note or early redemption in whole of such Note pursuant to Condition 9(b) (*Redemption for tax reasons*), Condition 9(c) (*Redemption at the option of the Issuer*), Condition 9(f) (*Redemption at the option of Noteholders*), Condition 9(g) (*Clean-up Call Option*) or Condition 12 (*Events of Default*), all unmatured Coupons relating thereto (whether or not still attached) shall become void and no payment will be made in respect thereof.
- (g) *Payments on business days*: If the due date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a Payment Business Day in the place of presentation, the holder shall not be entitled to payment in such place of the amount due until the next succeeding Payment Business Day in such place and shall not be entitled to any further interest or other payment in respect of any such delay.
- (h) *Payments other than in respect of matured Coupons*: Payments of interest other than in respect of matured Coupons shall be made only against presentation of the relevant Notes at the Specified Office of any Paying Agent outside the United States (or in New York City if permitted by paragraph (c) above).
- (i) *Partial payments*: If a Paying Agent makes a partial payment in respect of any Note or Coupon presented to it for payment, such Paying Agent will endorse thereon a statement indicating the amount and date of such payment.
- (j) *Exchange of Talons*: On or after the maturity date of the final Coupon which is (or was at the time of issue) part of a Coupon Sheet relating to the Notes, the Talon forming part of such Coupon Sheet may be exchanged at the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent for a further Coupon Sheet (including, if appropriate, a further Talon but excluding any Coupons in respect of which claims have already become void pursuant to Condition 13 (*Prescription*)). Upon the due date for redemption of any Note, any unexchanged Talon relating to such Note shall become void and no Coupon will be delivered in respect of such Talon.

11. Taxation

- (a) *Gross up*: All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and the Coupons by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor shall be made free and clear of, and without withholding or deduction for or on account of, any present or future taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges of whatever nature imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed by or on behalf of the Kingdom of Sweden, Ireland or any political subdivision therein or any authority therein or thereof having power to tax, unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes, duties, assessments, or governmental charges is required by law. In that event, the Issuer or, as the case may be, the Guarantor shall pay such additional amounts as will result in receipt by the Noteholders and the Couponholders after such withholding or deduction of such amounts as would have been received by them had no such withholding or deduction been required, except that no such additional amounts shall be payable in respect of any Note or Coupon presented for payment:
 - (i) by or on behalf of a holder which is liable to such taxes, duties, assessments or governmental charges in respect of such Note or Coupon by reason of its having some connection with the jurisdiction by which such taxes, duties, assessments or charges have been imposed, levied, collected, withheld or assessed other than the mere holding of the Note or Coupon; or
 - (ii) more than 30 days after the Relevant Date except to the extent that the holder of such Note or Coupon would have been entitled to such additional amounts on presenting such Note or Coupon for payment on the last day of such period of 30 days.
- (b) *Taxing jurisdiction*: If the Issuer or the Guarantor become subject at any time to any taxing jurisdiction other than Ireland or the Kingdom of Sweden, references in these Conditions to Ireland or the Kingdom of Sweden shall be construed as references to Ireland or the Kingdom of Sweden and/or such other jurisdiction.

12. Events of Default

If any of the following events occurs:

- (a) *Non-payment*: if default is made in the payment of any principal in respect of the Notes on the due date for payment thereof or any amount of interest in respect of the Notes within 15 days of the due date for payment thereof; or
- (b) *Breach of other obligations*: the Issuer or the Guarantor defaults in the performance or observance of any of its other obligations under or in respect of the Notes or the Guarantee of the Notes and such default remains unremedied for 30 days after written notice thereof, addressed to the Issuer and the Guarantor by any Noteholder, has been delivered to the Issuer and the Guarantor and to the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent; or
- (c) *Cross default*:
 - (i) any Indebtedness of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary in the aggregate outstanding principal amount of, EUR 50,000,000 or more or its equivalent in any other currency is not paid when due or (as the case may be) within any originally applicable grace period;
 - (ii) any such Indebtedness in the aggregate outstanding principal amount of, EUR 50,000,000 or more or its equivalent in any other currency becomes (or becomes capable of being declared) due and payable prior to its stated maturity by reason of acceleration thereof following default by the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary; or
 - (iii) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary fails to pay when due or, as the case may be, within any originally applicable grace period any amount payable by it under any Guarantee of any Indebtedness in the aggregate outstanding principal amount of, EUR 50,000,000 or more or its equivalent in any other currency;

provided that, in the case of (i), (ii) and (iii) above, it shall not be an Event of Default if such Indebtedness has not been paid as a result of a bona fide dispute that is being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings and in respect of which sufficient and proper reserves in cash or other rapidly realisable liquid assets have been made in accordance with IFRS; or

- (d) *Insolvency etc.*: (i) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary become insolvent or is unable to pay their debts as they fall due, (ii) an administrator or liquidator of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary or the whole or any part of the undertaking, assets and revenues of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary is appointed (or application for any such appointment is made), (iii) the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary takes any action for a readjustment or deferment of any of its obligations or makes a general assignment or an arrangement or composition with or for the benefit of its creditors or declares a moratorium in respect of any of its Indebtedness or any Guarantee of any Indebtedness given by it or (iv) the Issuer or the Guarantor ceases or threatens to cease to carry on all or substantially all of its business; or
- (e) *Winding up etc.*: an order is made or an effective resolution is passed for the winding up, liquidation or dissolution of the Issuer, the Guarantor or any Material Subsidiary, except for the purpose of and followed by a reconstruction, amalgamation, reorganisation, merger or consolidation (i) on terms approved by an Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Agency Agreement) of the Noteholders, or (ii) in the case of a Material Subsidiary, whereby the undertaking and assets of the Material Subsidiary are transferred to or otherwise vested in Atlas Copco, or another Material Subsidiary; or
- (f) *Loss of control of Atlas Copco Finance*: If Atlas Copco Finance ceases to be a subsidiary wholly owned and controlled, directly or indirectly, by Atlas Copco; or
- (g) *Analogous event*: any event occurs which under the laws of Ireland or the Kingdom of Sweden has an analogous effect to any of the events referred to in paragraphs (d) to (e) above; or
- (h) *Failure to take action etc.*: any action, condition or thing at any time required to be taken, fulfilled or done in order (i) to enable the Issuer and the Guarantor lawfully to enter into, exercise its respective rights and perform and comply with its respective obligations under and in respect of the Notes and, in the case of the Guaranteed Notes, the Deed of Guarantee, (ii) to ensure that those obligations are legal, valid, binding and enforceable and (iii) to make the Notes, the Coupons and, in the case of the Guaranteed

Notes, the Deed of Guarantee, admissible in evidence in the courts of Ireland and the Kingdom of Sweden is not taken, fulfilled or done;

- (i) *Unlawfulness*: it is or will become unlawful for the Issuer or the Guarantor to perform or comply with any of its obligations under or in respect of the Notes or, in the case of the Guaranteed Notes, the Deed of Guarantee; or
- (j) *Guarantee not in force*: in the case of the Guaranteed Notes, the Guarantee of the Notes is not (or is claimed by the Guarantor not to be) in full force and effect,

then any Note may, by written notice addressed by the holders thereof to the Issuer and the Guarantor (in the case of the Guaranteed Notes) and delivered to the Issuer and the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) or to the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent, be declared immediately due and payable, whereupon it shall become immediately due and payable at its Early Termination Amount together with accrued interest (if any) without further action or formality.

13. **Prescription**

Claims for principal shall become void unless the relevant Notes are presented for payment within ten years of the appropriate Relevant Date. Claims for interest shall become void unless the relevant Coupons are presented for payment within five years of the appropriate Relevant Date.

14. **Replacement of Notes, Coupons and Talons**

If any Note, Coupon or Talon is lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent (and, if the Notes are then admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system which requires the appointment of a Paying Agent in any particular place, the Paying Agent having its Specified Office in the place required by such competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system), subject to all applicable laws and competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system requirements, upon payment by the claimant of the expenses incurred in connection with such replacement and on such terms as to evidence, security, indemnity and otherwise as the Issuer and the Guarantor may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

15. **Agents**

In acting under the Agency Agreement and in connection with the Notes and the Coupons and Talons, the Paying Agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and the Guarantor and do not assume any obligations towards or relationship of agency or trust for or with any of the Noteholders or Couponholders.

The initial Paying Agents and their initial Specified Offices are listed below. The initial Calculation Agent (if any) is specified in the relevant Final Terms. The Issuer and the Guarantor reserve the right at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent and to appoint a successor fiscal agent or Calculation Agent and additional or successor paying agents; *provided, however, that*:

- (a) the Issuer and the Guarantor shall at all times maintain a Fiscal Agent; and
- (b) if a Calculation Agent is specified in the relevant Final Terms, the Issuer and the Guarantor (shall at all times maintain a Calculation Agent; and
- (c) if and for so long as the Notes are admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by any competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system which requires the appointment of a Paying Agent in any particular place, the Issuer and the Guarantor shall maintain a Paying Agent having its Specified Office in the place required by such competent authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system.

Notice of any appointment of, or change in, any of the Paying Agents or in their Specified Offices shall promptly be given to the Noteholders.

16. **Meetings of Noteholders; Modification and Waiver**

- (a) **Meetings of Noteholders**: The Agency Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of Noteholders (including by way of conference calls or by use of video conference platform) to consider matters relating to the Notes, including the modification of any provision of these Conditions. Any such modification may be made if sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution. Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer and the Guarantor (acting together in the case of the Guaranteed Notes) and shall be convened by it upon the request in writing of Noteholders holding not less than one tenth of the

aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes. The quorum at any meeting convened to vote on an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more Persons holding or representing one more than half of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes or, at any adjourned meeting, two or more Persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the principal amount of the Notes held or represented; provided, however, that Reserved Matters may only be sanctioned by an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a meeting of Noteholders at which two or more Persons holding or representing not less than three quarters or, at any adjourned meeting, one quarter of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Notes form a quorum. Any Extraordinary Resolution duly passed at any such meeting shall be binding on all the Noteholders and Couponholders, whether present or not.

In addition, a resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all Noteholders who for the time being are entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Noteholders will take effect as if it were an Extraordinary Resolution. Such a resolution in writing may be contained in one document or several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Noteholders.

- (b) *Modification*: The Notes, these Conditions, the Deed of Covenant and, in the case of the Guaranteed Notes, the Deed of Guarantee may be amended without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders to correct a manifest error. In addition, the parties to the Agency Agreement may agree to modify any provision thereof, but the Issuer and the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) shall not agree, without the consent of the Noteholders, to any such modification unless it is of a formal, minor or technical nature, it is made to correct a manifest error or it is, in the opinion of such parties, not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders.

17. **Substitution**

The Issuer, or any previously substituted company, may at any time, without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders through novation substitute for itself as principal debtor under the Notes and the Coupons a Subsidiary of Atlas Copco (the “**Substitute**”) in the manner specified in the Agency Agreement, provided that no payment in respect of the Notes or the Coupons is at the relevant time overdue. The substitution shall be made by a deed poll (the “**Deed Poll**”), to be substantially in the form exhibited to the Agency Agreement, and may take place only if:

- (i) the Substitute shall have become party to the Agency Agreement, and Deed Poll, *mutatis mutandis*, as if it had been an original party thereto and the Substitute shall enter into a deed of covenant on the same terms as the Deed of Covenant, *mutatis mutandis*;
- (ii) the Substitute shall, by means of the Deed Poll, agree to indemnify each Noteholder, and Couponholder against any withholding, tax, duty, assessment or governmental charge which is imposed on it by (or by any authority in or of) the jurisdiction of the country of the Substitute’s residence for tax purposes and/or, if different, of its incorporation with respect to any Note, Coupon or deed of covenant and which would not have been so imposed had the substitution not been made, as well as against any withholding, tax, duty, assessment or governmental charge, and any cost or expense, relating to the substitution;
- (iii) the obligations of the Substitute under the Deed Poll, the Agency Agreement, the deed of covenant, the Notes, and the Coupons shall be unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Atlas Copco by means of the Deed Poll;
- (iv) all action, conditions and things required to be taken, fulfilled and done (including the obtaining of any necessary consents) to ensure that the Deed Poll, the Agency Agreement, the deed of covenant, the Notes, and Coupons, *mutatis mutandis* represent valid, legally binding and enforceable obligations of the Substitute and in the case of the Deed Poll of Atlas Copco have been taken, fulfilled and done and are in full force and effect;
- (v) the Substitute, if incorporated in a jurisdiction other than England, shall have appointed an agent to receive, for and on its behalf, service of process in any Proceedings (as defined in Condition 22(d) (*Rights of the Noteholders to take proceedings outside England*)) in England;
- (vi) each listing authority and stock exchange (if any) on which the Notes are then admitted to listing or trading shall have confirmed that, following the proposed substitution, the Notes will be admitted to listing or trading by such listing authority or stock exchange;
- (vii) legal opinions, subject to customary assumptions and qualifications, addressed to the Noteholders shall have been delivered to them (care of the Fiscal Agent) from a lawyer or firm of lawyers with a leading securities practice in each jurisdiction referred to in (ii) above and in England as to the fulfilment of the

preceding conditions of this Condition 17 (*Substitution*) and the other matters specified in the Deed Poll; and

- (viii) the Issuer and the Guarantor (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) shall have given at least 28 days' prior notice in accordance with Condition 19 (*Notices*) of such substitution to the Noteholders stating that copies, or, pending execution, the agreed text, of all documents in relation to the substitution which are referred to above, or which might otherwise reasonably be regarded as material to Noteholders, will be available for inspection at the specified office of each of the Paying Agents.

References in Condition 12 (*Events of Default*) to obligations under the Notes shall be deemed to include obligations under the Deed Poll, and the events of default listed in Condition 12 (*Events of Default*), shall be deemed to include the guarantee under the Deed Poll not being or being claimed by Atlas Copco not to be in full force and effect and the provisions of Conditions 12(c)–12(h) (inclusive) and Condition 12(i) shall also be deemed to apply to Atlas Copco.

18. **Further Issues**

The Issuer may from time to time, without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders, create and issue further notes having the same terms and conditions as the Notes in all respects (or in all respects except for the first payment of interest) so as to form a single series with the Notes; provided that in the case of Notes to which the TEFRA D rules apply that are initially represented by interests in a Temporary Global Note exchangeable for an interest in a Permanent Global Note or Definitive Notes, such consolidation can only occur following the exchange of interests in the Temporary Global Note for interests in the Permanent Global Note or Definitive Notes upon certification of non U.S. beneficial ownership.

19. **Notices**

All notices to Noteholders shall be deemed to be duly given if (a) published in a leading English language daily newspaper of general circulation in London (which is expected to be the *Financial Times*). The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are for the time being listed or by which they have been admitted to trading including publication on the website of the relevant stock exchange or relevant authority if required by those rules. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers.

20. **Currency Indemnity**

If any sum due from the Issuer in respect of the Notes or the Coupons or any order or judgment given or made in relation thereto has to be converted from the currency (the “**first currency**”) in which the same is payable under these Conditions or such order or judgment into another currency (the “**second currency**”) for the purpose of (a) making or filing a claim or proof against the Issuer, (b) obtaining an order or judgment in any court or other tribunal or (c) enforcing any order or judgment given or made in relation to the Notes, the Issuer, failing which, the Guarantor, shall indemnify each Noteholder, on the written demand of such Noteholder addressed to the Issuer and the Guarantor and delivered to the Issuer and the Guarantor or to the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent, against any loss suffered as a result of any discrepancy between (i) the rate of exchange used for such purpose to convert the sum in question from the first currency into the second currency and (ii) the rate or rates of exchange at which such Noteholder may in the ordinary course of business purchase the first currency with the second currency upon receipt of a sum paid to it in satisfaction, in whole or in part, of any such order, judgment, claim or proof.

This indemnity constitutes a separate and independent obligation of the Issuers and shall give rise to a separate and independent cause of action.

21. **Rounding**

For the purposes of any calculations referred to in these Conditions (unless otherwise specified in these Conditions or the relevant Final Terms), (a) all percentages resulting from such calculations will be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred thousandth of a percentage point (with 0.000005 per cent. being rounded up to 0.00001 per cent.), (b) all United States dollar amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest cent (with one half cent being rounded up), (c) all Japanese Yen amounts used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded downwards to the next lower whole Japanese Yen amount, and (d) all amounts denominated in any other currency used in or resulting from such calculations will be rounded to the nearest two decimal places in such currency, with 0.005 being rounded upwards.

22. **Governing Law and Jurisdiction**

- (a) *Governing law:* The Notes and all non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law.
- (b) *English courts:* The courts of England have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any dispute (a “**Dispute**”) arising out of or in connection with the Notes, Coupons or Talons (including a dispute relating to the existence, validity or cancellation of the Notes or any non-contractual obligation arising out of or in connection with the Notes, Coupons or Talons) or the consequences of their nullity.
- (c) *Appropriate forum:* Each Issuer and the Guarantor agree that the courts of England are the most appropriate and convenient courts to settle any Dispute and, accordingly, that it will not argue to the contrary.
- (d) *Rights of the Noteholders to take proceedings outside England:* Condition 22(b) (*English courts*) is for the benefit of the Noteholders only. As a result, nothing in this Condition 22 (*Governing Law and Jurisdiction*) prevents any Noteholder from taking proceedings relating to a Dispute (“**Proceedings**”) in any other courts with jurisdiction. To the extent allowed by law, Noteholders may take concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.
- (e) *Service of process:* The Issuers, and the Guarantor agree that the documents which start any Proceedings and any other documents required to be served in relation to those Proceedings may be served on it by being delivered to Atlas Copco AB at Atlas Copco UK Holdings Limited, Swallowdale Lane, PO Box 79, Hemel Hempstead, Herts HP2 7HA or at any address of the Issuers in Great Britain at which service of process may be served on it in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. If such person is not or ceases to be effectively appointed to accept service of process on behalf of the Issuers and the Guarantor, the Issuers and the Guarantor (acting together) shall, on the written demand of any Noteholder addressed and delivered to the Issuers and the Guarantor or to the Specified Office of the Fiscal Agent appoint a further person in England to accept service of process on its behalf. Nothing in this paragraph shall affect the right of any Noteholder to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

The Final Terms in respect of each Tranche of Notes will be substantially in the following form, duly supplemented (if necessary) and completed to reflect the particular terms of the relevant Notes and their issue. Text in this section appearing in italics does not form part of the form of the Final Terms but denotes directions for completing the Final Terms.

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO EEA RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the European Economic Area (“**EEA**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**EU MiFID II**”); or (ii) a customer within the meaning of Directive 2002/92/EC (as amended or superseded, the “**Insurance Distribution Directive**”), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the EU Prospectus Regulation. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 (as amended, the “**EU PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the EEA has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the EEA may be unlawful under the EU PRIIPs Regulation.]¹

[PROHIBITION OF SALES TO UK RETAIL INVESTORS – The Notes are not intended to be offered, sold or otherwise made available to and should not be offered, sold or otherwise made available to any retail investor in the United Kingdom (“**UK**”). For these purposes, a retail investor means a person who is one (or more) of: (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“**EUWA**”); (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA. Consequently no key information document required by Regulation (EU) No 1286/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA (the “**UK PRIIPs Regulation**”) for offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to retail investors in the UK has been prepared and therefore offering or selling the Notes or otherwise making them available to any retail investor in the UK may be unlawful under the UK PRIIPs Regulation.]²

[EU MiFID II Product Governance / Professional Investors and ECPs only Target Market – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer's product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is eligible counterparties and professional clients only, each as defined in [Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, “**EU MiFID II**”)] [EU MiFID II]; and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. [*Consider any negative target market*]. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to EU MiFID II is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[UK MiFIR product governance / Professional investors and ECPs only target market – Solely for the purposes of [the/each] manufacturer’s product approval process, the target market assessment in respect of the Notes has led to the conclusion that: (i) the target market for the Notes is only eligible counterparties, as defined in the FCA Handbook Conduct of Business Sourcebook (“**COBS**”), and professional clients, as defined in Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 (“**UK MiFIR**”); and (ii) all channels for distribution of the Notes to eligible counterparties and professional clients are appropriate. [*Consider any negative target market*]. Any person subsequently offering, selling or recommending the Notes (a “**distributor**”) should take into consideration the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment; however, a distributor subject to the FCA Handbook Product Intervention and Product Governance Sourcebook (the “**UK MiFIR Product Governance Rules**”) is responsible for undertaking its own target market assessment in respect of the Notes (by either adopting or refining the manufacturer[’s/s’] target market assessment) and determining appropriate distribution channels.]

[Singapore Securities and Futures Act Product Classification – Solely for the purposes of its obligations pursuant to sections 309B(1)(a) and 309B(1)(c) of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289 of Singapore) (the “**SFA**”), the Issuer has determined, and hereby notifies all relevant persons (as defined in Section 309A(1) of the SFA) that the Notes are [“prescribed capital markets products”/“capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products”] (as

¹ Legend to be included on front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products and no key information document will be prepared or the issuer wishes to prohibit offers to EEA retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

² Legend to be included on the front of the Final Terms if the Notes potentially constitute “packaged” products and no key information document will be prepared in the UK or the issuer wishes to prohibit offers to UK retail investors for any other reason, in which case the selling restriction should be specified to be “Applicable”.

defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulation 2018) and [“Excluded Investment Products”]/[“Specified Investment Products”] (as defined in MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products).]³⁴

Final Terms dated [●]

[Atlas Copco AB][Atlas Copco Finance DAC]
Legal entity identifier (LEI): [213800T8PC8Q4FYJZR07][549300ZF2VKZ1G5T2U85]
Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
[guaranteed by Atlas Copco AB]
under the U.S.\$3,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Note Programme

The Base Prospectus referred to below (as completed by these Final Terms) has been prepared on the basis that any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area will be made pursuant to an exemption under the EU Prospectus Regulation from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of the Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer in that Member State of the Notes may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the EU Prospectus Regulation (as defined below) or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the EU Prospectus Regulation, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer. The expression “**EU Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

The Notes have not been, and will not be, registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the “**Securities Act**”) or with any securities regulatory authority of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States, and Notes in bearer form are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. The Notes may not be offered, sold or (in the case of Notes in bearer form) delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act (“**Regulation S**”)) except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in this Base Prospectus dated 23 July 2021 [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus (the “**Base Prospectus**”) for the purposes of the EU Prospectus Regulation. [This document constitutes the Final Terms relating to the issue of Notes described herein for the purposes of the EU Prospectus Regulation.]⁽¹⁾ These Final Terms contain the final terms of the Notes and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus [as so supplemented] in order to obtain all the relevant information.

The Base Prospectus [and the supplemental Base Prospectus] [is] [are] available for viewing at www.atlascopcogroup.com [and] during normal business hours at Sickla Industriväg 19, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden [and copies may be obtained from Sickla Industriväg 19, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden]⁽¹⁾.

The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under a base prospectus with an earlier date and the relevant terms and conditions from that base prospectus with an earlier date were incorporated by reference in this Base Prospectus.

Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the [2012 Conditions] [2016 Conditions] [2018 Conditions] [2019 Conditions] (the “**Conditions**”) incorporated by reference in the base prospectus dated 23 July 2021. These Final Terms contain the final terms of the Notes and must be read in conjunction with the Base Prospectus dated 23 July 2021 [and the supplemental Base Prospectus dated [date]] which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus (the “**Base Prospectus**”) for the purposes the EU Prospectus Regulation, including the Conditions incorporated by reference in the Base Prospectus in order to obtain all the relevant information. [This document constitutes the Final Terms relating to the issue of Notes described herein for the purposes of the EU Prospectus Regulation.]⁽¹⁾

The Base Prospectus [and the supplemental Base Prospectus(es)] are available for viewing www.atlascopcogroup.com [and] during normal business hours at Sickla Industriväg 19, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden [and copies may be obtained from Sickla Industriväg 19, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden].

(1) Delete where the Notes are neither admitted to trading on a regulated market in the European Economic Area nor offered in the European Economic Area in circumstances where a prospectus is required to be published under the EU Prospectus Regulation.

³ Insert “prescribed capital market products” and “Excluded Investment Products” or, if not, amend Singapore product classification.

⁴ Relevant Dealer(s) to consider whether it/they have received the necessary Singapore product classification from the Issuer prior to the launch of the offer, pursuant to Section 309B of the SFA.

- 1 (a) Issuer: [Atlas Copco AB/Atlas Copco Finance DAC]
 [(b) Guarantor: Atlas Copco AB]
- 2 (i) Series Number: [●]
 [(ii) [Tranche Number: [●][The Notes issued under these Final Terms are to be consolidated and form a single series with the [●] issued on [●] [and [●]] [(ISIN): [●]]]
 [(iii) Date on which the Notes become fungible: [●][Not Applicable]
- 3 Specified Currency or Currencies: [●]
- 4 Aggregate Nominal Amount: [●]
 [(i) Series: [●]
 [(ii) [Tranche: [●]]
- 5 Issue Price: [●] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date]]
- 6 (i) Specified Denominations: [●] [[and integral multiples of [●] in excess thereof up to and including [●]]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [●].]
 (ii) Calculation Amount: [●]
- 7 [(i) Issue Date: [●]
 [(ii) Interest Commencement Date: [[●]/Issue Date/Not Applicable]
- 8 Maturity Date: [[●] [Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to [●]]
- 9 Interest Basis: [[●] per cent. Fixed Rate]
 [[● month][currency]][EURIBOR/STIBOR] +/- [●] per cent. Floating Rate]
 [Zero Coupon]
 (See paragraph [14/15/16] below)
- 10 Redemption/Payment Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [[●]/[100]] per cent. of their nominal amount.
- 11 Change of Interest or Redemption/Payment Basis: [*Specify the date when any fixed to floating rate change occurs or cross refer to paragraphs 14, 15 and/or 16 below if details are included there/Not applicable*]
- 12 Put/Call Options: [Investor Put]
 [Issuer Call]
 [Clean-up Call]
 [(further particulars specified below – see paragraph[s] [17]/[18]/[19]/[20] below)]
- 13 [Date(s) [Board] approval for issuance of Notes [and Guarantee, respectively,] obtained: [●][and [●], respectively]]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

- 14 Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)*
- (i) Rate[(s)] of Interest: [●] per cent. per annum payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date
 - (ii) Interest Payment Date(s): [●] in each year
 - (iii) Fixed Coupon Amount[(s)]: [●] per Calculation Amount
 - (iv) Broken Amount(s): [●] per Calculation Amount, payable on Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] [●]
 - (v) Day Count Fraction: [30/360 /Actual/Actual (ICMA)/ Actual/Actual (ISDA)]
 - (vi) Determination Date(s): [[●] in each year] [Not Applicable]]
- 15 Floating Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph.)*
- (i) Interest Period(s): [●] [, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (iv) below/, not subject to any adjustment, as the Business Day Convention in (iv) below is specified to be Not Applicable]
 - (ii) Specified Period/ Specified Interest Payment Dates: [●] [in each year] [, subject to adjustment in accordance with the Business Day Convention set out in (iv) below/, not subject to any adjustment, as the Business Day Convention in (iv) below is specified to be Not Applicable]
 - (iii) [First Interest Payment Date: [●]
 - (iv) Business Day Convention: [Following Business Day Convention/ Modified Following Business Day Convention Modified Business Day Convention/ Preceding Business Day Convention/ FRN Convention/ Floating Rate Convention/ Eurodollar Convention/ No Adjustment][Not Applicable]
 - (v) Additional Business Centre(s): [●] [Not Applicable]
 - (vi) Manner in which the Rate(s) of Interest is/are to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination/ISDA Determination]
 - (vii) Party responsible for calculating the Rate(s) of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s) (if not the [Fiscal Agent]): [[Name] shall be the Calculation Agent]
 - (viii) Screen Rate Determination:
 - Reference Rate: [[●] month][currency] [EURIBOR] [STIBOR]
 - Interest Determination Date(s): [●]
 - Relevant Screen Page: [●]
 - Relevant Time: [[●] in the Relevant Financial Centre]
 - (ix) ISDA Determination:
 - Floating Rate Option: [●]

– Designated Maturity: [●]

– Reset Date: [●]

(In the case of a EURIBOR based option, the first day of the Interest Period)

(x) Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable/Applicable – the Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall be calculated using Linear Interpolation (*specify for each short or long interest period*)]

(xi) Margin(s): [+/-][●] per cent. per annum

(xii) Minimum Rate of Interest: [[●] per cent. per annum][Not Applicable]

(xiii) Maximum Rate of Interest: [[●] per cent. per annum][Not Applicable]

(xiv) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ICMA)/ Actual/365/ Actual/Actual (ISDA)/ Actual/365 (Fixed)/ Actual/360/ 30/360/ 30E/360/ Eurobond Basis/ 30E/360 (ISDA)]

16 Zero Coupon Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Accrual Yield: [●] per cent. per annum

(ii) Reference Price: [●]

(iii) Day Count Fraction in relation to early redemption: [Actual/Actual (ICMA)/ Actual/365/ Actual/Actual (ISDA)/ Actual/365 (Fixed)/ Actual/360/ 30/360/ 30E/360/ Eurobond Basis/ 30E/360 (ISDA)]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17 Call Option [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)

(i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [[●]/[From and including [*insert date 3 months prior to maturity*]/[*other date*] (the “**Par Call Period Commencement Date**”) to but excluding [●] (such period, the “**Par Call Period**”)]

(ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) of each Note: [●] per Calculation Amount

(iii) If redeemable in part: [Applicable/Not Applicable]

(a) Minimum Redemption Amount: [●]

(b) Maximum Redemption Amount: [●]

(iv) Notice period: [●]

18 Make Whole Call Option [Applicable [from (and including) [●] to (but excluding) [●]]/Not Applicable]

(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub paragraph of this paragraph)

(i) Make Whole Redemption Margin [+ /] [●] per cent. per annum

(ii) Reference Bond [●]/[●]/Comparable Bond/Not Applicable]

- (iii) Quotation Time [●]
- (iv) If redeemable in part:
- (a) Minimum Redemption Amount: [●]
- (b) Maximum Redemption Amount: [●]
- 19 Put Option [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) Optional Redemption Date(s): [●]
- (ii) Optional Redemption Amount(s) and method, if any, of calculation of such amount(s): [●] per Calculation Amount
- (iii) Notice period: [●]
- 20 Clean-up Call Option [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining sub-paragraphs of this paragraph)
- (i) Clean-up Call Redemption Amount: [●] per Calculation Amount
- (ii) Notice period: [●]
- 21 Final Redemption Amount of each Note [●] per Calculation Amount
- 22 Early Redemption Amount
Early Redemption Amount(s) per Calculation Amount payable on redemption for taxation reasons or on event of default: [[●] per Calculation Amount] [Not Applicable]

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

- 23 Form of Notes: **Bearer Notes:**
[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for a Permanent Global Note which is exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note]
[Permanent Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note].
[Temporary Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes in the limited circumstances specified in the Permanent Global Note].
- 24 New Global Note Form: [Yes] [No]
- 25 Additional Financial Centre(s) or other special provisions relating to Payment Dates: [Not Applicable/[●]]
- 26 Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes: [No][Yes. As the Notes have more than 27 coupon payments, talons may be required if, on exchange into definitive form, more than 27 coupon payments are still to be made./No.]

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue [and] [admission to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin] of the Notes described herein pursuant to the U.S.\$3,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Note Programme of the Issuer.

THIRD PARTY INFORMATION

[*Relevant third party information*] has been extracted from [*specify source*]. [Each of the][The] Issuer [and the Guarantor] confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware, and is able to ascertain from information published by [*specify source*], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.].

Signed on behalf of [Atlas Copco AB/Atlas Copco Finance DAC]:

By:

Duly authorised

[Signed on behalf of the Atlas Copco AB:

By:

Duly authorised]

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1 LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

- (i) Listing and Admission to trading: [Application has been made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin and listing on the official list of Euronext Dublin with effect from [●].]

[Application is expected to be made by the Issuer (or on its behalf) for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin and listing on the official list of Euronext Dublin with effect from [●].]

(Where documenting a fungible issue need to indicate that original Notes are already admitted to trading.)

[Not Applicable]

- (ii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: [●]

2 RATINGS

Ratings: [The Notes to be issued will not be rated.]

[[The Programme has been/The Notes to be issued [have been]/[are expected to be]] rated:]

[S&P: [●]]

[Fitch: [●]]

[[Other rating agency]: [●]]

[Each of [●] is established in the [European Economic Area]/[United Kingdom] and registered under [Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009, as amended]/[Regulation (EU) No 1060/2009 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018].]

[Need to include a brief explanation of the meaning of the ratings if this has previously been published by the rating provider.]

(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)

3 INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE/OFFER

[Save for any fees payable to the Dealers, so far as the Issuer [and the Guarantor [are/is] aware, no person involved in the offer of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer[, the Guarantor] and [its/their respective] affiliates in the ordinary course of business. *(Amend as appropriate if there are other interests)*]

4 REASONS FOR THE OFFER

Reasons for the offer: [See “Use of Proceeds” in the Base Prospectus/*Give details*]

(See “Use of Proceeds” wording in Base Prospectus – if reasons for offer different from what is disclosed in the Base Prospectus, give details)

Estimated net proceeds: [●]

5 [Fixed Rate Notes Only] – YIELD

Indication of yield: [•]
[Calculated as [include details of method of calculation in summary form] on the Issue Date.
As set out above, the yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.]

6 OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

ISIN: [•]
Common Code: [•]
CFI: [[See/[include code], as updated, as set out on] the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN/Not Applicable/Not Available]
FISN: [[See/[include code], as updated, as set out on] the website of the Association of National Numbering Agencies (ANNA) or alternatively sourced from the responsible National Numbering Agency that assigned the ISIN/Not Applicable/Not Available]
(If the CFI and/or FISN is not required, requested or available, it/they should be specified to be “Not Applicable”)

New Global Note intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes. Note that the designation “Yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.] /

[No. Whilst the designation is specified as “No” at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intraday credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]

Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking S.A. and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable/give name(s) and number(s)]

Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment

Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): [•]

7 DISTRIBUTION

(i) Method of distribution: [Syndicated/Non-syndicated]

(ii) If syndicated:

(a) Names of Managers: [Not applicable/give names]

- (b) Stabilisation Manager(s) (if any): [Not applicable/*give names*]
- (iii) If non-syndicated, name of Dealer: [Not applicable/*give name*]
- (iv) U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance category 2];
TEFRA C/ TEFRA D/ TEFRA not applicable]
- (v) Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared in the EEA, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no key information document will be prepared, “Applicable” should be specified.)*
- (vi) Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If the Notes clearly do not constitute “packaged” products or the Notes do constitute “packaged” products and a key information document will be prepared in the UK, “Not Applicable” should be specified. If the Notes may constitute “packaged” products and no key information document will be prepared, “Applicable” should be specified.)*
- (vii) Prohibition of Sales to Belgian Consumers: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (N.B. advice should be taken from Belgian counsel before disapplying this selling restriction)*

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE NOTES WHILE IN GLOBAL FORM

Clearing System Accountholders

Each Global Note will be in bearer form. Consequently, in relation to any Tranche of Notes represented by a Global Note, references in the Conditions to “Noteholder” are references to the bearer of the relevant Global Note which, for so long as the Global Note is held by a depositary or a common depositary, in the case of a CGN, or a common safekeeper, in the case of an NGN for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system, will be that depositary or common depositary or, as the case may be, common safekeeper.

Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system as being entitled to an interest in a Global Note (each an “**Accountholder**”) must look solely to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or such other relevant clearing system (as the case may be) for such Accountholder's share of each payment made by the relevant Issuer to the bearer of such Global Note and in relation to all other rights arising under the Global Note. The extent to which, and the manner in which, Accountholders may exercise any rights arising under the Global Note will be determined by the respective rules and procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg and any other relevant clearing system from time to time. For so long as the relevant Notes are represented by the Global Note, Accountholders shall have no claim directly against the relevant Issuer in respect of payments due under the Notes and such obligations of the relevant Issuer will be discharged by payment to the bearer of the Global Note.

Exchange of Temporary Global Notes

So long as the Notes are represented by a Temporary Global Note or a Permanent Global Note and the relevant clearing system(s) so permit, the Notes will be tradeable only in the minimum authorised denomination of EUR 100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) and one or more higher integral multiples of another smaller amount notwithstanding that no definitive Notes will be issued with a denomination above EUR 199,000.

Whenever any interest in a Temporary Global Note is to be exchanged for an interest in a Permanent Global Note, the relevant Issuer shall procure:

- (a) in the case of first exchange, the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Permanent Global Note, duly authenticated and, in the case of an NGN, effectuated, to the bearer of the Temporary Global Note; or
- (b) in the case of any subsequent exchange, an increase in the principal amount of such Permanent Global Note in accordance with its terms,

in each case in an aggregate principal amount equal to the aggregate of the principal amounts specified in the certificates issued by Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system and received by the Fiscal Agent against presentation and (in the case of final exchange) surrender of the Temporary Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within seven days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

Whenever a Temporary Global Note is to be exchanged for Definitive Notes, the relevant Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Definitive Notes, duly authenticated and with Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Temporary Global Note to the bearer of the Temporary Global Note against the surrender of the Temporary Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

If:

- (a) a Permanent Global Note has not been delivered or the principal amount thereof increased by 5.00 p.m. (London time) on the seventh day after the bearer of a Temporary Global Note has requested exchange of an interest in the Temporary Global Note for an interest in a Permanent Global Note; or
- (b) Definitive Notes have not been delivered by 5.00 p.m. (London time) on the thirtieth day after the bearer of a Temporary Global Note has requested exchange of the Temporary Global Note for Definitive Notes; or
- (c) a Temporary Global Note (or any part thereof) has become due and payable in accordance with the Conditions or the date for final redemption of a Temporary Global Note has occurred and, in either case, payment in full of the amount of principal falling due with all accrued interest thereon has not been made to the bearer of the Temporary Global Note in accordance with the terms of the Temporary Global Note on the due date for payment,

then the Temporary Global Note (including the obligation to deliver a Permanent Global Note or increase the principal amount thereof or deliver Definitive Notes, as the case may be) will become void at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such seventh day (in the case of (a) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such thirtieth day (in the case of (b) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such due date (in the case of (c) above) and the bearer of the Temporary Global Note will have no further rights thereunder (but without prejudice to the rights which the bearer of the Temporary Global Note or others

may have under a deed of covenant dated 23 July 2021 (the “**Deed of Covenant**”) executed by each Issuer). Under the Deed of Covenant, persons shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system as being entitled to an interest in a Temporary Global Note will acquire directly against the relevant Issuer all those rights to which they would have been entitled if, immediately before the Temporary Global Note became void, they had been the holders of Definitive Notes in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Notes they were shown as holding in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system.

Exchange of Permanent Global Notes

Whenever a Permanent Global Note is to be exchanged for Definitive Notes, the relevant Issuer shall procure the prompt delivery (free of charge to the bearer) of such Definitive Notes, duly authenticated and with Coupons and Talons attached (if so specified in the relevant Final Terms), in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of the Permanent Global Note to the bearer of the Permanent Global Note against the surrender of the Permanent Global Note to or to the order of the Fiscal Agent within 30 days of the bearer requesting such exchange.

If:

- (a) Definitive Notes have not been delivered by 5.00 p.m. (London time) on the thirtieth day after the bearer of a Permanent Global Note has duly requested exchange of the Permanent Global Note for Definitive Notes; or
- (b) a Permanent Global Note (or any part of it) has become due and payable in accordance with the Conditions or the date for final redemption of the Notes has occurred and, in either case, payment in full of the amount of principal falling due with all accrued interest thereon has not been made to the bearer of the Permanent Global Note in accordance with the terms of the Permanent Global Note on the due date for payment,

then the Permanent Global Note (including the obligation to deliver Definitive Notes) will become void at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such thirtieth day (in the case of (a) above) or at 5.00 p.m. (London time) on such due date (in the case of (b) above) and the bearer of the Permanent Global Note will have no further rights thereunder (but without prejudice to the rights which the bearer of the Permanent Global Note or others may have under the Deed of Covenant. Under the Deed of Covenant, persons shown in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system as being entitled to an interest in a Permanent Global Note will acquire directly against the relevant Issuer all those rights to which they would have been entitled if, immediately before the Permanent Global Note became void, they had been the holders of Definitive Notes in an aggregate principal amount equal to the principal amount of Notes they were shown as holding in the records of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system.

Conditions applicable to Global Notes

Each Global Note will contain provisions which modify the Conditions as they apply to the Global Note. The following is a summary of certain of those provisions:

Payments: All payments in respect of the Global Note will be made against presentation and (in the case of payment of principal in full with all interest accrued thereon) surrender of the Global Note to or to the order of any Paying Agent and will be effective to satisfy and discharge the corresponding liabilities of the relevant Issuer in respect of the Notes. On each occasion on which a payment of principal or interest is made in respect of the Global Note, the relevant Issuer shall procure that in respect of a CGN the payment is noted in a schedule thereto and in respect of an NGN the payment is entered pro rata in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Exercise of put option: In order to exercise the option contained in Condition 9(f) (*Redemption and Purchase—Redemption at the option of Noteholders*) the bearer of the Permanent Global Note must, within the period specified in the Conditions for the deposit of the relevant Note and put notice, give written notice of such exercise to the Fiscal Agent specifying the principal amount of Notes in respect of which such option is being exercised. Any such notice will be irrevocable and may not be withdrawn.

Partial exercise of call option: In connection with an exercise of the option contained in Condition 9(c) (*Redemption and Purchase—Redemption at the option of the Issuer*) in relation to some only of the Notes, the Permanent Global Note may be redeemed in part in the principal amount specified by the relevant Issuer in accordance with the Conditions and the Notes to be redeemed will not be selected as provided in the Conditions but in accordance with the rules and procedures of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in principal amount, at their discretion).

Payment Business Day: In the case of a Global Note, the term “Payment Business Day” shall mean that, if the currency of payment is euro, any day which is a TARGET Settlement Day and a day on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in each (if any) Additional Financial Centre; or if the currency of payment is not euro, any day which is a day

on which dealings in foreign currencies may be carried on in the Principal Financial Centre of the currency of payment and in each (if any) additional Financial Centre.

Notices: Notwithstanding Condition 19 (*Notices*), while all the Notes are represented by a Permanent Global Note (or by a Permanent Global Note and/or a Temporary Global Note) and the Permanent Global Note is (or the Permanent Global Note and/or the Temporary Global Note are) deposited with a depository or a common depository for Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system or a common safekeeper, notices to Noteholders may be given by delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system and, in any case, such notices shall be deemed to have been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 19 (*Notices*) on the date of delivery to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg and/or any other relevant clearing system.

DESCRIPTION OF ATLAS COPCO

Atlas Copco is a public limited liability company incorporated under the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden with the corporate registration number 556014-2720 and is subject to the Swedish Companies Act (*Sw: aktiebolagslagen (2005:551)*), as amended (the “**Swedish Companies Act**”). Its registered office is Sickla Industriväg 19, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden (telephone number: +46 8 743 8000). Atlas Copco was founded in Sweden in 1873 under the name AB Atlas as a manufacturer and a seller of railway equipment. At the time, it was the largest manufacturing company in Sweden. The entity Atlas Copco AB was incorporated on 30 March 1917 under the name Aktiebolaget Atlas-Diesel. Atlas Copco’s name was changed to Atlas Copco AB in 1955, Copco being an abbreviation of Compagnie Pneumatique Commerciale. Atlas Copco is the ultimate parent company of numerous subsidiaries which are situated in Sweden as well as outside of Sweden. References in this business description to the “**Group**” are to Atlas Copco and its subsidiaries together.

S&P has assigned Atlas Copco a long-term rating of “A+” and a short-term rating of “A”. Fitch has assigned Atlas Copco a long-term issuer default rating of “A+” and a senior unsecured rating of “F1”.

The Group provides sustainable productivity solutions. Its products and services range from innovative compressors, air treatment systems, vacuum solutions, industrial power tools and assembly systems, machine vision, and power and flow solutions. Atlas Copco develops products and services focused on productivity, energy efficiency, safety and ergonomics. Atlas Copco’s share capital is divided among A shares and B shares. Its shares have been listed on the Nasdaq Stockholm stock exchange (“**Nasdaq Stockholm**”) since 1920. As of 30 June 2021, the Group had 41,105 employees worldwide. In 2020, the Group generated revenues of SEK 99,787 million and an operating profit of SEK 19,146 million, with a corresponding operating margin of 19.2 per cent. In the six months ended 30 June 2021, the Group generated revenues of SEK 53,555 million and an operating profit of SEK 11,311 million, with a corresponding operating margin of 21.1 per cent.

The Group’s operations are organised into four business areas:

- (i) the compressor technique business area, which provides compressed air solutions; industrial compressors, gas and process compressors and expanders, air and gas treatment equipment and air management systems (the “**Compressor Technique**” business area). The Compressor Technique business area has a global service network and innovates to provide sustainable productivity mainly in the manufacturing and process industries. Principal product development and manufacturing units are located in Belgium, the United States, China, India, Germany, and Italy;
- (ii) the vacuum technique business area, which provides vacuum products, exhaust management systems, valves and related products (the “**Vacuum Technique**” business area). The main markets served are semiconductor and scientific as well as a wide range of industrial segments, including chemical process industries, food packaging and paper handling. The Vacuum Technique business area has a global service network and innovates to provide sustainable productivity in order to further improve its customers’ performance. Principal product development and manufacturing units are located in the United States, Mexico, United Kingdom, the Czech Republic, Germany, South Korea, China, and Japan;
- (iii) the industrial technique business area, which provides industrial power tools, assembly and machine vision solutions, quality assurance products, software and service through a global network (the “**Industrial Technique**” business area). The Industrial Technique business area innovates to provide sustainable productivity for customers in the automotive and general industries. Principal product development and manufacturing units are located in Sweden, Germany, Hungary, the United Kingdom, France, the United States, China, and Japan; and
- (iv) the power technique business area, which provides air, power and flow solutions through products such as mobile compressors, pumps, light towers and generators, along with a number of complementary products (the “**Power Technique**” business area). The Power Technique business area also offers specialty rental and provides services through a dedicated, global network. Guided by a forward-thinking approach to innovation, the Power Technique business area provides sustainable productivity solutions across multiple industries, including construction, manufacturing, oil and gas, and exploration drilling. Principal product development and manufacturing units are located in Belgium, Spain, the United States, China, and India.

The following table sets forth revenues for each of the Group's business areas for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December
	2020	2021	2020
	(SEK in millions)		
Compressor Technique	22,993	23,734	47,329
Vacuum Technique	12,694	14,028	24,685
Industrial Technique	7,548	9,593	16,176
Power Technique	6,255	6,498	12,106
Common Group items / Eliminations	(290)	(298)	(509)
Atlas Copco Group	<u>49,200</u>	<u>53,555</u>	<u>99,787</u>

The Group is continuously seeking to further improve its service offering to meet the demands of its customers. In recent years, demand for these additional services has been relatively stable compared to the demand for equipment. In 2020, revenues from services generated 36 per cent. of the Group's revenues.

With sales in more than 180 countries and customers in industries such as construction, manufacturing, process and service, the Group believes that it has a diverse customer and geographic base. Key customer categories for the Group's products include general manufacturing, electronics, automotive, process industry, construction, service and other. In order to improve its market presence and penetration in both existing and new markets, the Group continuously invests in its sales and service organisation.

The Group's vision is to become and remain First in Mind—First in Choice, *i.e.*, to be the preferred supplier of its customers and other principal stakeholders. The mission is to achieve sustainable, profitable growth. Sustainability plays an important role in the Group's vision and it is an integral aspect of the Group's mission. An integrated sustainable strategy, backed by ambitious goals, helps the Group deliver greater value to all its stakeholders in a way that is economically, environmentally and socially responsible. The Group has identified five strategic pillars for growth: people, innovation, presence, operational excellence, and service. Digital technology supports the development in all these strategic areas.

To succeed in its mission, the Group strives to have a leading position in selected markets and segments. This is achieved through innovations and by delivering leading differentiated technology. The Group strives to support customers in their success by providing products and services critical to its customers' operations. To support profitable growth over business cycles, the Group aims to have an agile balance sheet and focuses on marketplaces with a high service potential.

Group Goals

The Group's financial goals are an annual revenue growth of 8 per cent. measured over a business cycle, sustained high return on capital employed and distribution of approximately 50 per cent. of earnings as dividends to shareholders.

The products and services goals are that all projects for new or redesigned products have clear and specific targets set for reduced environmental impact by the end of 2021. The divisions set their own targets for projects for new or redesigned products achieving significantly reduced environmental impact (*i.e.*, 5 per cent. or lower carbon footprint over the products life cycle). The ethics goals are that all the Group's employees confirm compliance with its Business Code of Practice and are trained in the Business Code of Practice annually, that all the Group's managers in risk countries lead training in the Business Code of Practice annually and that all significant suppliers and distributors confirm compliance with the Business Code of Practice. The safety and well-being goals are achieving a balance between less serious incidents and more serious incidents with the vision of zero injuries, and increasing the share of the Group's employees who believe that the Group takes a genuine interest in the employees' well-being. The people goals are for the share of the Group's employees who believe there is opportunity for learning and growth to be higher than the global benchmark by 2021, and for the share of the Group's employees who believe that the Group has a work culture of respect, fairness and openness to be higher than the global benchmark by 2021, and for the Group to have share of 30 per cent. of female employees by 2030. The environment goals are a reduction of CO₂ emissions from energy in operations and transportation in relation to cost of sales of 50 per cent. by 2030, a continuous reduction of total waste in relation to cost of sales, a continuous reduction of water consumption in relation to cost of sales, and continuous increase of significant direct suppliers that have an approved Environmental Management System.

The goals are not guarantees of future performance. The Group's actual results of operations could differ materially from those expressed or implied by these goals as a result of many factors, including but not limited to as described under "Risk Factors". Any goals discussed herein are goals only and are not, and should not viewed as, forecasts, projections, estimates or views of the Group's future performance.

Key Financial Data

The following table sets forth certain key financial data for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions, except where otherwise provided)			
Revenues.....	49,200	53,555	103,756	99,787
Operating profit	9,013	11,311	21,897	19,146
Operating margin (per cent.).....	18.3	21.1	21.1	19.2
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	11,590	13,927	26,597	24,335
EBITDA margin ⁽²⁾ (per cent.).....	23.6	26.0	25.6	24.4
Return on capital employed ⁽³⁾ (per cent.).....	26	26	30	23
Profit before tax	8,836	11,215	21,572	18,825
Profit for the period.....	6,969	8,688	16,543	14,783
Net indebtedness ⁽⁴⁾	(23,772)	(13,076)	(12,013)	(16,421)
Net indebtedness to LTM EBITDA ratio ⁽⁵⁾	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.7

- (1) Operating profit plus depreciation, impairment and amortisation.
- (2) EBITDA as a percentage of revenues.
- (3) Profit before tax plus interest paid and foreign exchange differences as a percentage of average capital employed.
- (4) Net indebtedness consists of the Group's interest-bearing liabilities and post-employment benefits, adjusted for the fair value of interest rate swaps, less cash and cash equivalents and other current financial assets.
- (5) Net indebtedness in relation to LTM EBITDA.

The table above includes APMs. See the following table as well as the paragraph entitled “*Certain Financial Information*” on page (iii) of this Base Prospectus and the section entitled “*Information Incorporated by Reference*” for more information.

The following tables set forth the reconciliation of certain APMs for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June			For the year ended 31 December		For the twelve months ended 30 June	
	2019	2020	2021	2019	2020	2020	2021
	(SEK in millions, except where otherwise provided)						
EBITDA							
Operating profit	10,427	9,013	11,311	21,897	19,146	20,483	21,444
Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment	<u>2,212</u>	<u>2,577</u>	<u>2,616</u>	<u>4,700</u>	<u>5,189</u>	<u>5,065</u>	<u>5,228</u>
EBITDA	<u>12,639</u>	<u>11,590</u>	<u>13,927</u>	<u>26,597</u>	<u>24,335</u>	<u>25,548</u>	<u>26,672</u>
Last 12 months EBITDA ⁽¹⁾						<u>25,548</u>	<u>26,672</u>

(1) Last 12 months EBITDA for the 12-month periods ending June 30 is calculated from the EBITDA for the preceding calendar year, reduced by the Q2 EBITDA for the same year and increased by the Q2 EBITDA of the following year. For the calendar year periods Last 12 months EBITDA is the calendar year EBITDA. This APM is only presented for 12-month periods.

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions, except where otherwise provided)			
Return on capital employed				
Profit before tax, last twelve months	20,186	21,204	21,572	18,825
Interest expenses and exchange differences, last twelve months	<u>412</u>	<u>432</u>	<u>432</u>	<u>478</u>
Earnings, last twelve months	<u>20,598</u>	<u>21,636</u>	<u>22,004</u>	<u>19,303</u>
Average capital employed	79,027	84,529	72,732	83,649
Return on capital employed (per cent.).....	26	26	30	23
Net indebtedness				
Interest-bearing liabilities and post-employment benefits, excluding liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	(29,216)	(27,420)	(27,143)	(28,134)
Adjustment for fair value of interest-rate swaps	—	—	—	—
Cash and cash equivalents and other current financial assets.....	<u>5,444</u>	<u>14,344</u>	<u>15,130</u>	<u>11,713</u>
Net indebtedness.....	<u>(23,772)</u>	<u>(13,076)</u>	<u>(12,013)</u>	<u>(16,421)</u>

Organisation and Operations

As of 30 June 2021, the Group had four business areas with 23 divisions. While the business areas are separate, with their own strategies, they also share certain functions, such as the facilities for their customer centres, reporting and administrative processes, treasury services, IT support, HR services and non-core purchasing where it is feasible to do so.

Each of the Group's business areas are responsible for the world-wide marketing and selling of its products, systems and service offerings. Each business area operates through several divisions, all of which are separate operational units, each responsible for delivering results in line with the strategies and objectives set by such business area. The divisions generally conduct business through customer and distribution centres.

The Compressor Technique Business Area

The following table sets forth certain financial data regarding the Compressor Technique business area for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions)			
Revenues.....	22,993	23,734	48,286	47,329
Operating profit	4,964	5,646	11,198	10,658

The Compressor Technique business area provides compressed air solutions, industrial compressors, gas and process compressors and expanders, air and gas treatment equipment, and air management systems. The Compressor Technique business area has a global service network and innovates to provide sustainable productivity in the general manufacturing and process industries. Through this business area, the Group is a leader in compressed-air products and solutions. The key customer categories are process industry and general manufacturing, which represented 27 per cent. and 26 per cent., respectively, of the Compressor Technique business area's orders received in 2020. The service business represented 43 per cent. of the Compressor Technique business area's revenues in 2020.

The Compressor Technique business area has its principal product development and manufacturing units located in Belgium, the United States, China, India, Germany, and Italy.

Organisation

The Compressor Technique business area is comprised of seven divisions, including: (i) the Compressor Technique Service division, which is dedicated to aftermarket service; (ii) the Industrial Air division, which is dedicated to oil-injected and oil-free air compressors, on-site nitrogen and oxygen generators, air treatment solutions and compressor controls and monitoring; (iii) the Oil-free Air division, which is dedicated to oil-free and oil-injected air and gas compressors combined with air and gas treatment systems; (iv) the Professional Air division, which is dedicated primarily to low-power piston compressors; (v) the Medical Gas Solutions division, which is dedicated to medical gas equipment, including medical air and vacuum plants, manifolds and pipeline components with related services and filters; (vi) the Gas and Process division, which is dedicated to turbo compressors, positive displacement compressors, and expansion turbines; and (vii) the Airtec division, which is dedicated to compressor elements and core parts exclusively for use in the Group's oil-free and oil-injected screw compressors, tooth and turbo compressors.

Markets and Competition

The following table sets forth the revenues generated by the Compressor Technique business area by geography, on a percentage basis, for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2019	2020
	(per cent. of revenues)	
Europe.....	35	35
North America	22	22
South America	5	5
Africa / Middle East.....	7	7
Asia / Oceania.....	31	31
Total.....	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The global market for compressed air equipment, air and gas treatment equipment and related services is characterised by a diversified customer base. Customers request solutions that are reliable, productive and efficient and suited to specific applications.

Compressors are used in a wide spectrum of applications. In industrial processes, clean, dry and oil-free air is needed in, for example, the food, pharmaceutical, electronics, and textile industries. Compressed air is also used to power industrial tools, in robots, and in applications as diversified as hospitals, snow making, fish farming, and in high-speed trains. Blowers are used in applications where a consistent flow of low-pressure air is needed, for example wastewater treatment and conveying. Gas and process compressors and expanders are supplied to various process industries, such as air separation plants, power utilities, chemical and petrochemical plants, and liquefied natural gas applications. Stationary industrial air compressors and associated air-treatment products, spare parts and service represent approximately 90 per cent. of sales. Large gas and process compressors, including related service, represent approximately 10 per cent.

The Compressor Technique business area’s vision is to be First in Mind—First in Choice® as a supplier of compressed air and gas solutions, by being interactive, committed and innovative, and by offering customers the best value.

The strategy is to further develop Atlas Copco’s leading position in the selected niches and grow the business in a way that is economically, environmentally and socially responsible. This should be done by capitalising on the strong global market presence, improving market penetration in mature and developing markets, and continuously developing improved products and solutions to satisfy customer demands. The presence is enhanced by utilising several commercial brands. Key strategies include growing the service business as well as developing businesses within focused areas, such as air-treatment equipment, blowers, and compressor solutions for trains, ships, and hospitals. The Compressor Technique business area is actively looking at acquiring complementary businesses.

The Group management of Atlas Copco (the “**Group Management**”) believes that the Compressor Technique business area has a leading market position globally in most of its operations. Its principal competitors in the market for industrial compressors and air treatment equipment are Ingersoll-Rand, Kaeser, Hitachi, and Parker Hannifin. There are also numerous regional and local competitors, including many in China. In the market for gas and process compressors and expanders, the main competitors are Siemens and MAN Turbo.

The Vacuum Technique Business Area

The following table sets forth certain financial data regarding the Vacuum Technique business area for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions)			
Revenues.....	12,694	14,028	23,570	24,685
Operating profit	2,775	3,484	5,792	5,519

The Vacuum Technique business area provides vacuum products, exhaust management systems, valves and related products. The main markets served are semiconductor and scientific instruments as well as a wide range of industrial segments, including chemical process industries, food packaging and paper handling. The Vacuum Technique business area has a global service network and innovates for sustainable productivity in order to further improve its customers’ performance. Through this business area, the Group is a leader in vacuum and abatement solutions. The Vacuum Technique business area’s key customer categories are electronics (primarily the semiconductor industry), process industry, and general manufacturing, which represented 67 per cent., 19 per cent. and 11 per cent., respectively, of the Vacuum Technique business area’s orders received in 2020. The service business represented 27 per cent. and equipment 73 per cent. of the Vacuum Technique business area’s total revenues in 2020.

The Vacuum Technique business area has its principal product development and manufacturing units located in the United States, Mexico, United Kingdom, the Czech Republic, Germany, South Korea, China, and Japan.

Organisation

The Vacuum Technique business area is comprised of six divisions, including: (i) the Vacuum Technique Service division, which is dedicated to related value-added services for customers in a range of industrial processes including power, glass and other coating applications, steel and other metallurgy, pharmaceutical and chemical; and for both scientific instruments and a wide range of R&D applications; (ii) the Semiconductor Service division, which is dedicated to related value-added services for customers in the semiconductor, solar, display and LED sectors; (iii) the Semiconductor division, which is dedicated to sophisticated vacuum products, exhaust management systems and integrated solutions for customers and original equipment manufacturers in the semiconductor, solar, display and LED sectors; (iv) Semiconductor Chamber

Solutions, which is dedicated to chamber solutions for customers in the semiconductor and flat panel display markets; (v) Scientific Vacuum division, which is dedicated to sophisticated vacuum products for a wide range of customers in the analytical instruments, R&D and high energy physics application sectors; and (vi) Industrial Vacuum division, which is dedicated to sophisticated vacuum products for customers in the industrial process and rough vacuum sectors, for example, chemical process industries, metallurgy, petrochemical, food packaging and paper handling.

Markets and Competition

The following table sets forth the revenues generated by the Vacuum Technique business area by geography, on a percentage basis, for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2019	2020
	(per cent. of revenues)	
Europe.....	15	14
North America	25	21
South America	–	–
Africa / Middle East.....	2	2
Asia / Oceania.....	<u>58</u>	<u>63</u>
Total.....	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

Vacuum and abatement solutions are required in a number of industrial applications where the pressure needs to be below atmospheric pressure and/or the environment needs to be clean. The Vacuum Technique business area sells products, systems and services across several targeted market sectors.

The market can be categorised in semiconductor, industrial vacuum and scientific vacuum. However, each of these sectors contains several sub-sectors and specific applications. Vacuum products include a broad range of dry pumps, turbomolecular pumps and other vacuum pumps. These are used to create highly-controlled, low-pressure, particle-free environments for a diverse set of manufacturing processes, such as semiconductor, flat-panel display, LED and solar, glass and optical coating, scientific instruments used in life sciences, research institutes focused on renewable energy, high-energy lasers and nanotechnology, pharmaceuticals, heat treatment, lithium-ion batteries, and food processing and packaging.

Abatement systems include stand-alone and customised solutions which integrate vacuum and exhaust management technologies. Abatement is required both to prevent adverse chemical reactions within production processes and to comply with strict regulatory emission controls. The Vacuum Technique business area also provides value-added services, including equipment monitoring, field and on-site servicing, remanufacturing, service upgrades and provision of spare parts and oils.

The Vacuum Technique business area’s vision is to be First in Mind—First in Choice® for vacuum and abatement solutions. The strategy focuses on technology leadership, market leadership and agility, to support growth drivers. This will be done by focusing on product research and development programs together with deployment of highly innovative products and services. Continued execution of market leadership will be done by an organisation focused on agility, growing market share in Atlas Copco’s traditional heartlands and further expansion of the geographical footprint. Additionally, the business area has a strong focus on developing the service business and an efficient and flexible global operations footprint.

The Group Management believes that the Vacuum Technique business area has a leading market position globally in vacuum and abatement solutions. Its principal competitors in the semiconductor market are DAS Environmental Expert, Ebara, Kashiyama, Pfeiffer Vacuum, and Shimadzu Corporation. In the industrial and scientific vacuum market, the main competitors are Ingersoll Rand, Pfeiffer Vacuum, and Busch.

The Industrial Technique Business Area

The following table sets forth certain financial data regarding the Industrial Technique business area for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions)			
Revenues.....	7,548	9,593	18,712	16,176
Operating profit	1,133	1,898	4,069	2,422

The Industrial Technique business area provides industrial power tools, assembly and machine vision solutions, quality assurance products, software, and service through a global network. The Industrial Technique business area innovates for sustainable productivity for customers in the automotive and general industries. The Industrial Technique business area's key customer category is automotive, which represented 54 per cent. of the Industrial Technique business area's orders received in 2020. The service business represented 28 per cent. of the Industrial Technique business area's total revenues in 2020.

The Industrial Technique business area has its principal product development and manufacturing units located in Sweden, Germany, Hungary, the United Kingdom, France, the United States, China, and Japan.

Organisation

The Industrial Technique business area is comprised of six divisions, including: (i) the Industrial Technique Service division, which is dedicated to global tool maintenance, calibration, outsourcing solutions and production optimisation; (ii) the MVI Tools and Assembly Systems division, which is dedicated to industrial hand-held electric and pneumatic tools, assembly systems, software solutions and related services to the automotive industry; (iii) the General Industry Tools and Assembly Systems division, which is dedicated to hand-held electric and pneumatic tools, assembly systems, software and services to customer segments such as off-highway, aerospace, appliance and consumer electronics, transport, power and energy equipment; (iv) the Chicago Pneumatic Tools division, which is dedicated to assembly and removal tools, together with solutions across manufacturing, air, aerospace, automotive and land transportation, light assembly, energy production, vehicle maintenance and general industries; (v) the Industrial Assembly Solutions division, which is dedicated to adhesive solutions and self-pierce riveting for the automotive and general manufacturing industries; and (vi) the Machine Vision Solutions division, which is dedicated to machine vision solutions with leading technologies for surface inspection and 3D vision for robot guidance, quality inspection and metrology.

Markets and Competition

The following table sets forth the Industrial Technique business area's revenues by geography, on a percentage basis, for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2019	2020
	(per cent. of revenues)	
Europe.....	38	38
North America	31	31
South America	3	2
Africa / Middle East.....	2	2
Asia / Oceania.....	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>
Total.....	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The automotive industry, including sub-suppliers, is a key customer segment, and the applications served are primarily assembly operations. The automotive industry has been at the forefront of demanding more accurate fastening tools that minimise errors in production and enable recording and traceability of operations. The Industrial Technique business area has successfully developed advanced electric industrial tools and assembly systems that assist customers in achieving fastening according to their specifications and minimising errors and interruptions in production. This includes a wide offering of quality assurance and quality improvement solutions. With the increasing demand for electric cars and increased use of lighter materials, the automotive industry is looking to alternative assembly solutions. The market demands new assembly technologies, such as dispensing equipment for adhesives and sealants as well as self-pierce riveting equipment and rivets to cater for these needs.

In general industry, industrial tools are used in a number of applications, such as assembly, drilling and material removal. Customers are found in assembly operations, for example, in electronics, aerospace, appliances, energy, off-highway vehicles, general industrial manufacturing, the energy sector, foundries, metal and paper production, advanced material manufacturing, and among machine tool builders. The equipment supplied includes assembly tools for a wide torque range, drills, percussive tools, grinders, and accessories. Air motors are supplied separately for different industries and applications.

The Industrial Technique business area offers machine vision solutions that are used in discrete production, such as the automotive industry, and in continuous process production applications, such as metal and paper production, advanced material manufacturing, and solar panels. There is a growing demand for service, for example, maintenance contracts and calibration services that improve customers' productivity.

Industrial Technique business area's vision is to be First in Mind—First in Choice® as a supplier of assembly solutions, machine vision, quality assurance products, software, material removal products, and services to customers in the automotive and general industries. The strategy is to continue to grow the business profitably by building on technological leadership and continuously offering products and services that improve customers' productivity, flexibility, quality, safety and ergonomics. Key strategic initiatives include adjusting the product offer to meet increased automation in customers' production processes, and providing additional service, know-how and training. The Industrial Technique business area is also increasing its presence in targeted geographical markets. The presence is enhanced by a brand portfolio strategy. The Industrial Technique business area is actively looking at acquiring complementary businesses. Growth should be achieved in a way that is economically, environmentally and socially responsible.

The Group Management believes that the Industrial Technique business area has a leading market position globally in most of its operations. Its competitors in the industrial tools business include Apex Tool Group, Ingersoll Rand, Stanley Black & Decker, Uryu, Bosch and several local and regional competitors. In adhesive and sealant equipment, the primary competitors are Nordson, Graco and Dürr. For self-pierce riveting, the main competitors are Stanley Black & Decker and Böllhoff.

The Power Technique Business Area

The following table sets forth certain financial data regarding the Power Technique business area for the periods indicated:

	For the six months ended 30 June		For the year ended 31 December	
	2020	2021	2019	2020
	(SEK in millions)			
Revenues.....	6,255	6,498	13,915	12,106
Operating profit	759	1,015	2,308	1,594

The Power Technique business area provides air, power and flow solutions through products such as mobile compressors, pumps, light towers and generators, along with a number of complementary products. It also offers specialty rental and provides services through a dedicated, global network. Guided by a forward-thinking approach to innovation, the Power Technique business area provides sustainable productivity solutions across multiple industries, including construction, manufacturing, oil and gas, and exploration drilling. The Power Technique business area's main customer category is construction, which represented 35 per cent. of the Power Technique business area's orders received in 2020. The service business (specialty rental) represented 30 per cent. of the Power Technique business area's total revenues in 2020.

The Power Technique business area has principal product development and manufacturing units located in Belgium, Spain, the United States, China, and India.

Organisation

The Power Technique business area consists of four divisions, including: (i) the Power Technique Service division, which is dedicated to aftermarket service; (ii) the Specialty Rental division, which is dedicated to temporary air, power, flow, steam and nitrogen rental solutions; (iii) the Portable Air division, which is dedicated to mobile and energy-efficient compressors, handheld light-demolition tools and industry-focused solutions, such as high-pressure boosters and quality air equipment; and (iv) the Power and Flow division, which is dedicated to mobile and energy-efficient generators, light towers and pumps, along with associated accessories and connectivity solutions.

Markets and Competition

The following table sets forth the Power Technique business area's revenues by geography, on a percentage basis, for the years indicated:

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2019	2020
	(per cent. of revenues)	
Europe.....	35	36
North America	25	26
South America	6	6
Africa / Middle East.....	12	10
Asia / Oceania.....	<u>22</u>	<u>22</u>
Total.....	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

The market for air, power and flow solutions has a large number of participants offering a wide range of different applications. The Power Technique business area focuses on a selected number of applications.

Multiple segments are served by the Power Technique business area's offering. General and civil engineering contractors, often involved in infrastructure projects, demand light construction tools. Mobile compressors, generators, light towers and pumps provide reliable power sources for tools and applications in the construction sector and numerous industrial applications. Contractors and rental companies are important customers for service, including spare parts, maintenance contracts, and repairs.

Power Technique business area's vision is to be First in Mind—First in Choice[®] provider of on-site air, power and flow solutions for sustainable productivity. The strategy is to grow by developing Atlas Copco's market position and presence as a global supplier within portable compressors, pumps, generators and light towers, along with a range of complementary, market-specific niche products, such as high-pressure boosters. The strategy also includes further development of specialty-rental services as well as the service business; increasing revenues by offering more services to more customers. Growth should be achieved in a way that is economically, environmentally and socially responsible.

The Group Management believes that the Power Technique business area has a leading or strong market position globally in most of its operations. Its principal competitors are Doosan, Generac, Kaeser and Sullair. In addition, there are a large number of competitors operating locally or regionally.

Sales and Marketing

The Group has its own customer centres in approximately 70 countries to ensure closer relationships with end-users as well as markets and it sells its products through customer centres and distributors in over 180 countries. Its sales and service organisations are organised under customer centres, each of which are responsible for marketing, sales and service in its designated geographical area. The customer centres are organised to reflect the organisation within the four business areas. In addition, the majority of the Group's sales force are either qualified engineers or are otherwise well trained in the design, configuration, delivery, installation and service of its products.

The Group's customer centres are the primary vehicle for delivering parts and services to its customers. The Group uses distributors and agents in circumstances where these additional sales channels provide access to customers who would not, due to geographical or political constraints, be reached by the Group's customer centre personnel, or where it would not be cost effective for the customers to be served by one of the Group's customer centres.

While the Atlas Copco brand is the most important brand for the Group's revenue, the Group markets its products worldwide through various other brands. The Group has a brand portfolio strategy in which its products are differentiated through various brands, with each brand focusing on a well-defined market segment and marketed through different distribution channels.

Safety, Health and Environmental Management

The Group's operations are subject to various local laws in the countries in which it operates. The Group conducts operations requiring permits under Swedish environmental regulations in two of its Swedish companies. These operations mostly involve machining and assembly of components, and the permits relate to areas such as emissions to water and air, and noise pollution.

In order to manage and reduce product companies' environmental impact, the Group aims that all major operating units are triple-certified for ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001/ISO 45001. All production units with more than ten employees and all customer and rental companies with more than 70 employees are to be triple-certified. As at 31 December 2020, the share of required units (based on the Group's target) not yet triple-certified was 7 per cent. of the total number of the Group's operational units. As at 31 December 2020, (i) 5 per cent. of the total number of the Group's operational units had not been ISO 9001 certified, (ii) 7 per cent. of the total number of the Group's operational units had not been ISO 14001 certified, and (iii) 7 per cent. of the total number of the Group's operational units had not been OHSAS 18001/ISO 45001 certified. These units are mainly from acquisitions with a recommended two-year period to comply or newly restructured units. Some units not yet triple-certified are in the process of becoming so, and a smaller portion has lacked the resources so far to commit to a triple certification.

The Group focuses on developing products and solutions to reduce energy consumption. Safety, health and environmental as well as ergonomic aspects have been integrated into the Group's product development process for many years. All of the Group's products are designed and manufactured to be increasingly more energy efficient, safe and ergonomic.

Product Safety and Quality

As the Group's products are used in various industries that are subject to a number of regulations and industry standards, the Group seeks to take such regulations and standards into account at both the design and manufacturing stages of its

products in order to ensure compliance with the applicable regulations and standards. The Group's engineers and technicians are trained to follow the design specifications and best practices in the markets in which they operate. As part of the quality management system, the Group also monitors its engineering processes through internal audits. For its product quality assessments, the Group conducts regular periodic tests to confirm the quality of its products, in particular it monitors products which will be subject to significant usage and stress.

Suppliers

The Group outsources the production of many of the non-core components included in its products. The principal components purchased from outside suppliers, such as hardware parts, engines and electrical components, are available from a number of suppliers and the Group Management believes that available sources of supply will generally be sufficient for the Group's needs for the foreseeable future. In addition to purchasing components, the Group also purchases certain raw materials for their products from various suppliers. The Group Management also believes that it could replace any of the Group's existing suppliers if it were to lose its ability to purchase components or raw material products from such suppliers.

Employees

As of 30 June 2021, the Group had 41,105 employees worldwide, as compared to 39,909 as of 30 June 2020. The Group Management considers the Group's relationships with its employees and their labour unions to be good and it has not experienced or been subject to any material work stoppage, slowdown or collective employee action.

Regulation

The Group operates in an industry, which is subject to comprehensive regulation and governmental supervision. Consequently, the Group must obtain licenses, permits and other approvals to operate its manufacturing facilities in the countries in which they are located. Furthermore, the manufacturing of the Group's products is subject to various environmental, health, safety and legal requirements. The Group Management believes that the Group is currently in compliance in all material respects with the laws and regulations governing the Group's operations.

Legal Proceedings

The Group is involved in various lawsuits in the ordinary course of business. These lawsuits primarily involve claims for damages arising out of the use of the Group's products. The Group is also involved in litigation and administrative proceedings relating to other matters, such as tax claims by governmental agencies in various countries. The Group actively participates in the defence of all of the lawsuits in which it is a defendant and calculates its exposure to litigation on an ongoing basis. The Group maintains Group-wide liability insurance policies which cover, subject to certain deductibles, both product liability and general commercial liability, in amounts that the Group Management believes are adequate to cover its potential liability relating to its present risk exposure from legal proceedings. It also has the benefit of a number of indemnification agreements regarding certain losses, including product liability claims, arising from suits brought against companies acquired by the Group.

On 11 January 2016, the European Commission announced its decision that Belgian tax rulings granted to companies with regard to "Excess Profit" shall be considered as illegal state aid and that unpaid taxes shall be reclaimed by the Belgian state. The Group had been granted such tax ruling since 2010. Following the European Commission's decision, the Group has paid, in total EUR 313 million (SEK 2,952 million). In 2015, the Group made a provision of EUR 300 million (SEK 2,802 million) and paid EUR 239 million (SEK 2,250 million) in 2016. The Group paid the remaining amount of EUR 68 million (SEK 655 million) in the second quarter 2017. During 2017, EUR 13 million (SEK 125 million) was expensed as an interest cost. The Group paid the amount to prevent the potential liability to the Belgian government and to avoid further interest charges. The Belgian government, as well as the Group, appealed the decision to the General Court of the European Union (the "EGC") in Luxembourg, and on 14 February 2019, the EGC annulled the decision taken by the European Commission on 11 January 2016. On 3 May 2019, the European Commission appealed the EGC's annulment. The case will consequently be ruled by the European Court of Justice. In September 2020, the European Commission also published individual opening decisions stating that the specific decisions granted by Belgium between 2005 and 2014 regarding tax rulings granted to multinationals with regard to "Excess Profit" violated the EU rules for state aid. One of these opening decisions concerns Atlas Copco. It is likely to take several years before final decisions are made.

Intellectual Property

The Group's intellectual property rights include its trademarks for the various brand names it uses, in particular its Atlas Copco name and logo. The Group uses each of these trademarks to promote, identify and position its products and services and, accordingly, it has registered most of them in countries in which it currently operates. While the Group Management considers that in aggregate the Group's patents and licenses are valuable and important for its business operations, it does not believe that the Group is materially dependent on its patents or licenses in any of its business areas.

Material Agreements

There are no material agreements that have not been entered into in the ordinary course of the Group's business, which could result in any Group member being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to Atlas Copco's or Atlas Copco Finance's ability to meet their respective obligations to Noteholders in respect of the Notes, or, as the case may be, Atlas Copco's obligations under the Deed of Guarantee.

The Board of Directors

Atlas Copco's board of directors consists of eight elected members, including the president and chief executive officer. The board of directors also has two additional members appointed by the labour unions, with one deputy. Atlas Copco fulfilled the 2020 requirements of Nasdaq Stockholm and the rules of the Swedish Corporate Governance Code regarding independency of board members.

Under the Swedish Companies Act, the board of directors has ultimate responsibility for the organisation and the executive management of Atlas Copco. All directors, other than the union appointees, are elected by resolution of a general meeting of shareholders.

The current board members' names, their age, the year of their respective initial election, their position and their independence is set out in the table below. In addition, the table below sets out their respective holdings of shares in Atlas Copco as at 31 December 2020:

	Born	Member since	Position / title	Independence to the Group and its management	Independence to major shareholders	Class A shares held as at 31 December 2020	Class B shares held as at 31 December 2020
Hans Stråberg.....	1957	2013	Chairman of the Board	Yes	No	–	25,000
Mikael Bergstedt.....	1960	2004	Board member	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Staffan Bohman.....	1949	2003	Board member	Yes	Yes	10,000	40,000
Tina Donikowski.....	1959	2017	Board member	Yes	Yes	–	–
Johan Forssell.....	1971	2008	Board member	Yes	No	–	11,000
Benny Larsson.....	1972	2018	Board member	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Anna Ohlsson-Leijon.....	1968	2020	Board member	Yes	Yes	–	–
Mats Rahmström.....	1965	2017	President and CEO	No	Yes	13,087	5,000
Gordon Riske.....	1957	2020	Board member	Yes	Yes	–	–
Peter Wallenberg Jr.....	1959	2012	Board member	Yes	No	166,667	–

The business address of each of the directors is Atlas Copco AB, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden.

Hans Stråberg holds an M.Sc. in Mechanical Engineering from the Chalmers University of Technology in Gothenburg, Sweden. He is the Chairman of the Boards of Directors of SKF AB, Roxtec AB, CTEK AB and Anocca AB. In addition, he is a member of the Boards of Directors of Investor AB and Mellby Gård AB. He is a member of The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. He was previously the President and CEO of Electrolux AB, and held various leading positions within the Electrolux Group, in Sweden and in the United States. He was also previously EU Co-Chair at TABD, Trans-Atlantic Business Dialogue. He has held his current position as Chairman since 2014 and was elected in 2013.

Mikael Bergstedt is the chair of union PTK at Atlas Copco, Sweden. He was elected in 2004.

Staffan Bohman holds a B.Sc. in Economics and Business Administration from the Stockholm School of Economics in Sweden and has completed the Stanford Executive Programme in the United States. He is the Chairman of the Boards of Directors of Electrolux AB, the German-Swedish Chamber of Commerce and The Research Institute of Industrial Economics. He is also a member of The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. He was previously the CEO of Sapa AB, Gränges AB and DeLaval AB. He was elected in 2003.

Tina Donikowski holds a B.Sc. in Industrial Management from Gannon University in the United States. She is a member of the Boards of Directors of CIRCOR International, Inc, TopBuild, Advanced Energy and Eriez Manufacturing Co. Previously, she held various positions with GE Transportation, such as the Vice President for the Global Locomotive Business, the Propulsion Business, the Six Sigma Quality Leader and the General Manager of the Aftermarket Sales and Service. She was elected in 2017.

Johan Forssell holds an M.Sc. in Economics and Business Administration from Stockholm School of Economics in Sweden. He is a member of the Boards of Directors of EQT AB, Investor AB, Patricia Industries AB, Wårtsilä Oyj Abp, Epiroc AB, Confederation of Swedish Enterprise and Stockholm School of Economics. He is President and CEO of Investor AB, where he previously has held the position of Managing Director and Head of Core Investments. He was also a member of the management group of Investor AB. He was elected in 2008.

Benny Larsson is the chair of the workshop club, Atlas Copco Tierp, IF Metall. He was elected in 2018.

Anna Ohlsson-Leijon holds a B.Sc. in Business Administration and Economics from Linköping University, Sweden. She is Head of Business Area Europe, Executive Vice President, AB Electrolux, where she previously held the various positions, such as Chief Financial Officer of Major Appliances EMEA and Head of Electrolux Corporate Control & Services. Previously, she was Chief Financial Officer of Kimoda and she has also held various positions within PricewaterhouseCoopers. She was elected 2020.

Mats Rahmström holds an MBA from the Henley Management College in the United Kingdom. He is the President and the CEO of Atlas Copco and a member of the Boards of Directors of the Association of Swedish Engineering Industries, Piab AB and Wärtsilä Oyj Abp. He is also a member of The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. He was previously the President of the Atlas Copco Tools and Assembly Systems General Industry division within the Industrial Technology business area and the Business Area President for the Industrial Technique business area. He was elected in 2017.

Gordon Riske has completed the MBA programme at GSBA, Zurich, Switzerland, in collaboration with the State University of New York, the United States, and holds a BBA from Oekreal School of Business, Zurich, Switzerland. He is a member of the Executive Board for the non-profit Hertie-Stiftung GmbH and a Non-Executive Director at Weichai Power Co., Ltd. He is the Chief Executive Officer of KION Group AG. Previously, he was the Chairman of the Management Board of Linde Material Handling GmbH, Chairman of the Management Board of Deutz AG, Managing Director of KUKA Roboter GmbH, and held various management positions at KUKA Schweißanlagen & Roboter GmbH and KUKA Welding Systems & Robot Corporation. He was elected in 2020.

Peter Wallenberg Jr holds a BSBA in Hotel Administration from the University of Denver in the United States and an International Bachaloria from the American School of Leysin in Switzerland. He is the Chairman of the Boards of Directors of Knut and Alice Wallenberg Foundation, Wallenberg Foundations AB and The Grand Group AB. He is also a member of the Boards of Directors of Scania AB and EQT Holdings AB. Previously, he was the President and the CEO of The Grand Hotel Holdings, General Manager of The Grand Hotel and President Hotel Division Stockholm-Saltsjön. He was elected in 2012.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between any duties of each of the members of the board of directors of Atlas Copco to Atlas Copco and their private interests and/or other duties.

Group Management

The current members of the Group Management, their year of birth, the year of their hire date and their position is set out in the table below. In addition, the table below sets out their respective holdings of shares in Atlas Copco as at 31 December 2020.

	Born	Employee since	Position / title	Class A shares held as at 31 December 2020	Class B shares held as at 31 December 2020
Mats Rahmström	1965	1988	President and CEO	13,087	5,000
Vagner Rego	1972	1996	Senior Executive Vice President and Business Area President Compressor Technique	3,013	–
Geert Follens	1959	1995	Senior Executive Vice President and Business Area President Vacuum Technique	4,698	–
Henrik Elmin.....	1970	2007	Senior Executive Vice President and Business Area President Industrial Technique	4,060	–
Andrew Walker.....	1961	1986	Senior Executive Vice President and Business Area President Power Technique	2,984	–
Gisela Lindstrand	1962	2018	Senior Vice President, Chief Communications Officer	1,368	–
Hans Ola Meyer	1955	1991	Senior Vice President, CFO	7,686	37,821
Håkan Osvald.....	1954	1985	Senior Vice President, Chief Legal Officer	6,989	2,600
Cecilia Sandberg	1968	2017	Senior Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer	2,105	–

The business address of each of the members of the Group Management is Atlas Copco AB, SE-105 23 Stockholm, Sweden.

Mats Rahmström, the President and the CEO of Atlas Copco, holds an MBA from the Henley Management College in the United Kingdom. He joined Atlas Copco in 1988 and has held positions in sales, service, marketing and general management within the Industrial Technique business area. Between 2006 and 2008, he was the President of the Atlas Copco Tools and Assembly Systems General Industry division within the Industrial Technique business area, and before he was appointed the President and CEO of Atlas Copco, he was the Business Area President for the Industrial Technique business area. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of Association of Swedish Engineering Industries, Piab AB

and Wäritsilä Oyj Abp. He is also a member of The Royal Swedish Academy of Engineering Sciences. He has held his current position since 2017.

Vagner Rego, the Senior Executive Vice President and the Business Area President for the Compressor Technique business area, holds a Mechanical Engineering from Mackenzie University and an MBA from the Ibmec Business School, both located in Brazil. He joined Atlas Copco in 1996. He has held positions in service, marketing and sales at Atlas Copco. In 2010, he became the Vice President Marketing and Sales for the Compressor Technique Service division based in Belgium. Before his position as the President for the Compressor Technique Service division between 2014 and 2016, he was the General Manager for the Construction Technique's customer centre in Brazil. He has held his current position since 2017.

Geert Follens, the Senior Executive Vice President and the Business Area President for Vacuum Technique, holds an M.Sc. in Electromechanical Engineering and a post-graduate degree in Business Economics from the University of Leuven, in Belgium. He joined Atlas Copco in 1995. He has held several positions in purchasing, supply chain and general management at Atlas Copco. He served as the General Manager of the Atlas Copco Compressor Technique customer centre in the United Kingdom. Prior to starting at his current position in 2017, Mr. Follens was first the President of the Portable Energy division and then the President of the Industrial Air division. He is also a member of the Board of Directors of SKF.

Henrik Elmin, the Senior Executive Vice President and the Business Area President for Industrial Technique, holds an M.Sc. in Mechanical Engineering from the Lund Institute of Technology in Sweden and an MBA from INSEAD in France. He joined Atlas Copco in 2007 as a General Manager for the Atlas Copco Tools Customer Center Nordic in the Industrial Technique business area. In 2012, he was appointed the President of the General Industry Tools and Assembly Systems division. Before his current position, he was the President of the Industrial Technique Service division. He has held his current position since 2017.

Andrew Walker, the Senior Executive Vice President and the Business Area President for Power Technique, holds an M.Sc. in Industrial Engineering and an MBA from University College Dublin in Ireland. He joined Atlas Copco in Ireland in 1986 and has since held various management positions in markets in which the Group operates, including the United Kingdom, Ireland, Belgium and the United States. Before his current position, Mr. Walker was the President of the Service division within the Compressor Technique business area. He has been in his current position since 2014.

Gisela Lindstrand, the Senior Vice President Corporate Communications and Governmental Affairs, holds a BA in Political Science, Macroeconomics and Cultural Geography from Uppsala University, Sweden. She joined Atlas Copco in 2018. She started her career in 1983 as a journalist. Between 1989 and 1996, she was a political adviser and press secretary to the Prime Minister of Sweden. In 1996, she took on a position as Information Director for SABO, a Swedish Association of Public Housing Companies. In 2001, she was appointed Press Relations Manager at NCC AB. Between 2004 and 2007, she was Government Affairs Director for Pfizer Inc. In 2007, she started her position as Senior Vice President Corporate Communications and Public Affairs at Securitas AB.

Hans Ola Meyer, the Senior Vice President Controlling and Finance and CFO, holds a B.Sc. in Economics and Business Administration from the Stockholm School of Economics, Sweden. He joined Atlas Copco in 1978 to work with Group accounting and controlling. Later he moved to Ecuador as Financial Manager. Between 1984 and 1991, he held various positions at the broker Penningmarknadsmäklarna in Sweden. He returned to Atlas Copco in 1991 as a Business Controller in Spain and, in 1993, he became the Senior Vice President, Finance, for Atlas Copco AB and a member of Group Management. He is also a member of the Boards of Directors of Upplands Motor Holding AB and Electrolux professional AB.

Håkan Osvald, the Senior Vice President General Counsel, holds a Master of Law degree from Uppsala University in Sweden. He joined Atlas Copco in 1985. He has been General Counsel for Atlas Copco North America Inc. and Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company in the United States. After that, he was appointed the Vice President Deputy General Counsel for the Atlas Copco Group, with a special responsibility for acquisitions. Prior to his current position, he was General Counsel Operations and as of 2012 has been Secretary of the Board of Directors for Atlas Copco AB. He is also the Chairman of ICC Sweden, reference group Competition and member of the Board of Directors of Sweden-China Trade Council.

Cecilia Sandberg, the Senior Vice President Human Resources, holds a B.Sc. in Human Resources and an M.Sc. in Sociology, both from Stockholm University in Sweden. She has held several positions in HR in the airline, pharmaceutical and medtech industries. Between 2007 and 2015, Cecilia Sandberg was the Vice President Human Resources for Atlas Copco's Industrial Technique business area. Before she started her current position in 2017, she was the Senior Vice President Human Resources at Permobil.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between any duties of each of the members of the Group Management to Atlas Copco and their private interests and/or other duties.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Audit Committee

The work of the audit committee is directed by the audit committee charter, which is reviewed and approved annually by the board of directors. The committee's primary task is to support the board of directors in fulfilling its responsibilities in the areas of audit and internal control, accounting, financial reporting and risk management as well as to supervise the financial structure and operations of the Group and approve financial guarantees, delegated by the board of directors. The audit committee work further includes reviewing internal audit procedures.

The current members of the audit committee are Staffan Bohman (chair), Johan Forssell, Anna Ohlsson-Leijon and Hans Stråberg.

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee's primary task is to propose to the board of directors the remuneration to the President and CEO and a long-term incentive plan for key employees. The goal with a long-term incentive plan is to align the interests of key personnel with those of the shareholders. The remuneration policy is reviewed annually and the annual general meeting held on 23 April 2020 approved the guidelines for remuneration.

The current members of the remuneration committee are Hans Stråberg (chair), Staffan Bohman and Peter Wallenberg Jr.

Nomination Committee

The nomination committee is a shareholders' committee responsible for nominating persons to be appointed to the board of directors at the annual general meeting. The nomination committee annually evaluates the work of the board of directors. Further to that, the nomination committee proposes the chair for the annual general meeting, prepares a proposal regarding number and names of members of the board of directors, including chair of the board of directors and a proposal for remuneration to the chair and other members of the board of directors not employed by Atlas Copco, as well as a proposal for remuneration for board committee work. Finally the nomination committee proposes an audit company including remuneration for the audit.

In compliance with the Swedish Corporate Governance Code and the procedures adopted by the annual general meeting, the representatives of the four largest shareholders listed in the shareholders' register as per the last day of August each year, together with the chair of the board of directors shall form the nomination committee. The members of the nomination committee for the annual general meeting held on 27 April 2021 were Petra Hedengran (chair), Investor AB, Jan Andersson, Swedbank Robur, Mikael Wiberg, Alecta, Helen Fasth Gillstedt, Handelsbanken Fonder AB and Hans Stråberg, Atlas Copco AB, Chair.

Principal Shareholders

Atlas Copco's authorised and issued share capital is SEK 786,008,190, which consists of 1,229,613,104 shares of which 839,394,096 are A shares and 390,219,008 are B shares. Each A share carries one vote and each B share carries one-tenth of a vote. Atlas Copco's largest shareholder is Investor AB, which holds 22.3 per cent. of the voting rights. To avoid any abuse of such control and to protect the minority shareholders, there are five independent members on the board of directors. In addition, under the Swedish Companies Act there are several provisions which protect minority shareholders such as the possibility to block resolutions (made in relation to the amendment of the articles of association, a decrease of the registered share capital, mergers and the issue of new shares) and a general provision which entitles shareholders to challenge the resolutions adopted by the board of directors if the resolution does not support the main principle that all shareholders should be treated equally. The A shares rank *pari passu* with the B shares with regard to rights of participation in Atlas Copco's assets and profits.

The following table sets forth, as at 31 December 2020, the 10 largest shareholders (by voting rights) of Atlas Copco that are registered directly or as a group with Euroclear Sweden, the Swedish central securities depository, the number of shares held by each such shareholder and the percentage of votes and percentage of capital represented by each shareholder.

	Number of shares owned	Percentage of votes	Percentage of capital
Identity of person or group	(per cent.)		
Investor AB	207,754,141	22.3	16.9
Swedbank Robur fonder	45,796,128	2.7	3.7
Alecta Pensionsförsäkring	50,184,516	2.3	4.1
Handelsbanken fonder	20,777,852	1.8	1.7
SEB Investment Management	15,168,210	1.6	1.2
Folksam	14,517,171	1.1	1.2
Första AP-fonden	12,581,527	1.0	1.0
SPP Fonder AB	9,839,053	0.8	0.8
Länsförsäkringar fondförvaltning AB	6,684,635	0.6	0.5
Nordea Investment Funds	7,114,582	0.6	0.6
Others	<u>839,195,289</u>	<u>65.2</u>	<u>68.3</u>
Total	1,229,613,104	<u>100.0</u>	<u>100.0</u>
of which held by Atlas Copco	<u>13,435,542</u>	1.5	1.1
Total, net of shares held by Atlas Copco	<u>1,216,177,562</u>		

Related Party Transactions

The Group has related party relationships with Atlas Copco's largest shareholder, its associates, joint ventures and with its members of the board of directors and the Group Management. Atlas Copco's largest shareholder, Investor AB, controls approximately 22 per cent. of the voting rights in Atlas Copco.

The Group has not had any transactions with Investor AB during the year other than dividends declared and redemption of shares and has no outstanding balances with Investor AB. Investor AB has controlling or significant influence in companies with which Atlas Copco may have transactions within the normal course of business. Any such transactions are made on commercial terms.

The Group sold various products and purchased goods through certain associated companies and joint ventures on terms generally similar to those prevailing with unrelated parties.

Additional details regarding the Group's transactions with related parties is set out in note 28 (*Related Parties*) of the Group's financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2020.

DESCRIPTION OF ATLAS COPCO FINANCE

Atlas Copco Finance is a designated activity company (limited by shares) incorporated under the laws of Ireland with the corporate registration number 605099 and is subject to the Irish Companies Act 2014, as amended. Its registered office is 8th Floor, Block E, Iveagh Court, Harcourt Road, Dublin 2, Ireland (telephone number: +353 (0) 870 406 7902). Atlas Copco Finance was incorporated in Ireland on 29 May 2017. Atlas Copco is the ultimate parent company of Atlas Copco Finance.

Atlas Copco Finance's principal trading activity is to be a financing provider to other companies within the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2020, Atlas Copco Finance had an average of eight employees. Atlas Copco Finance's profit for the financial year was EUR 139 million and EUR 123 million in 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Organisation and Operations

Atlas Copco Finance is an internal finance provider meeting the Group companies' needs in the areas of funding, currency exchange and hedging, deposits, cash pool administration, guarantees, cash management development, funds transfers, and settlement of intra-group invoices.

The Board of Directors

Atlas Copco Finance's board of directors consists of five directors.

As at the date of this Base Prospectus, the members of the board of directors of Atlas Copco Finance are:

Name	Position	Principal activities
Martina Todorova.....	Director	Internal Bank Manager, Atlas Copco Finance DAC
Derek O'Reilly.....	Director	Managing Director, Centralis Ireland Limited
Alex Bongaerts.....	Director	Holding BeNeLux France UK Ireland, VP Finance and Administration, Atlas Copco Airpower NV
Kenneth Lagerborg.....	Director	Group Treasurer, Atlas Copco AB
Brian Culligan.....	Director	Director, Centralis Ireland Limited

The business address of each of the directors of Atlas Copco Finance is 8th Floor, Block E, Iveagh Court, Harcourt Road, Dublin 2, Ireland.

There are no potential conflicts of interest between any duties of each of the members of the board of directors of Atlas Copco Finance to Atlas Copco Finance and their private interests and/or other duties.

Company Secretary

The company secretary of Atlas Copco Finance is Centralis Ireland Limited.

Shareholders

Atlas Copco Finance is a direct wholly owned subsidiary of Atlas Copco. The issued share capital of Atlas Copco Finance is EUR 5,164,631,001, consisting of 5,164,631,001 ordinary shares. The rights of Atlas Copco as a shareholder in Atlas Copco Finance are contained in the articles of association of Atlas Copco Finance. Atlas Copco Finance is managed in accordance with those articles and with the provisions of Irish law.

TAXATION

The following is a general description of certain EU, Swedish and Irish tax considerations relating to the Notes. It does not purport to be a complete analysis of all tax considerations relating to the Notes, whether in those countries or elsewhere. Prospective purchasers of Notes should consult their own tax advisers as to which countries' tax laws could be relevant to acquiring, holding and disposing of Notes and receiving payments of interest, principal and/or other amounts under the Notes and the consequences of such actions under the tax laws of those countries. This summary is based upon the law as in effect on the date of this Base Prospectus and is subject to any change in law that may take effect after such date.

The Proposed Financial Transaction Tax (“FTT”)

On 14 February 2013, the European Commission published a proposal (the “**Commission’s Proposal**”) for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the “**participating Member States**”). However, Estonia has since stated that it will not participate.

The Commission’s Proposal has very broad scope and could, if introduced, apply to certain dealings in the Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. Primary market transactions referred to in Article 5(c) of Regulation (EC) No 1287/2006 are expected to be exempt.

Under the Commission’s Proposal the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in the Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, “established” in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

However, the FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between participating Member States. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate.

Prospective holders of the Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

FATCA

Pursuant to certain provisions of the Code, commonly known as FATCA, a “foreign financial institution” may be required to withhold on certain payments it makes (“**foreign passthru payments**”) to persons that fail to meet certain certification, reporting, or related requirements. Neither of the Issuers nor the Guarantor is a foreign financial institution for these purposes. A number of jurisdictions (including the jurisdiction of each of the Issuer and the Guarantor) have entered into, or have agreed in substance to, intergovernmental agreements with the United States to implement FATCA (“**IGAs**”), which modify the way in which FATCA applies in their jurisdictions. Under the provisions of IGAs as currently in effect, a foreign financial institution in an IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA from payments that it makes. Certain aspects of the application of the FATCA provisions and IGAs to instruments such as the Notes, including whether withholding would ever be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, are uncertain and may be subject to change. Even if withholding would be required pursuant to FATCA or an IGA with respect to payments on instruments such as the Notes, such withholding would not apply prior to the date that is two years after the date on which final regulations defining foreign passthru payments are published in the U.S. Federal Register and Notes issued on or prior to the date that is six months after the date on which final regulations defining “foreign passthru payments” are published generally would be “grandfathered” for purposes of FATCA withholding unless materially modified after such date (including by reason of a substitution of the relevant Issuer). However, if additional notes (as described under “*Terms and Conditions—Further Issues*”) that are not distinguishable from previously issued Notes are issued after the expiration of the grandfathering period and are subject to withholding under FATCA, then withholding agents may treat all Notes, including the Notes offered prior to the expiration of the grandfathering period, as subject to withholding under FATCA. Holders should consult their own tax advisors regarding how these rules may apply to their investment in the Notes.

Swedish Taxation

The following summary outlines certain Swedish tax consequences relating to Noteholders that, unless otherwise stated, are not considered to be tax resident for Swedish tax purposes. The summary is based on the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden as currently in effect and is intended to provide general information only. The summary does not address the rules regarding obligations for, among others, payers of interest. Investors should consult their professional tax advisors regarding the Swedish tax and other tax consequences (including the applicability and effect of double taxation treaties) of acquiring, owning and disposing of Notes in their particular circumstances.

Holders Not Resident in Sweden

Payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to the holder of any Notes should not be subject to Swedish income or other tax, provided that such holder is not resident in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes and provided that such holder does not have a permanent establishment in Sweden to which any Notes are effectively connected.

For Noteholders that are private individuals or corporations that are not resident in Sweden, Atlas Copco will not have an obligation to withhold any interest payable under any Notes. This is because Swedish withholding tax, or Swedish tax deduction is not imposed on payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to a holder, except for payments of interest to a private individual (or an estate of a deceased individual) with residence in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes. No deduction or withholding of tax is required under the laws of Sweden from any payment (except for payments to Swedish tax resident individuals or Swedish estates of deceased Swedish tax resident individuals) that Atlas Copco may be required to make under the terms of the Agreements.

Capital gains on disposal of Notes will not be subject to Swedish income or other tax provided that the holder is not tax resident in Sweden and provided that the holder does not have a permanent establishment in Sweden to which any Notes are effectively connected.

For private individuals (and estates of deceased individuals), Atlas Copco is obliged to file an Annual Statement of Income and Tax Deductions (Sw: *kontrolluppgift*) to the Swedish tax agency. Additionally, if Atlas Copco makes a total payment exceeding SEK 150,000 to the holder of any Notes, the Swedish bank or financial institution transferring the amount will have an obligation to notify the Swedish tax agency about the amount transferred.

Holders Resident in Sweden

Generally, for Swedish corporations and private individuals (and estates of deceased individuals) with residence in Sweden for Swedish tax purposes, all capital income (*e.g.* income that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes and capital gains on Notes) will be taxable. Specific tax consequences, however, may be applicable to certain categories of corporations, such as investment companies and life insurance companies.

For resident private individuals (and estates of deceased individuals), Atlas Copco will have an obligation to withhold tax on the interest paid to the holder of any Notes. Atlas Copco is obliged to file an Annual Statement of Income and Tax Deductions to the Swedish tax agency.

Irish Taxation

The following is a summary of the principal Irish tax consequences for individuals and companies of ownership of the Notes based on the laws and practice of the Irish Revenue Commissioners currently in force in Ireland and may be subject to change. It deals with Noteholders who beneficially own their Notes as an investment. Particular rules not discussed below may apply to certain classes of taxpayers holding Notes, such as dealers in securities, trusts etc. The summary does not constitute tax or legal advice and the comments below are of a general nature only. Prospective investors in the Notes should consult their professional advisers on the tax implications of the purchase, holding, redemption or sale of the Notes and the receipt of interest thereon under the laws of their country of residence, citizenship or domicile.

Withholding Tax

Withholding Tax – Atlas Copco

For any Notes issued by Atlas Copco, in general tax at the standard rate of income tax (currently 20 per cent.) is required to be withheld from payments of Irish source interest. Atlas Copco will not be obliged to withhold Irish income tax from payments of interest on the Notes so long as such payments do not constitute Irish source income. Interest paid on the Notes may be treated as having an Irish source if:

- (a) Atlas Copco is resident in Ireland for tax purposes; or
- (b) Atlas Copco has a branch or permanent establishment in Ireland, the assets or income of which are used to fund the payments on the Notes; or
- (c) Atlas Copco is not resident in Ireland for tax purposes, but the register for the Notes is maintained in Ireland or (if the Notes are in bearer form) the Notes are physically held in Ireland.

It is anticipated that: (i) Atlas Copco is not and will not be resident in Ireland for tax purposes; (ii) Atlas Copco does not and will not have a branch or permanent establishment in Ireland; and (iii) bearer Notes will not be physically located in Ireland and Atlas Copco will not maintain a register of any registered Notes in Ireland.

For any Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance, in general tax at the standard rate of income tax (currently 20 per cent.) is required to be withheld from payments of Irish source interest which should include interest payable on those Notes. Atlas Copco Finance will not be obliged to make a withholding or deduction for or on account of Irish income tax from a payment of interest where the interest falls within one of the following categories and meets the relevant conditions:

(a) **Interest paid on a quoted Eurobond:**

A quoted Eurobond is a security which is issued by a company (such as Atlas Copco Finance), is listed on a recognised stock exchange (such as Euronext Dublin) and carries a right to interest. Provided that the Notes issued under this Programme carry an amount in respect of interest and are listed on Euronext Dublin (or any other recognised stock exchange), interest paid on them can be paid free of withholding tax provided the person by or through whom the payment is made is not in Ireland, or if such person is in Ireland, either:

- (A) the Notes are held in a clearing system recognised by the Irish Revenue Commissioners; (DTC, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg are, amongst others, so recognised); or
- (B) the Noteholder is not resident in Ireland and has made a declaration to a relevant person (such as a paying agent located in Ireland) in the prescribed form.

Thus, so long as the Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance continue to be quoted on Euronext Dublin and are held in Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, interest on the Notes can be paid by any paying agent acting on behalf of Atlas Copco Finance without any withholding or deduction for or on account of Irish income tax. If the Notes continue to be quoted but cease to be held in a recognised clearing system, interest on the Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance may be paid without any withholding or deduction for or on account of Irish income tax provided such payment is made through a paying agent outside Ireland.

Interest or other distributions paid out on the Notes which are profit dependent or any part of which exceeds a reasonable commercial return could, under certain anti-avoidance provisions, be re-characterised as a non-deductible distribution and so be subject to dividend withholding tax in certain circumstances. However, this should not apply on the basis of a confirmation by Atlas Copco Finance that, at the time the Notes were issued, Atlas Copco Finance was not in possession or aware of any information, including information about any arrangement or understanding in relation to ownership of the Notes after that time, which could reasonably be taken to indicate that interest or other distributions paid on the Notes would not be subject, without reduction computed by reference to the amount of such interest or other distribution, to a tax in a relevant territory which generally applies to profits, income or gains received in that relevant territory by persons from sources outside that relevant territory, where the term “relevant territory” means a member state of the European Union (other than Ireland) or a country with which Ireland has signed a double tax treaty.

(b) **Short interest:**

Short interest is interest payable on a debt for a fixed period that is not intended to exceed and, in fact, does not exceed, 364 days. The test is a commercial test applied to the commercial intent of each series of Notes issued under the Programme. For example, if there is an arrangement or understanding (whether legally binding or not) for the relevant series of Notes (or particular Note within a series) to have a life of 365 days or more, the interest paid on the relevant Note(s) will not be short interest and, unless an exemption applies, a withholding will arise. Short interest paid on the Notes can be paid free of withholding tax.

(c) **Interest paid on a wholesale debt instrument:**

A “wholesale debt instrument” includes commercial paper (as defined in Section 246A(1) of the TCA). In that context “commercial paper” means a debt instrument, either in physical or electronic form, relating to money in any currency, which is issued by a company, recognises an obligation to pay a stated amount, carries a right to interest or is issued at a discount or at a premium, and matures within 2 years. The exemption from Irish withholding tax applies if:

- (i) the wholesale debt instrument is held in a recognised clearing system (which includes Clearstream, DTC and Euroclear); and
- (ii) the wholesale debt instrument is of an approved denomination; and in this context an approved denomination means a denomination of not less than:
 - (A) in the case of an instrument denominated in euro, EUR 500,000;
 - (B) in the case of an instrument denominated in U.S. dollars, U.S.\$ 500,000; or

- (C) in the case of an instrument denominated in a currency other than euro or U.S. dollars, the equivalent in that other currency of EUR 500,000 (using the conversion rate applicable at the time the programme under which the instrument is to be issued is first publicised).

Discounts paid on the Notes will not be subject to Irish withholding tax.

Encashment Tax

Irish tax will be required to be withheld at the standard rate of income tax (currently 25 per cent.) from interest on any Note, where such interest is collected or realised by a bank or encashment agent in Ireland on behalf of any Noteholder.

Encashment tax will not apply where (i) the holder of the Notes is not resident in Ireland and has made a declaration in the prescribed form to the encashment agent or bank or (ii) the beneficial owner of the interest is a company which is within the charge to Irish corporation tax in respect of the interest.

Stamp Duty

Issuance of Notes

No stamp duty or similar tax is imposed in Ireland on the issue, transfer or redemption of the Notes issued by Atlas Copco Finance provided Atlas Copco Finance is a qualifying company for the purposes of Section 110 of the TCA and the proceeds of the Notes are used in the course of the Atlas Copco Finance's business. No stamp duty or similar tax is imposed in Ireland on the issue, transfer or redemption for cash of the Notes issued by Atlas Copco.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

Notes may be sold from time to time by the relevant Issuer to any one or more of Bank of China Limited, London Branch, BNP Paribas, Citigroup Global Markets Europe AG, Citigroup Global Markets Limited, Danske Bank A/S, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch, Nordea Bank Abp, Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB (publ) and Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) (the “**Dealers**”). The arrangements under which Notes may from time to time be agreed to be sold by the relevant Issuer to, and purchased by, Dealers are set out in a Dealer Agreement dated 23 July 2021 (the “**Dealer Agreement**”) and made between the Issuers, the Guarantor and the Dealers. Any such agreement will, *inter alia*, make provision for the form and terms and conditions of the relevant Notes, the price at which such Notes will be purchased by the Dealers and the commissions or other agreed deductibles (if any) payable or allowable by the relevant Issuer in respect of such purchase. The Dealer Agreement makes provision for the resignation or termination of appointment of existing Dealers and for the appointment of additional or other Dealers either generally in respect of the Programme or in relation to a particular Tranche of Notes.

United States of America: *Regulation S Category 2; TEFRA D or TEFRA C as specified in the relevant Final Terms or neither if TEFRA is specified as not applicable in the relevant Final Terms.*

The Notes and the Guarantee of the Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act or the securities laws of any state or other jurisdiction of the United States and the Notes may not be offered or sold within the United States or, if Category 2 is specified in the Final Terms to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions in reliance on Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. tax regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the United States Internal Revenue Code and regulations thereunder.

If Category 2 is specified in the Final Terms each Dealer has agreed that, except as permitted by the Dealer Agreement, it will not offer, sell or deliver Notes, (i) as part of their distribution at any time or (ii) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of the Notes comprising the relevant Tranche, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in accordance with Regulation S, and that such Dealer will have sent to each dealer to which it sells Notes during the distribution compliance period relating thereto a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of Notes comprising any Tranche, an offer or sale of Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S.

Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors

Unless the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by the Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to any retail investor in the EEA. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the Insurance Distribution Directive, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of EU MiFID II; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in the EU Prospectus Regulation; and
- (b) the expression an “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes.

If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to EEA Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, in relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the final terms

in relation thereto to the public in that Member State except that it may, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the EU Prospectus Regulation;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in the EU Prospectus Regulation) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the relevant Issuer for any such offer; or
- (c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 1(4) of the EU Prospectus Regulation,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the relevant Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the EU Prospectus Regulation or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the EU Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- 1. the expression “**an offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes in any Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes; and
- 2. the expression “**EU Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129.

United Kingdom

Prohibition of sales to UK Retail Investors

Unless the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression “**retail investor**” means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
 - (i) a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the FSMA and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
 - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation; and
- (b) the expression an “**offer**” includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes.

If the Final Terms in respect of any Notes specifies “Prohibition of Sales to UK Retail Investors” as “Not Applicable”, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Base Prospectus as completed by the Final Terms in relation thereto to the public in the United Kingdom except that it may make an offer of such Notes to the public in the United Kingdom:

- (A) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation;
- (B) at any time to fewer than 150 natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors as defined in Article 2 of the UK Prospectus Regulation) in the United Kingdom subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or
- (C) at any time in any other circumstances falling within section 86 of the FSMA,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (A) to (C) above shall require the relevant Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to section 85 of the FSMA or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 23 of the UK Prospectus Regulation.

For the purposes of this provision:

- the expression “**an offer of Notes to the public**” in relation to any Notes means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Notes; and
- the expression “**UK Prospectus Regulation**” means Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of UK domestic law by virtue of the EUWA.

Other regulatory restrictions

Each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed that:

- (a) ***No deposit taking***: in relation to any Notes having a maturity of less than one year:
- (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and
 - (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Notes other than to persons:
 - (A) whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses; or
 - (B) who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or as agent) for the purposes of their businesses,where the issue of the Notes would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the relevant Issuer;
- (b) ***Financial promotion***: it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the relevant Issuer; and
- (c) ***General compliance***: it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Kingdom of Sweden

Each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not, directly or indirectly, offer for subscription or purchase or issue invitations to subscribe for or buy Notes or distribute any draft or definite document in relation to any such offer, invitation or sale in the Kingdom of Sweden except in circumstances that will not result in a requirement to prepare a prospectus pursuant to the provisions of the Prospectus Regulation.

Ireland

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the European Union (Markets in Financial Instruments) Regulations 2017 (as amended, the “**MiFID II Regulations**”), including, without limitation, Regulation 5 (Requirement for authorisation (and certain provisions concerning MTFs and OTFs)) thereof, or any codes of conduct made under the MiFID II Regulations, and the provisions of the Investor Compensation Act 1998 (as amended);
- (b) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Irish Companies Act, the Central Bank Acts 1942–2018 (as amended) and any codes of practice made under Section 117(1) of the Central Bank Act 1989 (as amended);
- (c) it will not underwrite the issue of, or place, or do anything in Ireland in respect of, the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the EU Prospectus Regulation, the European Union (Prospectus) Regulations 2019 and any rules and guidance issued by the Central Bank under Section 1363 of the Irish Companies Act; and
- (d) it will not underwrite the issue of, place or otherwise act in Ireland in respect of, the Notes otherwise than in conformity with the provisions of the Market Abuse Regulation (EU 596/2014) (as amended), the European Union

(Market Abuse) Regulations 2016 (as amended) and any rules and guidance issued by the Central Bank under Section 1370 of the Irish Companies Act.

Belgium

Other than in respect of Notes for which “Prohibition of Sales to Belgian Consumers” is specified as “Not Applicable” in the relevant Final Terms, each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that an offering of Notes may not be advertised to any individual in Belgium qualifying as a consumer within the meaning of Article I.1 of the Belgian Code of Economic Law, as amended from time to time (a “**Belgian Consumer**”) and that it has not offered, sold or resold, transferred or delivered, and will not offer, sell, resell, transfer or deliver, the Notes, and that it has not distributed, and will not distribute, any prospectus, memorandum, information circular, brochure or any similar documents in relation to the Notes, directly or indirectly, to any Belgian Consumer.

Singapore

Each Dealer has acknowledged, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to acknowledge, that this Base Prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent, warrant and agree, that it has not offered or sold any Notes or caused the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase and will not offer or sell any Notes or cause the Notes to be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, and has not circulated or distributed, nor will it circulate or distribute, this Base Prospectus or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the Notes, whether directly or indirectly, to any person in Singapore other than (i) to an institutional investor (as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) of Singapore, as modified or amended from time to time (the “**SFA**”)) pursuant to Section 274 of the SFA, (ii) to a relevant person (as defined in Section 275(2) of the SFA) pursuant to Section 275(1) of the SFA, or any person pursuant to Section 275(1A) of the SFA, and in accordance with the conditions specified in Section 275 of the SFA, or (iii) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

Where the Notes are subscribed or purchased under Section 275 of the SFA by a relevant person which is:

- (a) a corporation (which is not an accredited investor (as defined in Section 4A of the SFA)) the sole business of which is to hold investments and the entire share capital of which is owned by one or more individuals, each of whom is an accredited investor; or
- (b) a trust (where the trustee is not an accredited investor) whose sole purpose is to hold investments and each beneficiary of the trust is an individual who is an accredited investor,

securities or securities-based derivatives contracts (each term as defined in Section 2(1) of the SFA) of that corporation or the beneficiaries’ rights and interest (howsoever described) in that trust shall not be transferred within six months after that corporation or that trust has acquired the Notes pursuant to an offer made under Section 275 of the SFA except:

- (i) to an institutional investor or to a relevant person, or to any person arising from an offer referred to in Section 275(1A) or Section 276(4)(i)(B) of the SFA;
- (ii) where no consideration is or will be given for the transfer;
- (iii) where the transfer is by operation of law;
- (iv) as specified in Section 276(7) of the SFA; or
- (v) as specified in Regulation 37A of the Securities and Futures (Offers of Investments) (Securities and Securities-based Derivatives Contracts) Regulations 2018.

General

Each Dealer has represented, warranted and agreed that so far as it is aware, it has complied and will comply to the best of its knowledge with all applicable laws and regulations in each country or jurisdiction in or from which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or possesses, distributes or publishes this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms or any related offering material, in all cases at its own expense. Other persons into whose hands this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms comes are required by each of the Issuers, the Guarantor and the Dealers to comply with all applicable laws and regulations in each country or jurisdiction in or from which they purchase, offer, sell or deliver Notes or possess, distribute or publish this Base Prospectus or any Final Terms or any related offering material, in all cases at their own expense.

The Dealer Agreement provides that the Dealers shall not be bound by any of the restrictions relating to any specific jurisdiction (set out above) to the extent that such restrictions shall, as a result of change(s) or change(s) in official interpretation, after the date hereof, of applicable laws and regulations, no longer be applicable but without prejudice to the obligations of the Dealers described in the paragraph above.

Selling restrictions may be supplemented or modified with the agreement of the Issuers and the Guarantor. Any such supplement or modification may be set out in the relevant Final Terms (in the case of a supplement or modification relevant only to a particular Tranche of Notes) or in a supplement to this Base Prospectus.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

1. The establishment of the Programme, the annual updates thereof, the issue of Notes and (in the case of Guaranteed Notes) the giving of the Guarantee have been authorised by resolutions of the Board of Directors of Atlas Copco passed on 26 April 2007 and 27 April 2021. The participation in the Programme of Atlas Copco Finance as an Issuer, and the annual update of the Programme, was duly authorised by resolutions of Atlas Copco Finance passed on 5 July 2019 and 14 July 2021, respectively. The Issuers and the Guarantor have obtained or will obtain from time to time all necessary consents, approvals and authorisations in connection with the issue and performance of the Notes.

Legal and Arbitration Proceedings

2. Except as disclosed on page 74 of this Base Prospectus, there are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings, (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened, of which the Issuers or the Guarantor are aware), which may have, or have had during the 12 months prior to the date of this Base Prospectus, a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of the Issuers, the Guarantor and their respective Subsidiaries.

Significant/Material Change

3. Since 31 December 2020, there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of Atlas Copco or Atlas Copco and its Subsidiaries and, since 30 June 2021, there has been no significant change in the financial performance or financial position of Atlas Copco or Atlas Copco and its Subsidiaries.

Since 31 December 2020, there has been no material adverse change in the prospects of Atlas Copco Finance and there has been no significant change in the financial performance or financial position of Atlas Copco Finance.

Auditors of the Issuers

4. The consolidated financial statements of Atlas Copco have been audited without qualification for the year ended 31 December 2020 by Ernst & Young AB (“**Ernst & Young**”), Hamngatan 26, SE 111 47 Stockholm, Sweden, Swedish authorized public accountants. Ernst & Young is a member of FAR (the Swedish Institute of Authorised Public Accountants). The consolidated financial statements of Atlas Copco have been audited without qualification for the year ended 31 December 2019 by Deloitte AB (“**Deloitte**”), Rehnsgatan 11, SE 113 70 Stockholm, Sweden, Swedish authorised public accountants. Deloitte is a member of FAR (the Swedish Institute of Authorised Public Accountants).

The financial statements of Atlas Copco Finance have been audited without qualification for the year ended 31 December 2020 by Ernst & Young Chartered Accountants (“**Ernst & Young Ireland**”), Harcourt Centre, Harcourt Street Dublin 2, Ireland. Ernst & Young Ireland is registered by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. The financial statements of Atlas Copco Finance have been audited without qualification for the years ended 31 December 2019, by Deloitte Ireland LLP (“**Deloitte Ireland**”), 29 Earlsfort Terrace, Dublin 2, D02AY28, Ireland. Deloitte Ireland is registered by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland.

Documents on Display

5. Electronic copies of the following documents will, when published, be available for inspection for the period of twelve months from the date of this Base Prospectus:
 - (a) the certificate of registration and articles of association of each of Atlas Copco (together with English translations thereof) and Atlas Copco Finance;
 - (b) the Agency Agreement;
 - (c) the Deed of Covenant;
 - (d) the Deed of Guarantee; and
 - (e) the Programme Manual (which contains the forms of the Global Notes and the Definitive Notes).

The translation of the certificate of registration and articles of association of Atlas Copco are direct translations of the original documents and are true and accurate translations, however, in the event of any discrepancy, the original foreign language version of the document will govern.

The certificate of registration and articles of association of Atlas Copco Finance are available on Euronext Dublin's website at <https://live.euronext.com/en/product/bonds-detail/23102/documents>.

The documents listed above in paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) are available on the Atlas Copco Group website at <https://www.atlascopcogroup.com/en/investor-relations/atlas-copco-debt>.

Material Contracts

6. None of the Issuers, the Guarantor nor their respective subsidiaries are party to any material contracts outside the ordinary course of their business which could result in them being under an obligation or entitlement that is material to their ability to make payments under any Notes.

Clearing of the Notes

7. The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg. The appropriate Common Code and the International Securities Identification Number in relation to the Notes of each Tranche will be specified in the relevant Final Terms. The relevant Final Terms shall specify any other clearing system as shall have accepted the relevant Notes for clearance together with any further appropriate information.

Passporting

8. The Issuers may, after the date of this Base Prospectus, make applications for one or more certificates of approval under Article 25 of the EU Prospectus Regulation as implemented in Ireland to be issued by Euronext Dublin to the competent authority in any Member State.
9. The Issuers do not intend to provide post issuance information.

Listing

10. It is expected that each Tranche of Notes which is to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin will be admitted separately as and when issued, subject only to the issue of one or more Global Notes initially representing the Notes of such Tranche. Application has been made to Euronext Dublin for Notes issued under the Programme during the period of twelve months from the date of this Base Prospectus to be admitted to the Official List of Euronext Dublin and trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin. The approval of the Programme in respect of the Notes was granted on or about 23 July 2021.

Listing Agent

11. Arthur Cox Listing Services Limited is acting solely in its capacity as listing agent for the Issuers in connection with the Notes and is not itself seeking admission of the Notes to the Official List of Euronext Dublin or to trading on the regulated market of Euronext Dublin for the purposes of the EU Prospectus Regulation.

Language

12. The language of the Base Prospectus is English. Certain legislative references and technical terms have been cited in their original language in order that the correct technical meaning may be ascribed to them under applicable law.

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